

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.2832, -0.6448,
1.5666)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.2832, -0.6448, 1.5666)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.3291, -0.6484,
1.5676)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	383635
RGB	56, 54, 53
RGB Percent	22%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.7804, 0.7882, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.05, 0.78
HSL	20°, 3%, 21%
HSV	20°, 5%, 22%
XYZ	3.5927, 3.7361, 3.9000
YIQ	54.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	56, 55, 53
Decimal	3683893
CIELab	22.78, 0.65, 0.93
CIELCh	23, 1.138, 55.206
Yxy	3.7363, 0.3200, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281873973 (0xFF383635)
YUV	54.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676

Details

The HunterLab color **19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.4287, -1.4013, 0.5297**, and the grayscale version is **19.3732, -1.0337, 1.0526**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.1826, -1.6563, 2.9235**, and **5.6584, 0.1403, 1.0820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.3130, 0.1602, 2.4424**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3756, -1.4071, 0.6481**.

Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (21%)

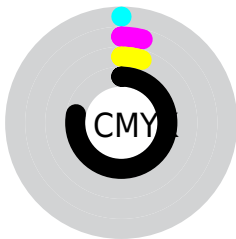
Blue (21%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (21%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3291, -0.6484,
1.5676

■ 19.3291, -0.6484,
1.5676

■ 116.9727, -5.5506,
7.3162

■ 12.3579, -0.3292,
1.1148

■ 36.0707, -1.4550,
2.6014

■ 5.5474, 0.2136,
1.0000

■ 45.6567, -1.9287,
3.1763

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.9674, -2.4437,
3.7868

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.9552, -2.9971,
4.4311

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5806, -3.5864,
5.1075

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.8103, -4.2095,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.6160, -4.8648,
6.5513

■ 19.3291, -0.6484,
1.5676

■ 19.3291, -0.6484,
1.5676

■ 18.3130, 0.1602,
2.4424

■ 20.3756, -1.4071,
0.6481

■ 17.3288, 1.0245,
3.2651

■ 21.4488, -2.1188,
-0.3114

■ 16.3804, 1.9480,
4.0281

■ 22.5467, -2.7883,
-1.3062

■ 15.4715, 2.9340,
4.7222

■ 23.6675, -3.4194,
-2.3324

■ 14.6063, 3.9843,
5.3367

■ 24.8096, -4.0159,
-3.3868

■ 13.7895, 5.0983,
5.8596

■ 25.9713, -4.5811,
-4.4667

■ 13.0264, 6.2717,
6.2778

■ 27.1515, -5.1179,
-5.5699

■ 12.3218, 7.4912,
6.5907

■ 28.3488, -5.6291,
-6.6944

■ 11.6693, 8.6848,
6.9632

■ 29.5624, -6.1172,
-7.8387

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3295, -0.4229, 1.3214



19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676



19.3295, -0.9764, 1.6761

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3295, -0.6489, 1.5679



19.3295, -1.6951, 1.1053



19.3295, -0.7465, 0.4670

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676



19.4287, -1.4013, 0.5297

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3295, -1.0883, 0.4067



19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676



19.3295, -1.6344, 0.7789

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3295, -0.6489, 1.5679



19.3295, -1.5792, 1.4121



19.3295, -1.4130, 0.5218



19.3295, -0.4795, 0.6852

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676



19.3295, -1.2077, 1.6567



19.3295, -1.4130, 0.5218



19.3295, -0.8565, 0.4274

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3295, -0.6489, 1.5679



25.8618, -1.1848, 1.6743



19.1386, 0.0242, 0.5961



13.8678, -0.6491, 0.8790



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3295, -0.6489, 1.5679



25.2895, -0.7552, 2.1737



19.6926, -1.2538, 1.9715



10.4624, -0.3318, 0.8741



17.9610, 17.0086, 11.3652



44.6044, 48.7937, 28.3392

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4287, -1.4013, 0.5297



25.4430, -1.9191, 0.5677



19.0644, -0.7973, 0.0976



10.5210, -0.7764, 0.2607



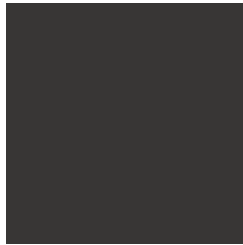
20.3088, -3.8931, -16.9801



50.7197, -7.3817, -47.4603

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

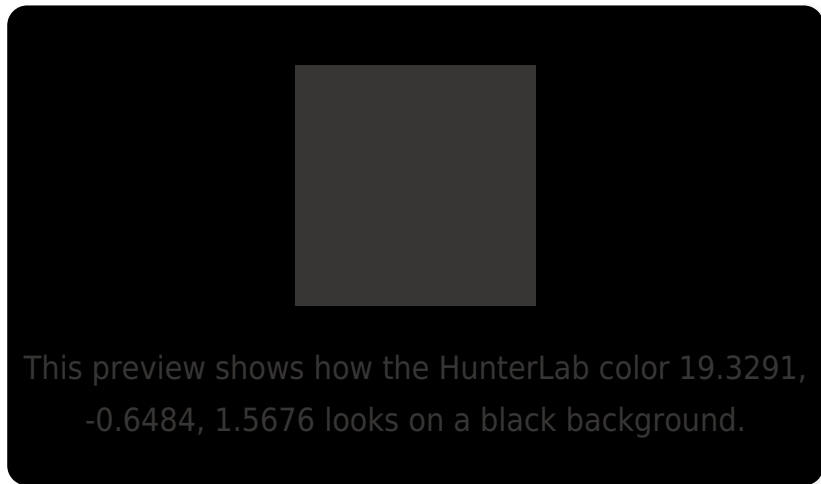
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

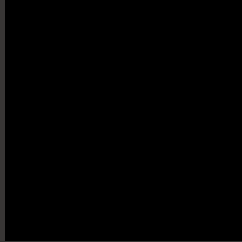
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676.



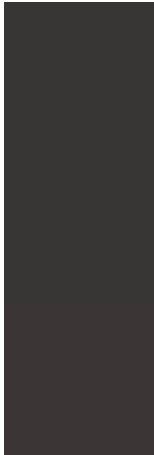
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3291, -0.6484,

1.5676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676

Protanopia

19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676

Deuteranopia

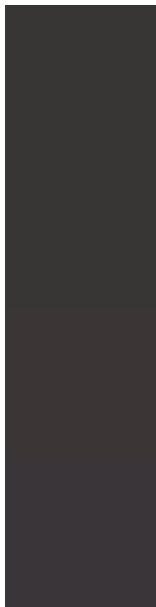
19.4008, 0.8196, 1.6757



Tritanopia

19.2913, 0.6994, -0.4033

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676

Protanomaly

19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676

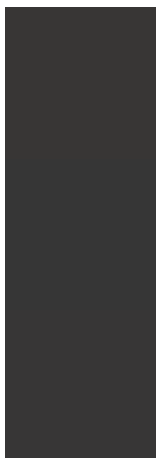
Deuteranomaly

19.3211, 0.5495, 1.5794

Tritanomaly

19.2395, 0.4198, 0.3329

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

19.2793, -0.7726, 1.1333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 54, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 54, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 54, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 54, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 54, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 54, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 54, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 54, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 54, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 54, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.3291, -0.6484, 1.5676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 54, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 54,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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