

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.0119, -11.5020,
1.0662)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.0119, -11.5020,
1.0662) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.9592,
-11.4175, 0.9497)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003D35
RGB	0, 61, 53
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 21%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7608, 0.7922
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.13, 0.76
HSL	172°, 100%, 12%
HSV	172°, 100%, 24%
XYZ	2.3113, 3.5945, 3.9401
YIQ	41.8490, -33.7880, -15.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

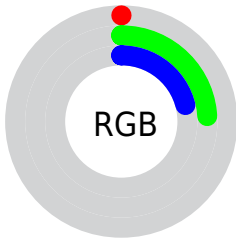
Format	Color
RYB	0, 33, 61
Decimal	15669
CIELab	22.28, -20.15, -0.15
CIELCh	22, 20.154, 180.419
Yxy	3.5946, 0.2348, 0.3651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205749 (0xFF003D35)
YUV	41.8490, 5.4974, -36.7016
Hunter-Lab	18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497

Details

The HunterLab color **18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10.0485, 17.3815, 5.1401**, and the grayscale version is **15.1580, -0.8088, 0.8236**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.6074, -15.4331, 2.0154**, and **5.9932, -4.0948, 1.3486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9595, -11.4178, 0.9500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0826, -10.8852, 0.8006**.

Distribution



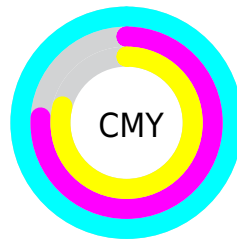
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.9592, -11.4175,
0.9497

■ 18.9592, -11.4175,
0.9497

■ 116.2970,
-27.0091, 6.1803

■ 12.0395, -9.2007,
0.5847

■ 35.6148, -15.3088,
1.8374

■ 5.0278, -8.7986,
0.1523

■ 45.1633, -17.0992,
2.3488

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.4392, -18.8279,
2.9004

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3944, -20.5125,
3.4895

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.9890, -22.1653,
4.1138

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.1894, -23.7949,

4.7714

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.9671,
-25.4078, 5.4607

■ 18.9592, -11.4175,
0.9497

■ 18.9592, -11.4175,
0.9497

■ 18.9595, -11.4178,
0.9500

■ 19.0826, -10.8852,
0.8006

■ 19.2074, -10.3489,
0.6515

■ 19.3619, -9.6998,
0.5379

■ 19.5557, -8.9032,
0.4727

■ 19.7905, -7.9579,
0.4585

■ 20.0675, -6.8657,
0.4967

■ 20.3873, -5.6313,
0.5881

■ 20.7500, -4.2615,
0.7322

■ 21.1553, -2.7651,
0.9280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9596, -10.2123, 5.7744



18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497



18.9596, -10.1435, -5.5675

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.9596, -11.4176, 0.9499



18.9596, 5.3314, -11.4057



18.9596, 5.1635, 8.4224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497



10.0485, 17.3815, 5.1401

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9596, 10.2591, 5.8763



18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497



18.9596, 10.3644, -5.3790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.9596, -11.4176, 0.9499



18.9596, -0.9265, -13.9510



18.9596, 12.2711, 1.1138



18.9596, -1.0987, 9.1687

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497



18.9596, -7.9532, -9.8021



18.9596, 12.2711, 1.1138



18.9596, 7.0967, 7.7991

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.9596, -11.4176, 0.9499



26.3474, -7.5187, 0.7418



18.4122, -15.0556, 11.0817



13.9241, -4.1250, 0.3813



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.9596, -11.4176, 0.9499



24.5457, -14.8560, 1.3898



13.2820, -2.3328, -11.5648



11.3772, -1.3512, 0.5164



29.4561, -17.8799, 1.7800



74.8346, -45.8556, 5.4525

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.0485, 17.3815, 5.1401



12.9890, 22.4190, 7.0370



12.5704, 9.5053, 7.9119



10.8515, 0.1969, 0.7076



15.5747, 26.8485, 8.6967



39.4906, 67.8548, 23.7671

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

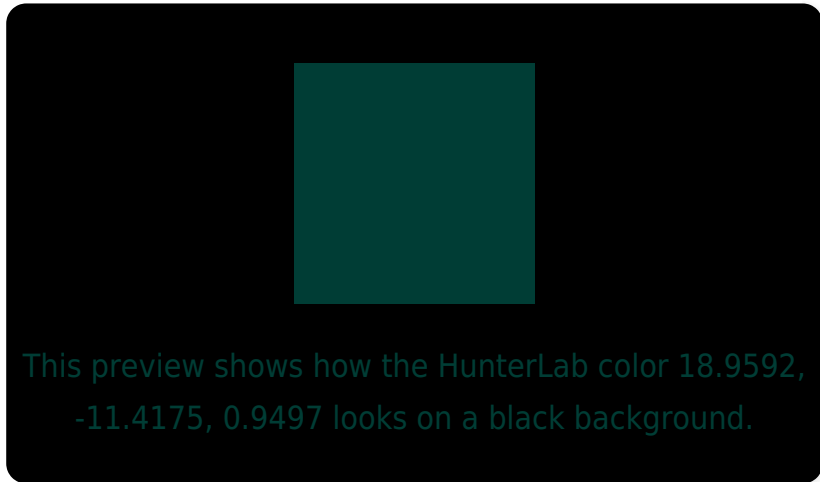
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

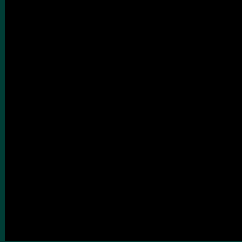
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.9592,

-11.4175, 0.9497.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497

Protanopia

19.2376, -1.1491, 2.8785

Deuteranopia

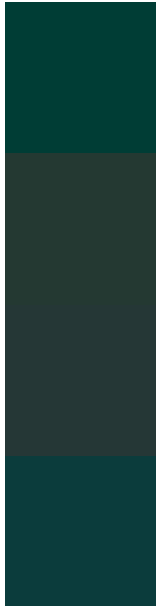
19.0561, 0.9587, 0.5134



Tritanopia

19.0191, -7.7503, -3.5371

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497

Protanomaly

18.7926, -6.6105, 1.9437

Deuteranomaly

18.4175, -5.1418, 0.0236

Tritanomaly

19.0502, -9.2619, -1.7285

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

16.2077, -5.8584, 0.4291

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 61, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 61, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 61, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 61, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 61, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 61, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 61, 53); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 53); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.9592, -11.4175, 0.9497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 61, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 61,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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