

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.1173, -2.3394,
-0.1394)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.1173, -2.3394,
-0.1394) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.1211, -2.4350,
-0.2630)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	303739
RGB	48, 55, 57
RGB Percent	19%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.8118, 0.7843, 0.7765
CMYK	0.16, 0.04, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	193°, 9%, 21%
HSV	193°, 16%, 22%
XYZ	3.3236, 3.6562, 4.4014
YIQ	53.1350, -4.8140, -0.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

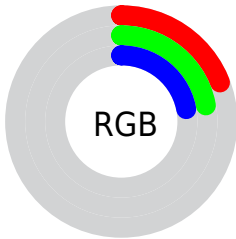
Format	Color
R_{YB}	48, 52, 57
Decimal	3159865
CIE Lab	22.50, -2.45, -2.26
CIE LCh	23, 3.330, 222.709
Yxy	3.6563, 0.2920, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281349945 (0xFF303739)
YUV	53.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034
Hunter-Lab	19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630

Details

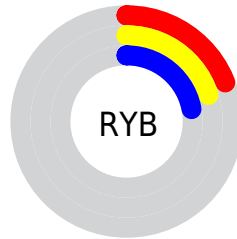
The HunterLab color **19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.3425, 0.6129, 2.2743**, and the grayscale version is **18.9092, -1.0089, 1.0274**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.8914, -3.7955, 0.4148**, and **5.2063, -2.2902, -1.5634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4602, -3.1751, -1.1131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8136, -1.6017, 0.5976**.

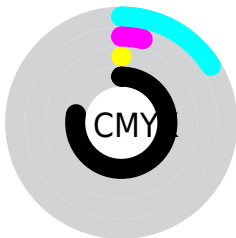
Distribution



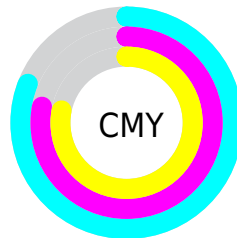
- Red (19%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.1211, -2.4350,
-0.2630

■ 19.1211, -2.4350,
-0.2630

■ 116.5932, -8.8376,
4.0207

■ 12.1788, -1.8608,
-0.4719

■ 35.8145, -3.6648,
0.3611

■ 5.2620, -2.3075,
-1.4930

■ 45.3794, -4.3222,
0.7569

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.6706, -5.0078,
1.2007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.6401, -5.7212,
1.6884

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.2482, -6.4616,
2.2167

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.4615, -7.2282,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.7830

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.2515, -8.0205,
3.3849

■ 19.1211, -2.4350,
-0.2630

■ 19.1211, -2.4350,
-0.2630

■ 18.4602, -3.1751,
-1.1131

■ 19.8136, -1.6017,
0.5976

■ 17.8310, -3.8126,
-1.9506

■ 20.5349, -0.6821,
1.4650

■ 17.2355, -4.3398,
-2.7716

■ 21.2839, 0.3157,
2.3374

■ 16.6747, -4.7491,
-3.5721

■ 22.0592, 1.3845,
3.2128

■ 16.1498, -5.0340,
-4.3480

■ 22.8594, 2.5176,
4.0900

■ 15.6612, -5.1895,
-5.0950

■ 23.6831, 3.7089,
4.9676

■ 15.2070, -5.2215,
-5.8132

■ 24.5291, 4.9529,
5.8448

■ 14.7580, -5.2391,
-6.5494

■ 25.3961, 6.2446,
6.7211

■ 14.5677, -5.2524,
-6.8700

■ 26.2830, 7.5795,
7.5959

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1215, -2.8894, 0.6276



19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630



19.1215, -1.5983, -0.8194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1215, -2.4353, -0.2627



