

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.2130, -9.2031,
10.3138)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.2130, -9.2031,
10.3138) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.1172, -9.1314,
10.2184)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A3B0F
RGB	42, 59, 15
RGB Percent	16%, 23%, 6%
CMY	0.8353, 0.7686, 0.9412
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.75, 0.77
HSL	83°, 59%, 15%
HSV	83°, 75%, 23%
XYZ	2.6050, 3.6547, 1.0201
YIQ	48.9010, 3.9920, -17.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

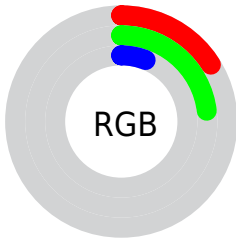
Format	Color
R_{YB}	15, 59, 32
Decimal	2767631
CIE Lab	22.50, -15.18, 24.21
CIE LCh	22, 28.573, 122.084
Yxy	3.6548, 0.3578, 0.5020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280957711 (0xFF2A3B0F)
YUV	48.9010, -16.7132, -6.0522
Hunter-Lab	19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184

Details

The HunterLab color **19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **9.8214, 11.0933, -18.7335**, and the grayscale version is **17.5457, -0.9362, 0.9533**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7039, -12.1709, 14.9165**, and **6.0875, -5.2201, 3.6597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9567, -9.8395, 10.6913**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2966, -8.3372, 9.5792**.

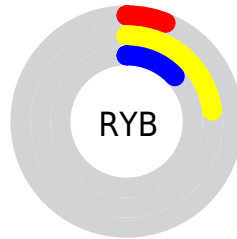
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (23%)

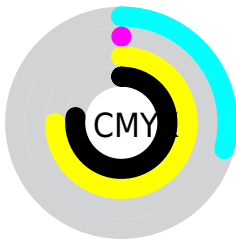
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (13%)

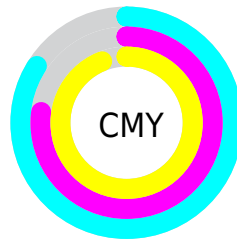


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.1172, -9.1314,
10.2184

■ 19.1172, -9.1314,
10.2184

■ 116.5861,
-22.0458, 28.4215

■ 12.1755, -7.4004,
8.5228

■ 35.8097, -12.2365,
14.9203

■ 5.2565, -9.1988,
3.6795

■ 45.3742, -13.6954,
17.0436

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.6651, -15.1204,
19.0705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.6342, -16.5234,
21.0261

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.2420, -17.9123,
22.9277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.4550, -19.2930,

■ 103.2447,
-20.6698, 26.6170

■ 19.1172, -9.1314,
10.2184

■ 19.1172, -9.1314,
10.2184

■ 18.9567, -9.8395,
10.6913

■ 19.2966, -8.3372,
9.5792

■ 18.8059, -10.5058,
11.1144

■ 19.4942, -7.4538,
8.7645

■ 18.7266, -10.8602,
11.3491

■ 19.7110, -6.4816,
7.7698

■ 19.9471, -5.4219,
6.5932

■ 20.2027, -4.2765,
5.2346

■ 20.4778, -3.0481,
3.6955

■ 20.7723, -1.7399,
1.9793

■ 21.0861, -0.3555,
0.0901

■ 21.4189, 1.1011,
-1.9666

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1176, -1.6266, 11.1639



19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184



19.1176, -13.6884, 7.1000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1176, -9.1319, 10.2185



19.1176, -8.2503, -19.0811



19.1176, 18.7704, 1.6112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184



9.8214, 11.0933, -18.7335

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.1176, 16.1520, -8.0269



19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184



19.1176, -0.4080, -22.7236

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1176, -9.1319, 10.2185



19.1176, -13.2472, -9.5092



19.1176, 8.7178, -17.9891



19.1176, 15.3476, 7.7186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184



19.1176, -14.9475, 3.1082



19.1176, 8.7178, -17.9891



19.1176, 18.5665, -1.2873

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1176, -9.1319, 10.2185



26.1969, -5.2924, 6.4777



14.1078, 5.7148, 6.8936



13.5448, -2.7813, 3.4044



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1176, -9.1319, 10.2185



24.3711, -13.4255, 14.1944



18.2009, -12.8106, 9.5186



11.4377, -1.2521, 1.4795



29.9402, -17.9796, 18.1342



75.7679, -47.1804, 45.8619

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8214, 11.0933, -18.7335



10.3148, 18.2393, -33.1527



11.9921, 15.8472, -12.7912



10.7837, 0.0881, -0.3299



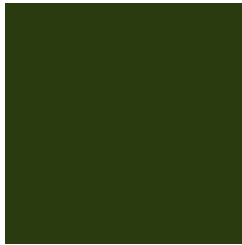
10.9444, 26.1841, -50.6134



26.8908, 65.6332, -134.4191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

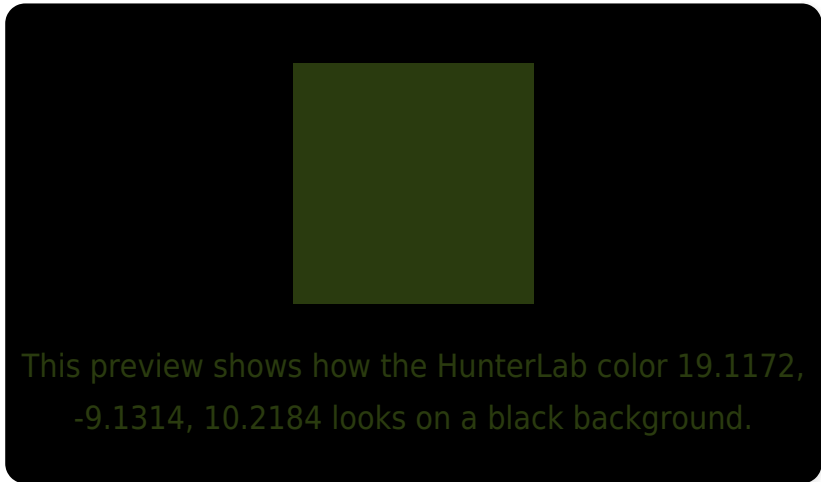
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

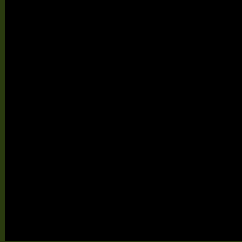
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184

Protanopia

19.0544, -2.7879, 10.3997

Deuteranopia

18.9858, 0.6939, 9.9240



Tritanopia

19.1115, -2.3627, -1.1014

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184

Protanomaly

19.0182, -5.4848, 10.3277

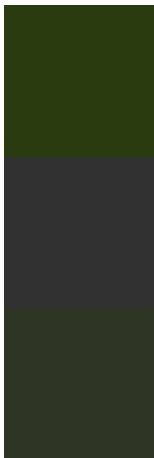
Deuteranomaly

18.9165, -3.2358, 9.9375

Tritanomaly

18.8697, -5.2825, 4.3537

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

18.0572, -4.5763, 5.2997

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 59, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 59, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 59, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 59, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 59, 15) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 59, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 59, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 59, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 59, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 59, 15)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.1172, -9.1314, 10.2184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 59, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 59,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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