

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.8324, -10.6785,  
-18.9089)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(18.8324, -10.6785,  
-18.9089) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.4534, -4.6543,  
-15.5176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003E5A
RGB	0, 62, 90
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 35%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7569, 0.6471
CMYK	1.00, 0.31, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	199°, 100%, 18%
HSV	199°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	3.5681, 4.1834, 10.2922
YIQ	46.6540, -45.9400, -4.4360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

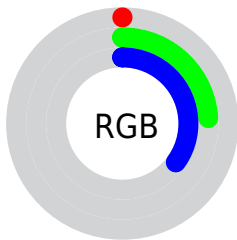
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 37, 90
Decimal	15962
CIELab	24.27, -6.15, -21.68
CIELCh	24, 22.533, 254.151
Yxy	4.1836, 0.1978, 0.2319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278206042 (0xFF003E5A)
YUV	46.6540, 21.3696, -40.9156
Hunter-Lab	20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176

# Details

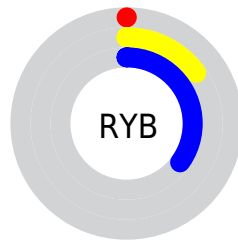
The HunterLab color **20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **17.3337, 17.3653, 10.9841**, and the grayscale version is **16.6887, -0.8905, 0.9067**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3105, -6.3684, -16.5480**, and **8.2593, 0.7779, -12.0027** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4529, -4.6535, -15.5188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.3403, -5.2501, -13.8165**.

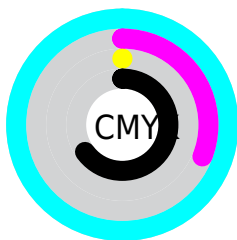
# Distribution



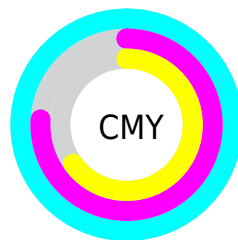
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.4534, -4.6543,  
-15.5176

■ 20.4534, -4.6543,  
-15.5176

■ 119.0079,  
-12.9223, -17.9821

■ 13.3295, -3.7634,  
-15.0671

■ 37.4504, -6.4095,  
-16.4672

■ 6.8748, -4.2677,  
-16.4975

■ 47.1477, -7.2954,  
-16.8681

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.5621, -8.1933,  
-17.2054

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.6471, -9.1056,  
-17.4787

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.3645, -10.0339,  
-17.6902

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.6818, -10.9791,

-17.8426

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.5710,  
-11.9418, -17.9389

■ 20.4534, -4.6543,  
-15.5176

■ 20.4534, -4.6543,  
-15.5176

■ 20.4529, -4.6535,  
-15.5188

■ 21.3403, -5.2501,  
-13.8165

■ 22.2554, -5.7567,  
-12.1565

■ 23.2422, -6.0138,  
-10.4588

■ 24.3002, -6.0242,  
-8.7327

■ 25.4271, -5.7987,  
-6.9884

■ 26.6198, -5.3525,  
-5.2351

■ 27.8747, -4.7025,  
-3.4805

■ 29.1882, -3.8664,  
-1.7306

■ 30.5567, -2.8618,  
0.0102

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4537, -9.9142, -10.0186



20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176



20.4537, 2.3176, -15.6873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.4537, -4.6541, -15.5172



20.4537, 13.7310, 4.0136



20.4537, -9.6806, 8.3565

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176



17.3337, 17.3653, 10.9841

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4537, -4.2928, 10.0679



20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176



20.4537, 9.5357, 8.1965

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.4537, -4.6541, -15.5172



20.4537, 13.5997, -2.7181



20.4537, 2.7309, 10.0214



20.4537, -12.5374, 4.3224



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176



20.4537, 7.0607, -12.6393



20.4537, 2.7309, 10.0214



20.4537, -8.1398, 9.1509

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.4537, -4.6541, -15.5172



36.7026, -6.3154, -4.8311



27.1874, -22.2733, 14.1008



17.8288, -3.2241, -2.6726



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.4537, -4.6541, -15.5172



26.7342, -5.6793, -21.1554



10.8216, 15.0743, -46.0644



15.8462, -1.4123, 0.1071



24.9461, -5.3892, -19.5467



56.9624, -10.4694, -48.5976



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.8797, 29.3818, -6.7170



20.9616, 38.7173, -8.3157



26.0934, -0.9656, 16.0612



15.3992, 0.7490, 0.1474



19.5139, 36.0590, -7.8618



45.4838, 83.7348, -15.8987



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

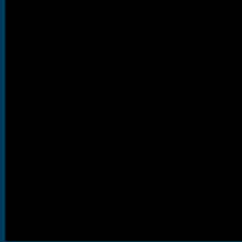
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176.

-15.5176.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176

### Protanopia

20.6182, 2.0926, -12.5757

### Deuteranopia

20.6225, 1.2669, -15.7260



**Tritanopia**

20.5189, -10.1193, -3.8022

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176

## Protanomaly

20.2666, -1.5632, -13.9179

## Deuteranomaly

20.2555, -1.2701, -16.5119

## Tritanomaly

20.5003, -8.2480, -7.8186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176

## Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

## Achromatomaly

17.5809, -3.7532, -5.0916

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 62, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 62, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 62, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 62, 90) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 62, 90) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 62, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 62, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 62, 90); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 62, 90); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 62, 90) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.4534, -4.6543, -15.5176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 62, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 62,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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