

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.1569, -5.4520,
9.6823)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.1569, -5.4520, 9.6823)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.0676, -5.2032,
9.6004)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	353814
RGB	53, 56, 20
RGB Percent	21%, 22%, 8%
CMY	0.7922, 0.7804, 0.9216
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.64, 0.78
HSL	65°, 47%, 15%
HSV	65°, 64%, 22%
XYZ	3.0086, 3.6357, 1.2050
YIQ	50.9990, 9.7680, -11.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

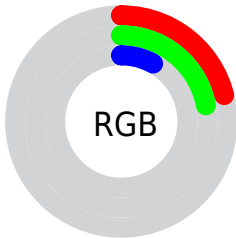
Format	Color
R_{YB}	20, 56, 23
Decimal	3487764
CIE _{Lab}	22.43, -7.48, 21.69
CIE _{LCh}	22, 22.939, 109.020
Yxy	3.6359, 0.3833, 0.4632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281677844 (0xFF353814)
YUV	50.9990, -15.2825, 1.7549
Hunter-Lab	19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004

Details

The HunterLab color **19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **9.8391, 6.6825, -16.3670**, and the grayscale version is **18.2421, -0.9734, 0.9911**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.8293, -7.1898, 13.9254**, and **5.6042, -4.8056, 3.3692** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9884, -5.5921, 10.2605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1596, -4.7495, 8.7706**.

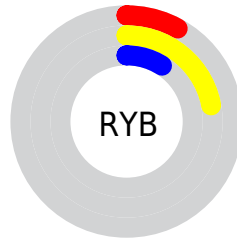
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (22%)

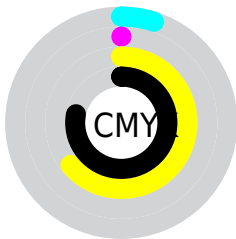
Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (9%)

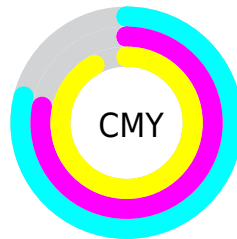


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.0676, -5.2032,
9.6004

■ 19.0676, -5.2032,
9.6004

■ 116.4954,
-14.1217, 26.3445

■ 12.1328, -4.1902,
8.4930

■ 35.7486, -7.1515,
13.8719

■ 5.1859, -6.5585,
3.6301

■ 45.3081, -8.1179,
15.8125

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.5943, -9.0893,
17.6726

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.5590, -10.0698,
19.4742

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 78.1627, -11.0618,
21.2324


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 90.3718, -12.0672,


 103.1577,
-13.0869, 24.6604


 19.0676, -5.2032,
9.6004


 19.0676, -5.2032,
9.6004


 18.9884, -5.5921,
10.2605


 19.1596, -4.7495,
8.7706


 18.9199, -5.9191,
10.7628


 19.2638, -4.2269,
7.7635

 18.8547, -6.2282,
11.2201

 19.3810, -3.6343,
6.5744

 18.8175, -6.4054,
11.4831

 19.5117, -2.9705,
5.1997

 19.6561, -2.2352,
3.6377

■ 19.8146, -1.4285,
1.8877

■ 19.9872, -0.5510,
-0.0492

■ 20.1742, 0.3963,
-2.1712

■ 20.3755, 1.4120,
-4.4751

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.0680, 1.6096, 9.8066



19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004



19.0680, -10.1411, 7.6629

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.0680, -5.2038, 9.6006



19.0680, -9.0563, -11.3566



19.0680, 14.0507, -1.5614

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004



9.8391, 6.6825, -16.3670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.0680, 10.2258, -9.3944



19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004



19.0680, -3.5115, -16.2624

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.0680, -5.2038, 9.6006



19.0680, -12.1339, -3.6165



19.0680, 3.5623, -15.4373



19.0680, 13.4242, 4.7521

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004



19.0680, -12.0149, 5.0716



19.0680, 3.5623, -15.4373



19.0680, 13.2233, -4.1307

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.0680, -5.2038, 9.6006



25.7369, -3.5005, 5.9815



12.2643, 8.5729, 4.5077



13.7701, -1.9293, 3.3191



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.0680, -5.2038, 9.6006



24.9078, -7.6470, 13.9510



17.9899, -9.3190, 8.7408



10.7164, -0.9572, 1.4213



30.8403, -10.6827, 18.8166



79.5231, -28.0538, 48.5106

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8391, 6.6825, -16.3670



10.3088, 12.4424, -30.6399



11.2131, 10.2813, -12.6946



10.0134, -0.1268, -0.3556



9.0477, 23.9960, -60.0558



22.9383, 61.6475, -158.5469

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

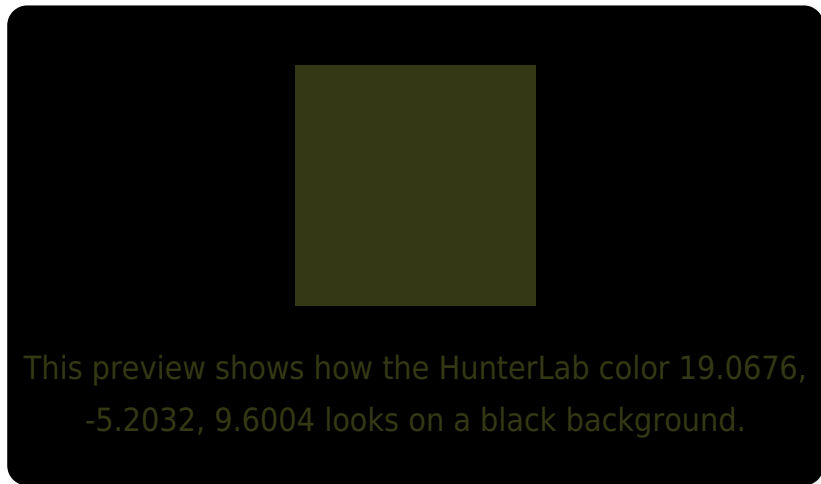
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

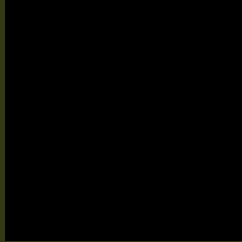
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004.

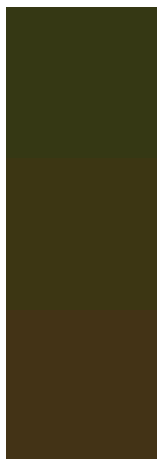


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.0676, -5.2032,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004

Protanopia

19.0945, -2.5645, 9.8080

Deuteranopia

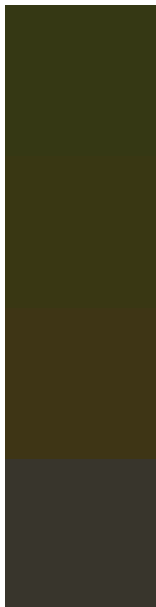
19.0233, 0.8958, 9.3720



Tritanopia

19.0296, 0.9719, -0.3175

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004

Protanomaly

19.1030, -3.7995, 9.7925

Deuteranomaly

19.0381, -1.4847, 9.4957

Tritanomaly

18.8913, -1.3249, 4.1389

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004

Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Achromatomaly

18.5188, -2.7948, 4.9351

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 56, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 56, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 56, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 56, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 56, 20) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 56, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 56, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 56, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 56, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 56, 20)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.0676, -5.2032, 9.6004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 56, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 56,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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