

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.0632, -6.6502,
-3.2959)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.0632, -6.6502,
-3.2959) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.9814, -6.5163,
-3.5687)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	193A40
RGB	25, 58, 64
RGB Percent	10%, 23%, 25%
CMY	0.9020, 0.7725, 0.7490
CMYK	0.61, 0.09, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	189°, 44%, 17%
HSV	189°, 61%, 25%
XYZ	2.8394, 3.6029, 5.3963
YIQ	48.8170, -21.5940, -5.1300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

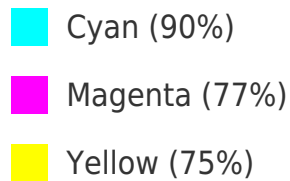
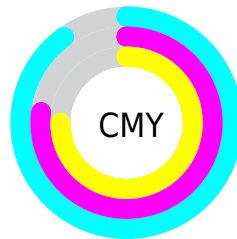
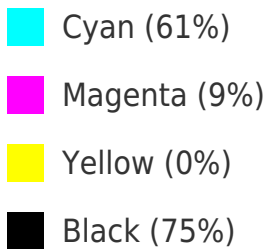
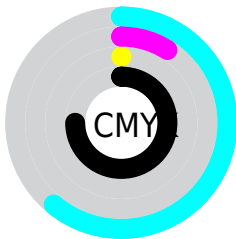
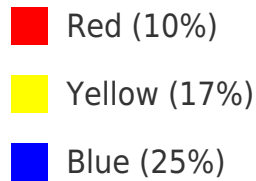
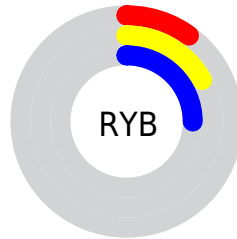
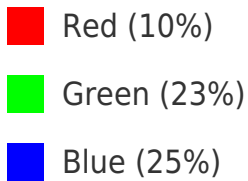
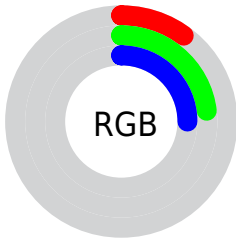
Format	Color
RYB	25, 43, 64
Decimal	1653312
CIELab	22.31, -10.00, -7.41
CIELCh	22, 12.444, 216.531
Yxy	3.6031, 0.2398, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279843392 (0xFF193A40)
YUV	48.8170, 7.4852, -20.8875
Hunter-Lab	18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687

Details

The HunterLab color **18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **14.6295, 8.3167, 5.4325**, and the grayscale version is **17.4456, -0.9309, 0.9479**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.6223, -8.6027, -3.7144**, and **6.5461, -2.4541, -2.8843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5271, -6.8888, -4.2269**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4787, -5.9923, -2.8665**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.9814, -6.5163,
-3.5687

■ 18.9814, -6.5163,
-3.5687

■ 116.3376,
-16.7263, -1.4665

■ 12.0586, -5.2719,
-3.4521

■ 35.6421, -8.8370,
-3.5292

■ 5.0605, -8.8559,
-5.7917

■ 45.1929, -9.9625,
-3.3977

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.4710, -11.0806,
-3.2032

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.4281, -12.1978,
-2.9519

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.0245, -13.3184,
-2.6488

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 90.2268, -14.4453,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-2.2981


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 103.0061,
-15.5808, -1.9031


 18.9814, -6.5163,
-3.5687


 18.9814, -6.5163,
-3.5687


 18.5271, -6.8888,
-4.2269


 19.4787, -5.9923,
-2.8665


 18.1142, -7.1078,
-4.8390


 20.0176, -5.3212,
-2.1251

 17.7327, -7.2108,
-5.4174

 20.5980, -4.5101,
-1.3486

 17.3866, -7.3083,
-5.9552

 21.2186, -3.5671,
-0.5412

 21.8784, -2.5018,
0.2927

■ 22.5758, -1.3238,
1.1491

■ 23.3092, -0.0428,
2.0243

■ 24.0771, 1.3318,
2.9150

■ 24.8777, 2.7908,
3.8183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9818, -7.7184, 0.2286



18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687



18.9818, -3.8269, -6.4797

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.9818, -6.5164, -3.5684



18.9818, 6.1358, -1.9368



18.9818, -1.8347, 6.7060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687



14.6295, 8.3167, 5.4325

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9818, 1.9733, 6.3510



18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687



18.9818, 6.7736, 1.8041

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.9818, -6.5164, -3.5684



18.9818, 3.5167, -5.4161



18.9818, 5.1971, 4.7104



18.9818, -5.1557, 5.7980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687



18.9818, -1.4524, -7.2603



18.9818, 5.1971, 4.7104



18.9818, -0.5713, 6.7273

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.9818, -6.5164, -3.5684



28.1340, -4.4141, -0.4822



19.9291, -12.6655, 8.2323



14.7022, -2.4198, -0.3361



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.9818, -6.5164, -3.5684



24.1099, -9.2547, -6.0076



14.1601, 0.9417, -11.5679



12.0500, -1.2206, 0.2699



26.2579, -10.8074, -9.4901



64.9448, -25.9870, -25.0769

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4597, 14.5168, -7.2501



17.3130, 23.6268, -11.5305



18.6320, 0.4031, 8.5611



11.6354, 0.5267, -0.0190



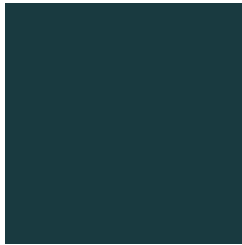
17.7341, 33.8047, -15.1642



44.2987, 84.2430, -36.3373

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

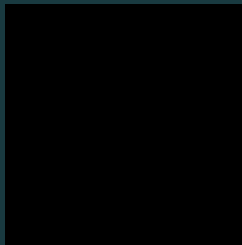
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

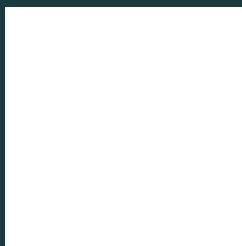
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687.

-3.5687.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687

Protanopia

19.0084, -0.1011, -2.0595

Deuteranopia

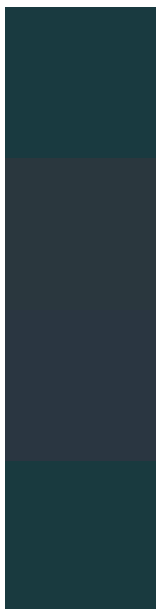
18.8884, 0.9503, -4.0425



Tritanopia

18.9517, -6.6880, -3.1512

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687

Protanomaly

18.9008, -2.9450, -2.7011

Deuteranomaly

18.7409, -2.0498, -4.3094

Tritanomaly

18.9517, -6.6880, -3.1512

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

17.8142, -3.4299, -0.6987

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 58, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 58, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 58, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 58, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 58, 64) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 58, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 58, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 58, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 58, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 58, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.9814, -6.5163, -3.5687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 58, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 58,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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