

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.2448, -4.4379,
3.9708)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.2448, -4.4379, 3.9708)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.1154, -4.2590,
3.6871)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30382E
RGB	48, 56, 46
RGB Percent	19%, 22%, 18%
CMY	0.8118, 0.7804, 0.8196
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.18, 0.78
HSL	108°, 10%, 20%
HSV	108°, 18%, 22%
XYZ	3.1262, 3.6540, 3.1253
YIQ	52.4680, -1.5580, -4.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

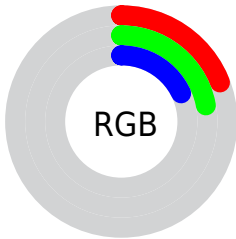
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 56, 54
Decimal	3160110
CIE Lab	22.49, -5.72, 5.13
CIE LCh	22, 7.682, 138.091
Yxy	3.6541, 0.3156, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281350190 (0xFF30382E)
YUV	52.4680, -3.1887, -3.9184
Hunter-Lab	19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871

Details

The HunterLab color **19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.3893, 2.5424, -1.9974**, and the grayscale version is **18.6999, -0.9978, 1.0160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.8509, -5.9885, 5.2413**, and **5.3651, -4.6006, 3.2254** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7332, -5.8907, 4.9730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5339, -2.5106, 2.2743**.

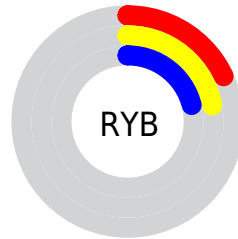
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (22%)

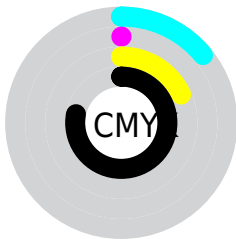
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (21%)

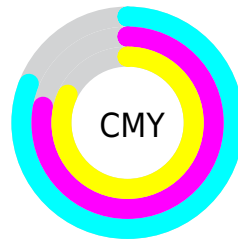


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.1154, -4.2590,
3.6871

■ 19.1154, -4.2590,
3.6871

■ 116.5828,
-12.2892, 11.4555

■ 12.1739, -3.4025,
2.8771

■ 35.8075, -5.9523,
5.3012

■ 5.2539, -5.0224,
3.6777

■ 45.3718, -6.8095,
6.1245

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.6625, -7.6800,
6.9643

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.6315, -8.5664,
7.8227

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.2391, -9.4698,
8.7005

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.4520, -10.3911,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.2415,
-11.3308, 10.5168

■ 19.1154, -4.2590,
3.6871

■ 19.1154, -4.2590,
3.6871

■ 18.7332, -5.8907,
4.9730

■ 19.5339, -2.5106,
2.2743

■ 18.3869, -7.3937,
6.1230

■ 19.9865, -0.6554,
0.7431

■ 18.0772, -8.7585,
7.1306

■ 20.4727, 1.2949,
-0.8969

■ 17.8045, -9.9767,
7.9908

■ 20.9912, 3.3293,
-2.6359

■ 17.5685, -11.0417,
8.7011

■ 21.5407, 5.4375,
-4.4642

■ 17.3688, -11.9495,
9.2618

■ 22.1199, 7.6097,
-6.3728

■ 17.2025, -12.7109,
9.7046

■ 22.7276, 9.8370,
-8.3531

■ 17.0600, -13.3792,
10.1584

■ 23.3623, 12.1115,
-10.3970

■ 17.0323, -13.5111,
10.2587

■ 24.0228, 14.4261,
-12.4973

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1158, -2.3999, 4.6823



19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871



19.1158, -5.2323, 1.9039

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1158, -4.2594, 3.6873



19.1158, -1.9418, -3.6455



19.1158, 3.4525, 2.3240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871



17.3893, 2.5424, -1.9974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.1158, 3.5897, 0.1349



19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871



19.1158, 0.3981, -3.4977

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1158, -4.2594, 3.6873



19.1158, -3.9380, -2.4314



19.1158, 2.4485, -2.0489



19.1158, 2.0821, 3.9629

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871



19.1158, -5.2798, 0.4275



19.1158, 2.4485, -2.0489



19.1158, 3.6467, 1.6339

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1158, -4.2594, 3.6873



25.8371, -2.6792, 2.4811



19.1742, -1.4995, 3.7961



13.8272, -1.4648, 1.3533



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1158, -4.2594, 3.6873



24.9190, -6.5248, 5.5824



19.0555, -4.3514, 2.6244



10.5887, -1.4091, 1.2723



27.8420, -22.6554, 16.7595



71.6603, -59.5399, 43.1144

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3893, 2.5424, -1.9974



22.1272, 4.4827, -3.6225



17.4696, 2.6421, -0.6207



10.1469, 0.3293, -0.1794



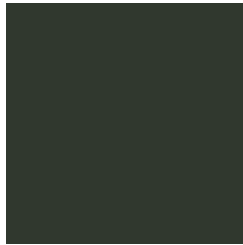
14.8426, 30.6008, -30.5814



37.8101, 78.3191, -80.7462

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

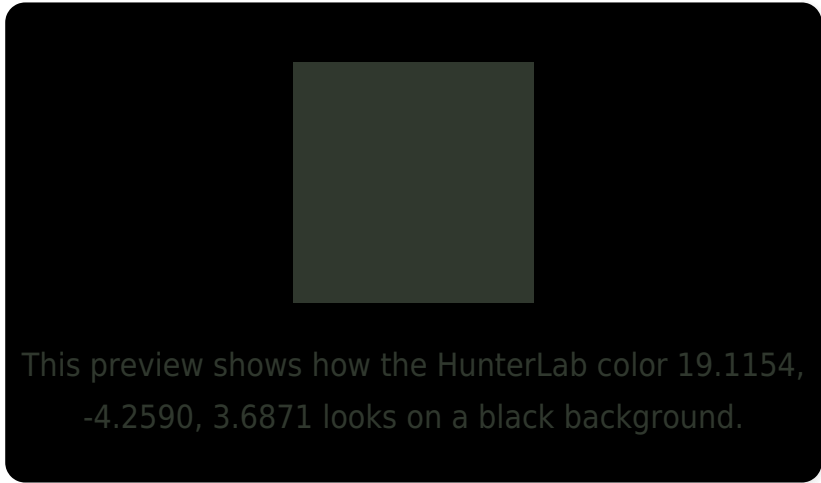
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

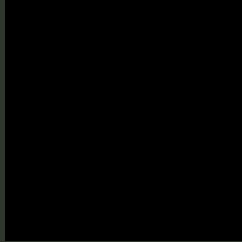
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1154, -4.2590,

3.6871.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871

Protanopia

19.2293, -1.3459, 4.1707

Deuteranopia

19.1137, 0.7832, 3.4493



Tritanopia

19.0584, -1.2833, -1.1510

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871

Protanomaly

19.2513, -2.5246, 4.1724

Deuteranomaly

18.9531, -0.9859, 3.2487

Tritanomaly

19.1094, -2.6287, 0.9007

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.6556, -1.8944, 1.8719

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 56, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 56, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 56, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 56, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 56, 46) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 56, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 56, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 56, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 56, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 56, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.1154, -4.2590, 3.6871 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 56, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 56,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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