

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.3652, -1.5629,
-0.1068)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.3652, -1.5629,
-0.1068) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.3852, -1.5035,
0.0795)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	343739
RGB	52, 55, 57
RGB Percent	20%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.7961, 0.7843, 0.7765
CMYK	0.09, 0.04, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	204°, 5%, 21%
HSV	204°, 9%, 22%
XYZ	3.5209, 3.7579, 4.4107
YIQ	54.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	52, 54, 57
Decimal	3422009
CIELab	22.85, -0.80, -1.70
CIElCh	23, 1.876, 244.788
Yxy	3.7580, 0.3012, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281612089 (0xFF343739)
YUV	54.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443
Hunter-Lab	19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795

Details

The HunterLab color **19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.3807, -0.5166, 1.9942**, and the grayscale version is **19.3155, -1.0306, 1.0494**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.1924, -2.7372, 0.7988**, and **5.5657, -0.9510, -1.0130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4506, -1.9172, -1.1035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3472, -1.0155, 1.2404**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (22%)

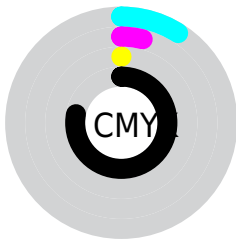
Blue (22%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (22%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3852, -1.5035,
0.0795

■ 19.3852, -1.5035,
0.0795

■ 117.0749, -7.1091,
4.6274

■ 12.4062, -1.0657,
-0.1726

■ 36.1398, -2.5078,
0.7769

■ 5.6217, -0.9196,
-0.9453

■ 45.7314, -3.0675,
1.2050

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0473, -3.6626,
1.6789

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.0400, -4.2911,
2.1949

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.6701, -4.9513,
2.7500

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.9042, -5.6419,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.3418

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.7141, -6.3615,
3.9682

■ 19.3852, -1.5035,
0.0795

■ 19.3852, -1.5035,
0.0795

■ 18.4506, -1.9172,
-1.1035

■ 20.3472, -1.0155,
1.2404

■ 17.5442, -2.2468,
-2.3105

■ 21.3335, -0.4596,
2.3794

■ 16.6685, -2.4836,
-3.5415

■ 22.3428, 0.1570,
3.4981

■ 15.8260, -2.6175,
-4.7960

■ 23.3737, 0.8284,
4.5981

■ 15.0191, -2.6379,
-6.0727

■ 24.4248, 1.5494,
5.6809

■ 14.2504, -2.5343,
-7.3689

■ 25.4947, 2.3151,
6.7480

■ 13.5224, -2.2970,
-8.6804

■ 26.5825, 3.1216,
7.8008

■ 12.8280, -1.9512,
-10.0210

■ 27.6871, 3.9653,
8.8407

■ 12.1336, -1.6171,
-11.4668

■ 28.8076, 4.8430,
9.8689

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3856, -1.9347, 0.4458



19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795



19.3856, -0.9431, -0.0219

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3856, -1.5039, 0.0798



19.3856, 0.0782, 1.1427



19.3856, -1.6619, 1.8989

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795



19.3807, -0.5166, 1.9942

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3856, -1.1276, 2.0738



19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795



19.3856, -0.1195, 1.6455

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3856, -1.5039, 0.0798



19.3856, -0.0254, 0.6020



19.3856, -0.5624, 1.9824



19.3856, -2.0251, 1.4977

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795



19.3856, -0.5699, 0.0764



19.3856, -0.5624, 1.9824



19.3856, -1.4966, 1.9855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3856, -1.5039, 0.0798



25.7576, -1.6001, 0.9513



19.8039, -2.7200, 1.7373



13.7584, -0.8740, 0.4689



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3856, -1.5039, 0.0798



24.7259, -2.1013, -0.3145



18.7988, -0.5287, -0.6343



10.3657, -0.7911, 0.0716



18.7372, -1.4112, -20.3733



46.4005, -0.3166, -57.3132

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.9783, 0.6948, 0.4141



24.0413, 1.6245, 0.2662



19.9669, -1.4920, 2.6301



10.1596, 0.3202, 0.2399



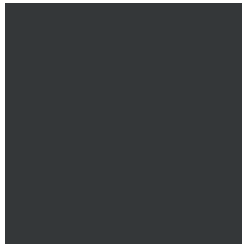
15.9430, 29.0388, -3.1546



40.9417, 74.1575, -4.8898

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

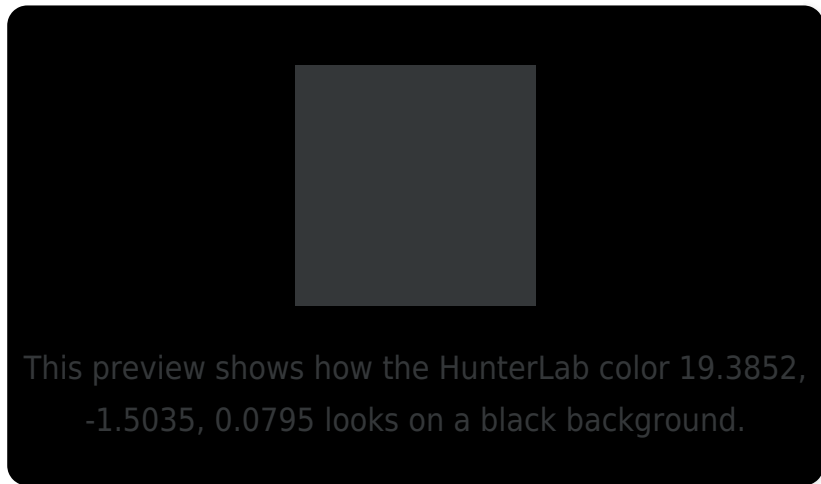
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

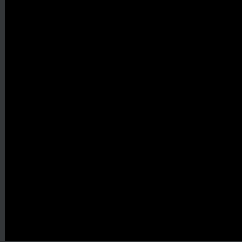
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795.



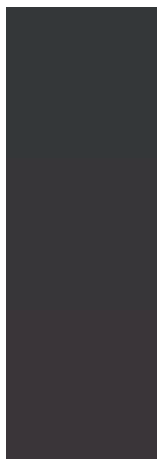
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3852, -1.5035,

0.0795.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795

Protanopia

19.3545, -0.3623, 0.0618

Deuteranopia

19.3421, 0.8190, 0.0672



Tritanopia

19.4376, -1.2154, -0.6649

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795

Protanomaly

19.2821, -0.6119, -0.0316

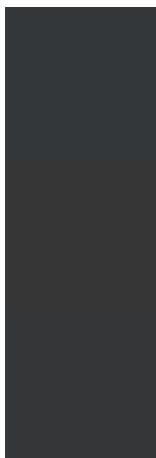
Deuteranomaly

19.4281, -0.1094, 0.1565

Tritanomaly

19.4112, -1.3607, -0.2896

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

19.1600, -1.1377, 0.6016

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 55, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 55, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 55, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 55, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 55, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 55, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 55, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 55, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 55, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 55, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.3852, -1.5035, 0.0795 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 55, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 55,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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