

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.2455, 3.3156,
-0.3759)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.2455, 3.3156, -0.3759)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.3130, 3.1487,
-0.3333)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	3F333A
RGB	63, 51, 58
RGB Percent	25%, 20%, 23%
CMY	0.7529, 0.8000, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.08, 0.75
HSL	325°, 11%, 22%
HSV	325°, 19%, 25%
XYZ	3.9975, 3.7299, 4.5123
YIQ	55.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

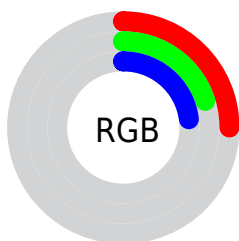
Format	Color
RYB	63, 51, 58
Decimal	4141882
CIELab	22.76, 6.82, -2.39
CIELCh	23, 7.227, 340.715
Yxy	3.7301, 0.3266, 0.3047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282331962 (0xFF3F333A)
YUV	55.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775
Hunter-Lab	19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333

Details

The HunterLab color **19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21.3177, -5.0126, 2.6418**, and the grayscale version is **19.6722, -1.0497, 1.0688**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.9845, 3.3985, 0.2127**, and **5.4996, 4.9732, -1.3963** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8615, 5.4748, -1.0530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.8468, 0.8530, 0.4541**.

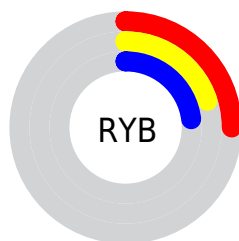
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (20%)

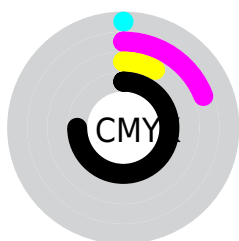
 Blue (23%)




 Red (25%)

 Yellow (20%)

 Blue (23%)

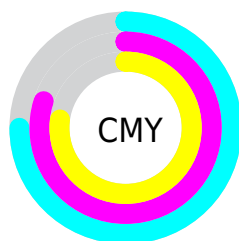



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (19%)

 Yellow (8%)

 Black (75%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (80%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3130, 3.1487,
-0.3333

■ 19.3130, 3.1487,
-0.3333

■ 116.9434, 1.1596,
3.9043

■ 12.3440, 2.9917,
-0.5351

■ 36.0509, 3.1506,
0.2784

■ 5.5259, 5.0836,
-1.4896

■ 45.6352, 3.0324,
0.6686

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.9445, 2.8490,
1.1072

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.9308, 2.6078,
1.5899

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5549, 2.3142,
2.1134

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.7834, 1.9727,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.6751

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.5878, 1.5869,
3.2727

■ 19.3130, 3.1487,
-0.3333

■ 19.3130, 3.1487,
-0.3333

■ 17.8615, 5.4748,
-1.0530

■ 20.8468, 0.8530,
0.4541

■ 16.5033, 7.8161,
-1.6863

■ 22.4511, -1.4033,
1.2934

■ 15.2534, 10.1408,
-2.2077

■ 24.1179, -3.6191,
2.1740

■ 14.1283, 12.3967,
-2.5858

■ 25.8400, -5.7960,
3.0877

■ 13.1460, 14.5060,
-2.7851

■ 27.6115, -7.9374,
4.0286

■ 12.3238, 16.3649,
-2.7706

■ 29.4274, -10.0471,
4.9921

■ 11.6501, 17.9392,
-2.5535

■ 31.2837, -12.1293,
5.9750

■ 10.9699, 19.6979,
-2.3544

■ 33.1768, -14.1879,
6.9746

■ 10.9031, 19.8823,
-2.3385

■ 35.1038, -16.2265,
7.9890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3134, 1.8211, -2.2729



19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333



19.3134, 3.3266, 1.7883

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3134, 3.1481, -0.3329



19.3134, -1.8158, 4.6184



19.3134, -4.1500, -1.7777

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333



21.3177, -5.0126, 2.6418

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3134, -5.0345, 0.2840



19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333



19.3134, -3.7277, 3.8728

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3134, 3.1481, -0.3329



19.3134, 0.3930, 4.4928



19.3134, -4.8835, 2.3401



19.3134, -2.4160, -3.1697

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333



19.3134, 2.7618, 3.0053



19.3134, -4.8835, 2.3401



19.3134, -4.5530, -1.1310

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3134, 3.1481, -0.3329



27.5954, 0.2858, 0.8856



18.8878, 2.0275, -3.0880



14.1440, 0.1631, 0.4483



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3134, 3.1481, -0.3329



24.0911, 5.5702, -0.9060



19.1639, 2.3582, 1.7980



10.8826, 0.3649, 0.2640



16.3535, 29.6945, -2.5223



41.3541, 74.6786, -3.1881

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.3134, 3.1481, -0.3329



24.0911, 5.5702, -0.9060



21.4633, -4.1917, 0.5626



10.8826, 0.3649, 0.2640



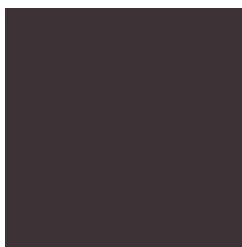
16.3535, 29.6945, -2.5223



41.3541, 74.6786, -3.1881

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333.



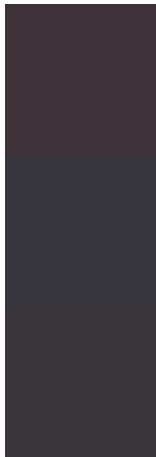
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333.

-0.3333.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

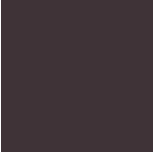
19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333

Protanopia

19.3619, -0.1774, -1.1631

Deuteranopia

19.3681, 0.9591, -0.3027



Tritanopia

19.2360, 2.7432, 0.7607

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333

Protanomaly

19.3179, 0.8428, -0.7808

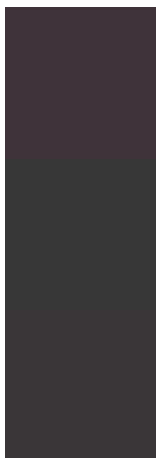
Deuteranomaly

19.2928, 1.9064, -0.3803

Tritanomaly

19.2612, 2.8760, 0.4023

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333

Achromatopsia

19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

Achromatomaly

19.5535, 0.2690, 0.7089

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 51, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 51, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 51, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 51, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 51, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 51, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 51, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 51, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 51, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 51, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.3130, 3.1487, -0.3333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 51, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 51,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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