

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.2808, -4.1938,
6.3158)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.2808, -4.1938, 6.3158)
contains.

HunterLab(19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(19.2145, -4.2298,
6.3651)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	343825
RGB	52, 56, 37
RGB Percent	20%, 22%, 15%
CMY	0.7961, 0.7804, 0.8549
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.34, 0.78
HSL	73°, 20%, 18%
HSV	73°, 34%, 22%
XYZ	3.1643, 3.6920, 2.2961
YIQ	52.6380, 3.7150, -6.7570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

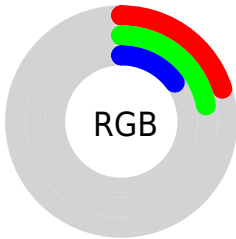
Format	Color
RYB	37, 56, 41
Decimal	3422245
CIELab	22.63, -5.64, 11.34
CIElCh	23, 12.668, 116.456
Yxy	3.6921, 0.3457, 0.4034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281612325 (0xFF343825)
YUV	52.6380, -7.7095, -0.5595
Hunter-Lab	19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651

Details

The HunterLab color **19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.4228, 3.1013, -6.4396**, and the grayscale version is **18.7707, -1.0016, 1.0198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.0033, -5.8967, 8.9360**, and **5.3651, -4.6006, 3.2254** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.0492, -5.0081, 7.5289**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3952, -3.3808, 5.0223**.

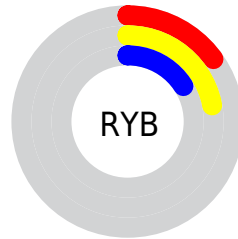
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (22%)

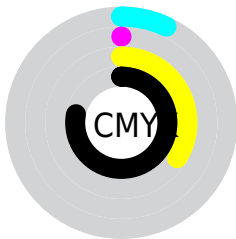
Blue (15%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (16%)

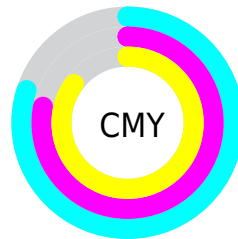


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.2145, -4.2298,
6.3651

■ 19.2145, -4.2298,
6.3651

■ 116.7637,
-12.2247, 17.3391

■ 12.2592, -3.3802,
5.0554

■ 35.9296, -5.9127,
8.9200

■ 5.3922, -4.8487,
3.7745

■ 45.5040, -6.7655,
10.1403

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.8040, -7.6320,
11.3439

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.7817, -8.5146,
12.5397

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.3976, -9.4146,
13.7336

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.6183, -10.3327,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

14.9296

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.4153,
-11.2693, 16.1307

19.2145, -4.2298,
6.3651

19.2145, -4.2298,
6.3651

19.0492, -5.0081,
7.5289

19.3952, -3.3808,
5.0223

18.8977, -5.7140,
8.5151

19.5903, -2.4600,
3.4994

18.7600, -6.3488,
9.3274

19.8002, -1.4693,
1.7977

18.6358, -6.9139,
9.9715

20.0250, -0.4100,
-0.0808

18.5242, -7.4125,
10.4576

20.2648, 0.7157,
-2.1328

■ 18.4177, -7.8879,
10.8965

■ 20.5194, 1.9057,
-4.3543

■ 18.3537, -8.1755,
11.1663

■ 20.7888, 3.1574,
-6.7403

■ 21.0728, 4.4681,
-9.2855

■ 21.3713, 5.8350,
-11.9837

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.2149, -0.5641, 6.8546



19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651



19.2149, -6.8433, 4.5607

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.2149, -4.2303, 6.3653



19.2149, -4.9677, -5.8386



19.2149, 6.9790, 0.6032

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651



14.4228, 3.1013, -6.4396

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.2149, 5.5773, -3.2911



19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651



19.2149, -1.4841, -7.4454

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.2149, -4.2303, 6.3653



19.2149, -7.2448, -2.3825



19.2149, 2.4025, -6.4319



19.2149, 6.0998, 3.9398

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651



19.2149, -7.7387, 2.6309



19.2149, 2.4025, -6.4319



19.2149, 6.7563, -0.6868

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.2149, -4.2303, 6.3653



25.8528, -2.7998, 3.8630



15.9577, 2.8457, 3.3798



13.8361, -1.5314, 2.1236



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.2149, -4.2303, 6.3653



25.0666, -6.5037, 9.7816



18.6258, -6.4137, 5.7933



10.6932, -1.0388, 1.3944



30.0257, -13.8002, 18.2601



77.2770, -36.6740, 46.9757

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4228, 3.1013, -6.4396



17.1645, 5.7098, -11.6713



15.1476, 5.3761, -5.2171



10.0365, -0.0473, -0.3249



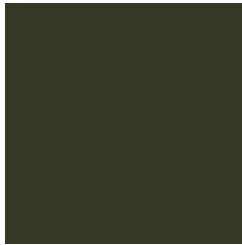
9.5448, 24.4045, -56.3025



23.9069, 62.4001, -150.8971

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651.

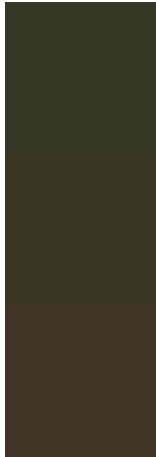


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651

Protanopia

19.2237, -1.6882, 6.6683

Deuteranopia

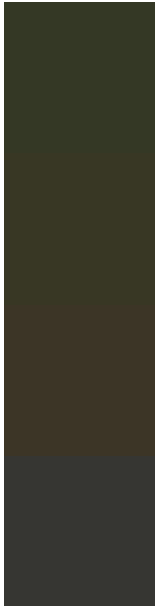
19.1987, 0.7304, 6.1800



Tritanopia

19.1414, 0.1893, -0.6010

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651

Protanomaly

19.2367, -2.8991, 6.6585

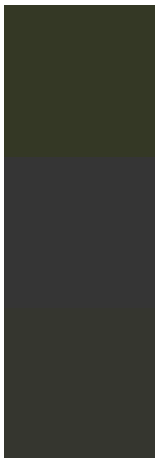
Deuteranomaly

19.0966, -0.8306, 6.0595

Tritanomaly

19.1125, -1.5415, 2.3890

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651

Achromatopsia

18.8683, -1.0068, 1.0252

Achromatomaly

18.9749, -2.1580, 3.2512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 56, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 56, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 56, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 56, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 56, 37) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 56, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 56, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 56, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 56, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 56, 37)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.2145, -4.2298, 6.3651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 56, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 56,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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