

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.0094, 0.2697,  
-17.0784)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(19.0094, 0.2697,  
-17.0784) contains.

<b>HunterLab(18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(18.9467, 0.3778,  
-17.2098)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C3658
RGB	28, 54, 88
RGB Percent	11%, 21%, 35%
CMY	0.8902, 0.7882, 0.6549
CMYK	0.68, 0.39, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	214°, 52%, 23%
HSV	214°, 68%, 35%
XYZ	3.5595, 3.5898, 9.7378
YIQ	50.1020, -26.4100, 5.0620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

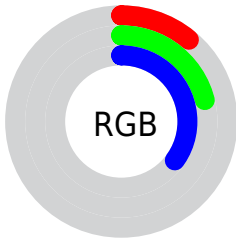
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	28, 46, 88
Decimal	1848920
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	22.27, 2.34, -23.46
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	22, 23.580, 275.705
Yxy	3.5899, 0.2108, 0.2126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280039000 (0xFF1C3658)
YUV	50.1020, 18.6837, -19.3835
Hunter-Lab	18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098

# Details

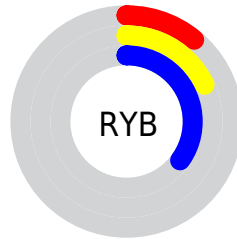
The HunterLab color **18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **23.6730, 3.4890, 11.8963**, and the grayscale version is **17.8398, -0.9519, 0.9693**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.5128, 0.0240, -18.2604**, and **6.0211, 4.7484, -17.7763** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4438, 1.5317, -20.6051**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5448, -0.4993, -13.9932**.

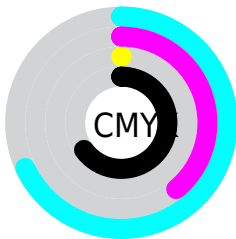
# Distribution



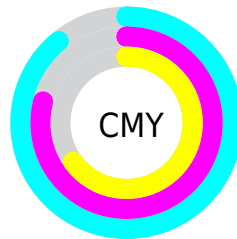
- Red (11%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.9467, 0.3778,  
-17.2098

■ 18.9467, 0.3778,  
-17.2098

■ 116.2741, -3.6907,  
-20.1871

■ 12.0288, 0.5581,  
-16.8272

■ 35.5993, -0.1946,  
-18.2188

■ 5.0091, 1.7714,  
-23.2336

■ 45.1465, -0.5663,  
-18.6779

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 55.4213, -0.9866,  
-19.0793

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3753, -1.4510,  
-19.4191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.9689, -1.9562,  
-19.6976

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.1683, -2.4993,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-19.9167

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.9451, -3.0781,  
-20.0790

18.9467, 0.3778,  
-17.2098

18.9467, 0.3778,  
-17.2098

17.4438, 1.5317,  
-20.6051

20.5448, -0.4993,  
-13.9932

16.0471, 2.9898,  
-24.1715

22.2264, -1.1321,  
-10.9523

14.7262, 4.6337,  
-28.0165

23.9823, -1.5519,  
-8.0745

14.4888, 4.9366,  
-28.7664

25.8044, -1.7877,  
-5.3442

27.6857, -1.8648,  
-2.7447

■ 29.6205, -1.8048,  
-0.2600

■ 31.6037, -1.6262,  
2.1248

■ 33.6312, -1.3444,  
4.4233

■ 35.6992, -0.9724,  
6.6471

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9470, -6.3572, -15.2383



18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098



18.9470, 7.7238, -13.0079

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.9470, 0.3780, -17.2093



18.9470, 11.5330, 7.1997



18.9470, -12.0113, 5.6727

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098



23.6730, 3.4890, 11.8963

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9470, -8.4052, 8.8892



18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098



18.9470, 5.0005, 9.5136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.9470, 0.3780, -17.2093



18.9470, 14.7501, 2.2892



18.9470, -2.3630, 9.9903



18.9470, -12.8712, -0.3191



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098



18.9470, 11.7757, -7.9462



18.9470, -2.3630, 9.9903



18.9470, -11.1094, 7.0327

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.9470, 0.3780, -17.2093



35.9857, -2.4586, -4.4682



27.5213, -16.7819, 6.8461



17.8875, -1.2312, -2.5569



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.9470, 0.3780, -17.2093



21.8428, 3.2384, -30.3059



13.5733, 12.7077, -31.7428



14.7890, -0.9081, -0.2013



17.4633, 6.7692, -36.4403



39.2559, 20.6763, -93.7006



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8093, 20.0076, -0.2949



21.1972, 31.5620, 1.0958



29.9135, -8.4564, 16.1067



14.6033, 0.5457, 0.5303



18.2551, 32.3607, 3.2827



43.0658, 75.9632, 10.6838



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

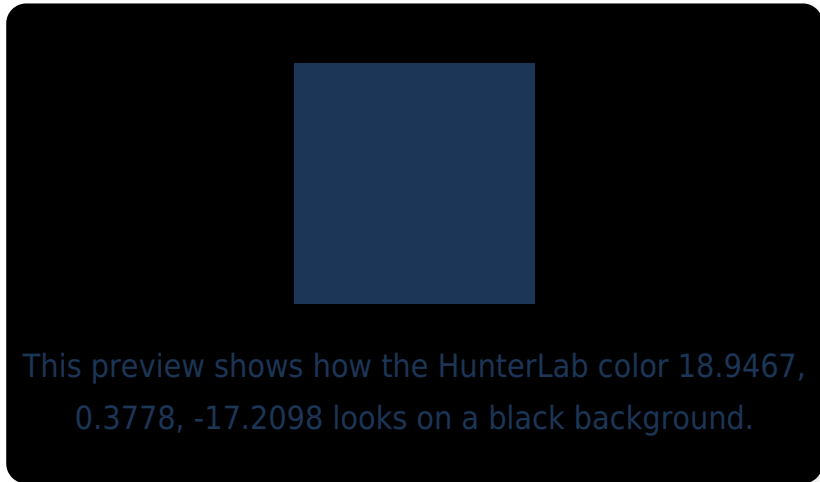
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

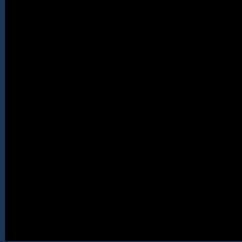
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098

### Protanopia

18.9182, 2.5850, -15.8896

### Deuteranopia

19.0636, 0.7746, -16.9537



**Tritanopia**

18.8578, -8.3714, -3.7767

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098

## Protanomaly

18.9984, 1.7131, -16.4029

## Deuteranomaly

19.0235, 0.6387, -17.0414

## Tritanomaly

18.7549, -5.4162, -8.4649

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098

## Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

## Achromatomaly

17.9724, -1.0194, -4.9449

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 54, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 54, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 54, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 54, 88) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 54, 88) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 54, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 54, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 54, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 54, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 54, 88)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.9467, 0.3778, -17.2098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 54, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 54,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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