19.1215, 0.8794, 0.4804



19.1215, -1.4491, 2.7659

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630



18.3425, 0.6129, 2.2743

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.1215, -0.4373, 2.7311



19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630



19.1215, 0.9214, 1.4451

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1215, -2.4353, -0.2627



19.1215, 0.3215, -0.3753



19.1215, 0.4351, 2.2586



19.1215, -2.3281, 2.3563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630



19.1215, -0.9289, -0.9095



19.1215, 0.4351, 2.2586



19.1215, -1.1135, 2.8052

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1215, -2.4353, -0.2627



25.6657, -2.0079, 0.8342



19.4539, -4.1619, 2.7347



13.7313, -1.0894, 0.4327



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1215, -2.4353, -0.2627



24.3640, -3.5570, -0.7935



18.0344, -0.6615, -1.6251



10.4760, -0.9710, 0.2028



23.0824, -7.8962, -11.8053



58.3962, -18.7112, -32.5981

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0546, 2.3550, -0.7037



22.6446, 4.2203, -1.5056



19.4003, -1.1853, 3.3875



10.1710, 0.3818, 0.0774



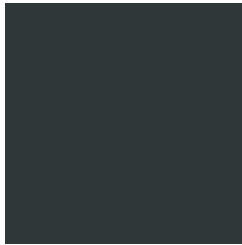
16.5083, 31.0586, -10.9422



42.4633, 79.6069, -25.9500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

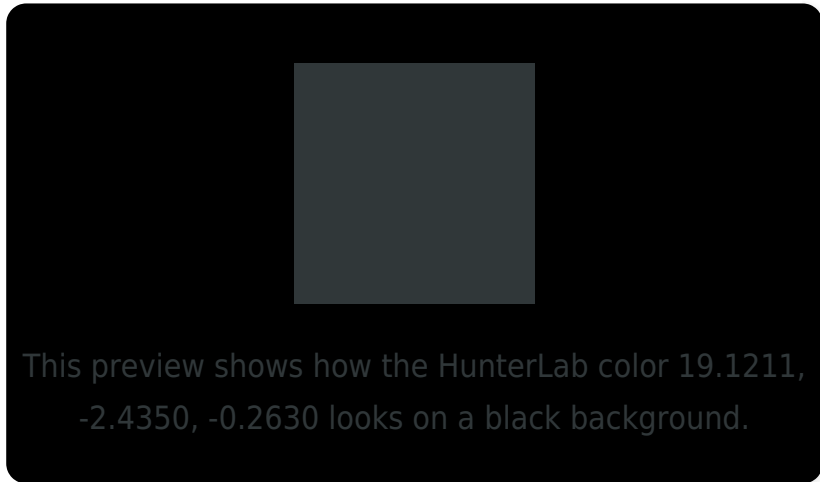
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

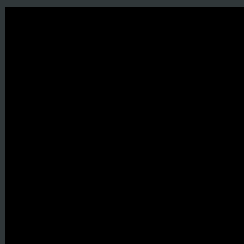
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

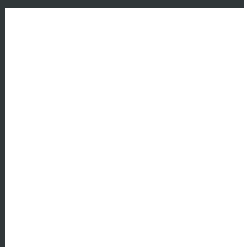
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630.



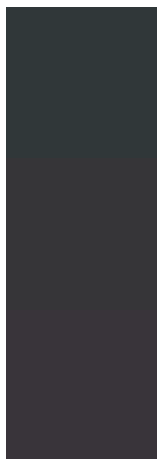
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630.

-0.2630.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630

Protanopia

19.0158, -0.3460, 0.0460

Deuteranopia

19.0560, 1.1140, -0.6929



Tritanopia

19.1743, -2.1403, -1.0168

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630

Protanomaly

19.1152, -1.2431, 0.1523

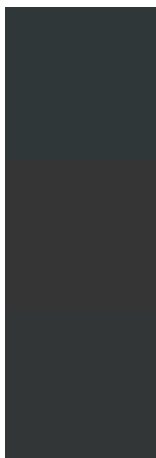
Deuteranomaly

19.0682, -0.0611, -0.6981

Tritanomaly

19.1474, -2.2889, -0.6368

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630

Achromatopsia

18.8683, -1.0068, 1.0252

Achromatomaly

18.9960, -1.7616, 0.7814

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 55, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 55, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 55, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 55, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 55, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 55, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 55, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 55, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 55, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 55, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.1211, -2.4350, -0.2630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 55, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 55,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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