

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.0651, -10.7087,
-0.7127)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.0651, -10.7087,
-0.7127) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(19.0866,
-10.6528, -0.8602)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 003D3A |
| RGB | 0, 61, 58 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 24%, 23% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.7608, 0.7725 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.76 |
| HSL | 177°, 100%, 12% |
| HSV | 177°, 100%, 24% |
| XYZ | 2.4325, 3.6430, 4.5780 |
| YIQ | 42.4190, -35.3930, -13.8650 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

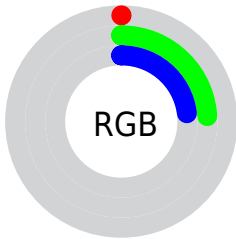
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 0, 31, 61 |
| Decimal | 15674 |
| CIELab | 22.45, -18.40, -3.24 |
| CIELCh | 22, 18.688, 189.998 |
| Yxy | 3.6431, 0.2283, 0.3420 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278205754 (0xFF003D3A) |
| YUV | 42.4190, 7.6814, -37.2015 |
| Hunter-Lab | 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 |

Details

The HunterLab color **19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9.9940, 17.1789, 5.9472**, and the grayscale version is **15.3375, -0.8184, 0.8333**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.8149, -14.3028, -0.3060**, and **6.3645, -3.5230, -0.3500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.0869, -10.6531, -0.8600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1978, -10.1969, -0.8359**.

Distribution



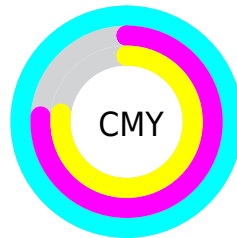
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

19.0866, -10.6528,
-0.8602

19.0866, -10.6528,
-0.8602

116.5300,
-25.2907, 2.9882

12.1491, -8.6050,
-0.9999

35.7719, -14.2620,
-0.3557

5.2129, -9.1226,
-2.2962

45.3333, -15.9342,
-0.0129

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.6213, -17.5548,
0.3813

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.5877, -19.1393,
0.8222

0.0000, NaN, NaN

78.1929, -20.6984,
1.3061

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

90.4035, -22.2398,

1.8300

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.1909,
-23.7691, 2.3914

■ 19.0866, -10.6528,
-0.8602

■ 19.0866, -10.6528,
-0.8602

■ 19.0869, -10.6531,
-0.8600

■ 19.1978, -10.1969,
-0.8359

■ 19.3103, -9.7372,
-0.8097

■ 19.4522, -9.1660,
-0.7446

■ 19.6332, -8.4485,
-0.6279

■ 19.8551, -7.5825,
-0.4581

■ 20.1191, -6.5692,
-0.2347

■ 20.4258, -5.4124,
0.0419

■ 20.7755, -4.1183,
0.3703

■ 21.1680, -2.6949,
0.7486

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.0870, -10.2599, 4.2704



19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602



19.0870, -8.7064, -6.9448

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.0870, -10.6528, -0.8600



19.0870, 6.5433, -8.7906



19.0870, 2.8734, 8.4655

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602



9.9940, 17.1789, 5.9472

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.0870, 8.1169, 6.5961



19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602



19.0870, 10.4019, -2.8797

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.0870, -10.6528, -0.8600



19.0870, 0.9196, -12.3341



19.0870, 11.0093, 2.7608



19.0870, -2.8841, 8.7153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602



19.0870, -6.1934, -10.3661



19.0870, 11.0093, 2.7608



19.0870, 4.7720, 8.0389

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.0870, -10.6528, -0.8600



26.3994, -7.2221, 0.0022



18.3230, -15.4354, 11.0200



13.9531, -3.9593, -0.0311



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.0870, -10.6528, -0.8600



24.7172, -13.8258, -1.0485



12.0647, -0.3750, -14.2693



11.3829, -1.3197, 0.4353



29.6665, -16.6155, -1.2126



75.4075, -42.4109, -2.6999

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.9940, 17.1789, 5.9472



12.9342, 22.2161, 7.8471



13.4049, 7.5270, 8.3914



10.8460, 0.1671, 0.7862



15.5190, 26.6423, 9.5200



39.4080, 67.5482, 24.9932

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

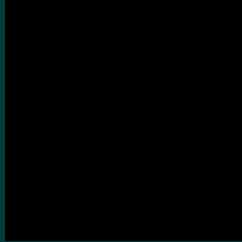
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.0866,

-10.6528, -0.8602.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602

Protanopia

19.2793, -0.7726, 1.1333

Deuteranopia

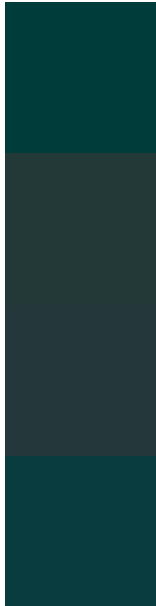
19.3450, 0.9885, -1.1646



Tritanopia

19.2529, -8.1862, -3.6806

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602

Protanomaly

18.8664, -6.0909, 0.1600

Deuteranomaly

18.7595, -4.9387, -1.6042

Tritanomaly

19.0725, -9.0619, -2.5738

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

16.2574, -5.5711, -0.2778

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 61, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 61, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 61, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 61, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 61, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 61, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 61, 58); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 58); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.0866, -10.6528, -0.8602 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 61, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 61,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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