

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.8373, 50.5414,
-129.5468)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.8373, 50.5414,
-129.5468) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.8739, 50.6574,
-129.9362)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F00B8
RGB	15, 0, 184
RGB Percent	6%, 0%, 72%
CMY	0.9411, 1.0000, 0.2784
CMYK	0.92, 1.00, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	245°, 100%, 36%
HSV	245°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	8.8487, 3.5622, 45.5686
YIQ	25.4610, -50.1240, 60.4040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

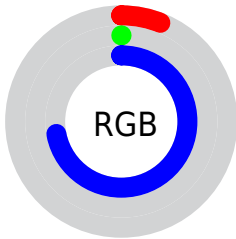
Format	Color
RYB	15, 0, 184
Decimal	983224
CIELab	22.17, 62.10, -83.79
CIELCh	22, 104.293, 306.541
Yxy	3.5625, 0.1526, 0.0614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279173304 (0xFF0F00B8)
YUV	25.4610, 78.1597, -9.1743
Hunter-Lab	18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362

Details

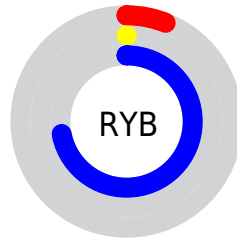
The HunterLab color **18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. A complement of this color would be **65.3553, -22.8840, 39.8710**, and the grayscale version is **9.7833, -0.5220, 0.5315**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.6249, 54.9264, -116.8937**, and **12.5896, 34.1493, -89.4544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8746, 50.6580, -129.9314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5238, 46.4279, -117.5423**.

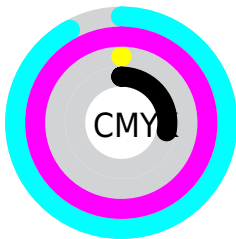
Distribution



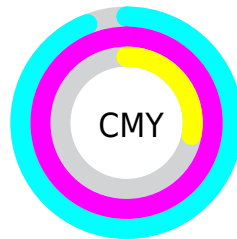
- Red (6%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.8739, 50.6574,
-129.9362

■ 18.8739, 50.6574,
-129.9362

■ 116.1413, 67.9882,
-115.3958

■ 11.9665, 49.1560,
-147.9900

■ 35.5098, 54.8659,
-116.8999

■ 4.9001, 68.1006,
-247.8017

■ 45.0497, 57.0123,
-114.6320

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 55.3176, 59.0852,
-113.5897

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 66.2652, 61.0639,
-113.2892

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 77.8527, 62.9424,
-113.4567

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 90.0464, 64.7205,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-113.9273

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.8176, 66.4011,
-114.5966

■ 18.8739, 50.6574,
-129.9362

■ 18.8739, 50.6574,
-129.9362

■ 18.8746, 50.6580,
-129.9314

■ 20.5238, 46.4279,
-117.5423

■ 23.2808, 40.2643,
-100.4374

■ 27.1305, 33.1534,
-81.8027

■ 31.8224, 26.2479,
-64.4212

■ 37.1439, 19.9657,
-49.1474

■ 42.9422, 14.3383,
-35.8992

■ 49.1124, 9.2680,
-24.3198

■ 55.5824, 4.6371,
-14.0416

■ 62.3014, 0.3434,
-4.7597

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.8746, 6.4422, -194.7026



18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362



18.8746, 93.6409, -39.6438

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8746, 50.6580, -129.9314



18.8746, 29.8677, 13.2122



18.8746, -33.0305, -6.8349

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362



65.3553, -22.8840, 39.8710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.8746, -33.0305, 13.2122



18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362



18.8746, -7.4565, 13.2122

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8746, 50.6580, -129.9314



18.8746, 77.0695, 13.2122



18.8746, -25.3058, 13.2122



18.8746, -30.3147, -76.2477

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362



18.8746, 106.3566, -2.8126



18.8746, -25.3058, 13.2122



18.8746, -33.0305, 4.1990

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8746, 50.6580, -129.9314



65.6972, 12.8056, -33.4810



57.3275, -27.6072, -12.0583



28.8691, 7.2402, -18.4800



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8746, 50.6580, -129.9314



25.3333, 68.1470, -175.5881



25.3372, 57.0489, -89.5034



29.5865, 0.0321, -1.9671



15.7112, 42.0862, -107.5232



3.1442, 8.0586, -18.6968

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1302, 69.7995, -38.0900



48.6278, 93.9161, -51.0527



59.9791, -44.1740, 36.1855



30.2485, 2.2312, -0.7443



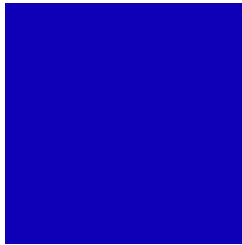
30.0027, 57.9748, -31.7305



5.6665, 11.0012, -6.3943

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

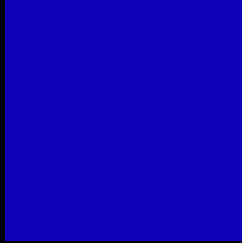
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

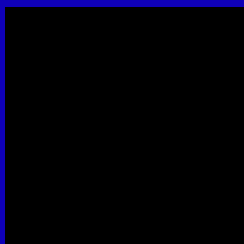
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362

Protanopia

19.5719, 4.9644, -35.1798

Deuteranopia

19.6739, -1.5457, -21.2539



Tritanopia

19.5625, -9.8099, -3.2746

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362

Protanomaly

17.4367, 23.6887, -71.8967

Deuteranomaly

17.0702, 18.4423, -60.0907

Tritanomaly

16.0188, 10.9112, -42.4497

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

10.7450, 15.3495, -38.2669

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 0, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 0, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 0, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 0, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 0, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 0, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 0, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 0, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 0, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 0, 184)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.8739, 50.6574, -129.9362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 0, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 0,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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