

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.3860, -1.5008,
5.4987)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.3860, -1.5008, 5.4987)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.3086, -1.2212,
5.4348)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B3629
RGB	59, 54, 41
RGB Percent	23%, 21%, 16%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7882, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.31, 0.77
HSL	43°, 18%, 20%
HSV	43°, 31%, 23%
XYZ	3.5230, 3.7282, 2.6318
YIQ	54.0130, 7.1530, -2.9830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

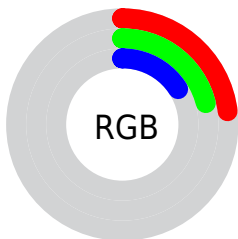
Format	Color
R_YB	48, 59, 41
Decimal	3880489
CIE Lab	22.75, -0.32, 8.99
CIE LCh	23, 8.993, 92.067
Yxy	3.7284, 0.3565, 0.3772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282070569 (0xFF3B3629)
YUV	54.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736
Hunter-Lab	19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348

Details

The HunterLab color **19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.5562, -0.0702, -4.6168**, and the grayscale version is **19.2307, -1.0261, 1.0448**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.1157, -2.5227, 7.7567**, and **5.5718, -0.4714, 3.4250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8157, -1.1205, 6.5392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8187, -1.2546, 4.1762**.

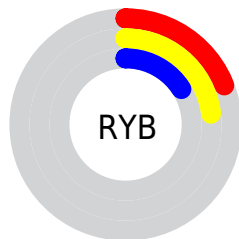
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (21%)

Blue (16%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (16%)

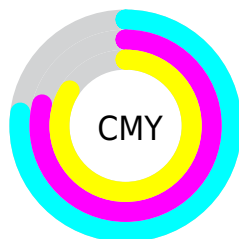


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3086, -1.2212,
5.4348

■ 19.3086, -1.2212,
5.4348

■ 116.9354, -6.5933,
15.1679

■ 12.3402, -0.8231,
4.2716

■ 36.0455, -2.1599,
7.6226

■ 5.5200, -0.5509,
3.8640

■ 45.6294, -2.6911,
8.6888

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.9382, -3.2595,
9.7517

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.9242, -3.8631,
10.8172

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.5479, -4.4998,
11.8892

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 90.7760, -5.1680,

12.9706

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.5801, -5.8662,
14.0630

19.3086, -1.2212,
5.4348

19.3086, -1.2212,
5.4348

18.8157, -1.1205,
6.5392

19.8187, -1.2546,
4.1762

18.3390, -0.9492,
7.4836

20.3442, -1.2208,
2.7686

17.8795, -0.7071,
8.2641

20.8850, -1.1225,
1.2185

17.4373, -0.3939,
8.8783

21.4407, -0.9622,
-0.4674

17.0127, -0.0105,
9.3258

22.0106, -0.7423,
-2.2825

■ 16.6019, 0.4214,
9.6631

■ 22.5943, -0.4655,
-4.2201

■ 16.2166, 0.8299,
10.0071

■ 23.1913, -0.1343,
-6.2736

■ 23.8011, 0.2486,
-8.4369

■ 24.4232, 0.6807,
-10.7036

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3090, 1.5104, 4.9903



19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348



19.3090, -3.7611, 4.8486

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3090, -1.2218, 5.4350



19.3090, -5.3139, -1.8169



19.3090, 3.8696, -1.4587

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348



16.5562, -0.0702, -4.6168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3090, 1.8590, -3.7196



19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348



19.3090, -3.4480, -3.9460

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3090, -1.2218, 5.4350



19.3090, -6.0399, 0.8686



19.3090, -0.8401, -4.6863



19.3090, 4.5463, 1.2317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348



19.3090, -5.0301, 3.8964



19.3090, -0.8401, -4.6863



19.3090, 3.3219, -2.3064

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3090, -1.2218, 5.4350



26.4024, -1.5699, 3.3722



16.4735, 4.6717, 0.8924



13.6411, -0.8149, 1.7996



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3090, -1.2218, 5.4350



24.4626, -1.4803, 8.2191



20.2560, -4.2067, 6.2675



11.3258, -0.6679, 1.3660



25.5942, 2.1346, 15.8084



63.8220, 7.7130, 39.4619

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.5562, -0.0702, -4.6168



19.9890, 0.4438, -8.2274



15.6758, 2.8587, -5.9402



10.8921, -0.4930, -0.2038



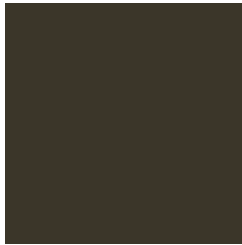
12.4985, 12.5460, -42.7053



29.4421, 38.6050, -120.1371

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

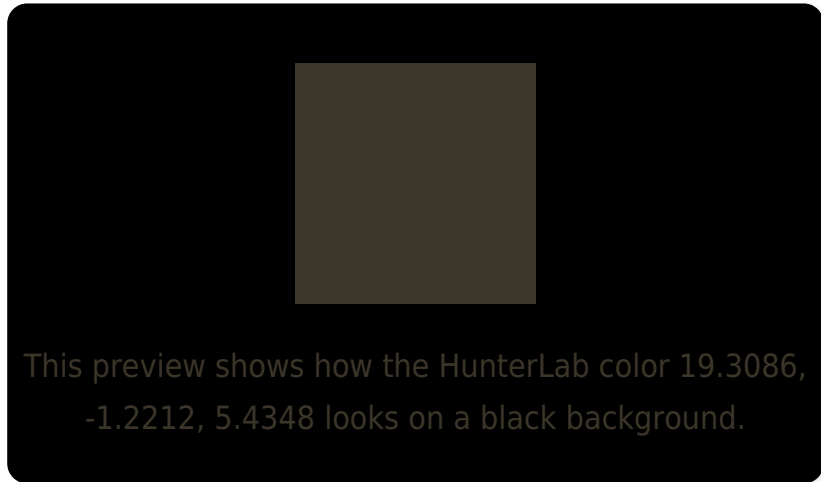
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

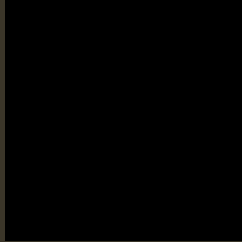
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348.

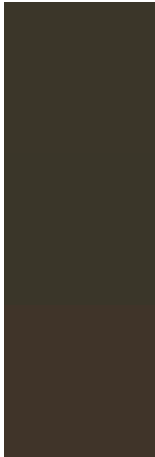


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348

Protanopia

19.2301, -1.4957, 5.3553

Deuteranopia

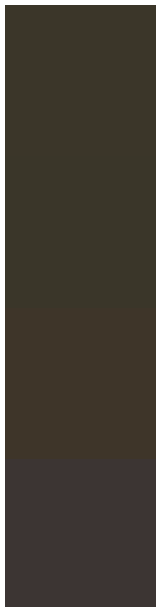
19.2511, 1.0124, 5.4193



Tritanopia

19.3225, 1.9018, 0.4596

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348

Protanomaly

19.2301, -1.4957, 5.3553

Deuteranomaly

19.3143, 0.0246, 5.4621

Tritanomaly

19.3543, 0.5690, 2.3415

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

19.2376, -1.1491, 2.8785

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 54, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 54, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 54, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 54, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 54, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 54, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 54, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 54, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 54, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 54, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.3086, -1.2212, 5.4348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 54, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 54,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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