

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.2862, -2.5108,
10.2692)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.2862, -2.5108,
10.2692) contains.

HunterLab(19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(19.1596, -2.3674,
10.1235)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D3611
RGB	61, 54, 17
RGB Percent	24%, 21%, 7%
CMY	0.7608, 0.7882, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.72, 0.76
HSL	50°, 56%, 15%
HSV	50°, 72%, 24%
XYZ	3.3448, 3.6709, 1.0626
YIQ	51.8750, 16.0490, -10.0230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

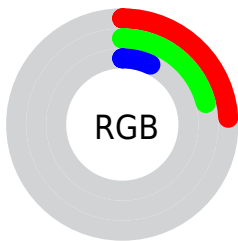
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 61, 17
Decimal	4011537
CIE _{Lab}	22.55, -2.32, 23.73
CIE _{LCh}	23, 23.843, 95.593
Yxy	3.6711, 0.4140, 0.4544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282201617 (0xFF3D3611)
YUV	51.8750, -17.1934, 8.0026
Hunter-Lab	19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235

Details


The HunterLab color **19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **10.5326, 5.2964, -18.2693**, and the grayscale version is **18.5415, -0.9893, 1.0074**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.7299, -3.4274, 14.6306**, and **5.3941, -2.1659, 3.2859** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8815, -2.2346, 10.6108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4527, -2.4307, 9.4572**.

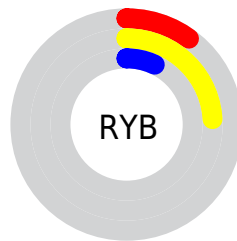
Distribution



 Red (24%)

 Green (21%)

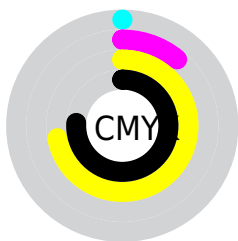
 Blue (7%)




 Red (10%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (7%)

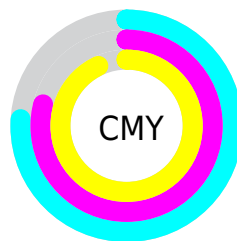



 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (11%)

 Yellow (72%)

 Black (76%)



 Cyan (76%)

 Magenta (79%)

 Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.1596, -2.3674,
10.1235

■ 19.1596, -2.3674,
10.1235

■ 116.6636, -8.7110,
28.0428

■ 12.2120, -1.8039,
8.5484

■ 35.8620, -3.5807,
14.7409

■ 5.3161, -2.1888,
3.7213

■ 45.4308, -4.2308,
16.8285

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.7257, -4.9097,
18.8230

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.6985, -5.6167,
20.7487

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.3098, -6.3511,
22.6226

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.5262, -7.1121,

24.4571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.3191, -7.8990,
26.2615

■ 19.1596, -2.3674,
10.1235

■ 19.1596, -2.3674,
10.1235

■ 18.8815, -2.2346,
10.6108

■ 19.4527, -2.4307,
9.4572

■ 18.6121, -2.0587,
10.9934

■ 19.7600, -2.4200,
8.6065

■ 18.4007, -1.9219,
11.3048

■ 20.0820, -2.3345,
7.5693

■ 20.4189, -2.1738,
6.3454

■ 20.7707, -1.9379,
4.9360

■ 21.1375, -1.6275,
3.3440

■ 21.5190, -1.2437,
1.5733

■ 21.9150, -0.7880,
-0.3715

■ 22.3255, -0.2624,
-2.4848

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1601, 5.1080, 9.6357



19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235



19.1601, -8.5061, 9.0165

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1601, -2.3681, 10.1237



19.1601, -11.1256, -8.4341



19.1601, 13.4559, -5.3126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235



10.5326, 5.2964, -18.2693

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.1601, 7.8196, -13.2449



19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235



19.1601, -6.4691, -15.4685

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1601, -2.3681, 10.1237



19.1601, -13.0551, -0.3003



19.1601, 0.3596, -17.4961



19.1601, 14.9856, 2.2954

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235



19.1601, -11.2550, 7.1427



19.1601, 0.3596, -17.4961



19.1601, 11.9415, -8.1059

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1601, -2.3681, 10.1237



26.8637, -2.5399, 6.5582



12.0846, 12.7258, 3.3395



14.2144, -1.3606, 3.5579



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1601, -2.3681, 10.1237



24.1551, -2.6713, 14.1131



19.9163, -8.7570, 10.5401



11.4065, -0.8010, 1.4530



28.3547, -2.5769, 17.4269



71.3176, -5.2771, 43.8532

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5326, 5.2964, -18.2693



10.8435, 10.8827, -33.6258



10.1963, 10.6597, -19.2023



10.8123, -0.3591, -0.3017



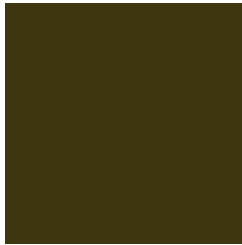
10.7531, 17.8189, -51.9063



25.4653, 51.9863, -144.0529

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

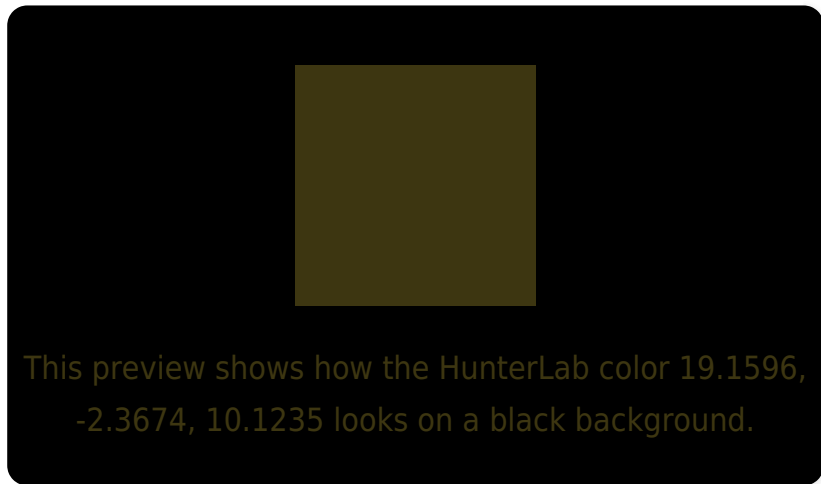
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

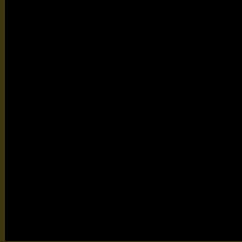
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235.

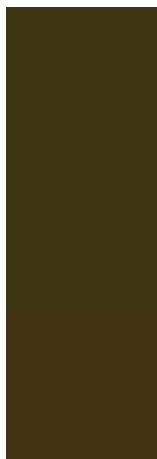


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235

Protanopia

19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235

Deuteranopia

19.0795, 1.0105, 9.9960



Tritanopia

19.0723, 3.3187, 0.9610

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235

Protanomaly

19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235

Deuteranomaly

19.0354, -0.3308, 9.9413

Tritanomaly

18.9328, 1.1289, 5.1165

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.7214, -2.1103, 5.4203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 54, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 54, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 54, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 54, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 54, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 54, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 54, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 54, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 54, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 54, 17)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.1596, -2.3674, 10.1235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 54, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 54,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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