

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.4524, -7.3093,  
0.7046)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(19.4524, -7.3093, 0.7046)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(19.5726, -7.5068,  
0.9802)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	213C37
RGB	33, 60, 55
RGB Percent	13%, 24%, 22%
CMY	0.8706, 0.7647, 0.7843
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.08, 0.76
HSL	169°, 29%, 18%
HSV	169°, 45%, 24%
XYZ	2.9326, 3.8309, 4.1993
YIQ	51.3570, -14.4870, -7.2790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

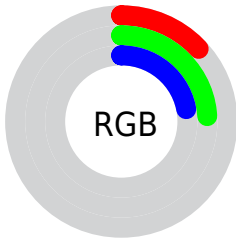
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	33, 48, 60
Decimal	2178103
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	23.10, -11.73, -0.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	23, 11.731, 180.736
Yxy	3.8310, 0.2675, 0.3494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280368183 (0xFF213C37)
YUV	51.3570, 1.7960, -16.0991
Hunter-Lab	19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802

# Details

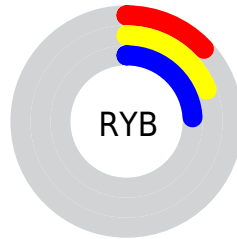
The HunterLab color **19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **14.7932, 7.3823, 1.8949**, and the grayscale version is **18.3126, -0.9771, 0.9950**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.2449, -9.8445, 1.5988**, and **6.7585, -4.5191, 1.3080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3136, -8.5567, 1.0791**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8741, -6.3155, 0.9314**.

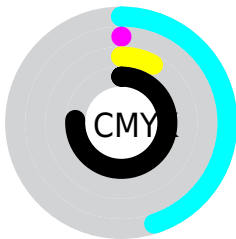
# Distribution



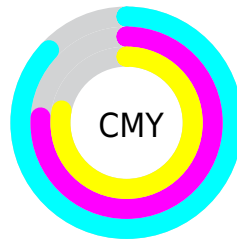
- Red (13%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 19.5726, -7.5068,  
0.9802

■ 19.5726, -7.5068,  
0.9802

■ 117.4157,  
-18.6047, 6.2371

■ 12.5678, -6.1105,  
0.6108

■ 36.3703, -10.0795,  
1.8754

■ 5.8627, -9.0316,  
0.2125

■ 45.9806, -11.3139,  
2.3900

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.3141, -12.5330,  
2.9446

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.3231, -13.7447,  
3.5365

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9686, -14.9544,  
4.1634

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.2176, -16.1659,

104.0415,  
-17.3820, 5.5152

19.5726, -7.5068,  
0.9802

19.5726, -7.5068,  
0.9802

19.3136, -8.5567,  
1.0791

19.8741, -6.3155,  
0.9314

19.0952, -9.4609,  
1.2257

20.2173, -4.9884,  
0.9328

18.9165, -10.2185,  
1.4176

20.6024, -3.5339,  
0.9846

18.7751, -10.8340,  
1.6505

21.0289, -1.9615,  
1.0860

18.6460, -11.4042,  
1.8933

21.4961, -0.2814,  
1.2357

■ 18.5813, -11.6911,  
2.0126

■ 22.0029, 1.4955,  
1.4319

■ 22.5481, 3.3585,  
1.6722

■ 23.1304, 5.2973,  
1.9542

■ 23.7483, 7.3021,  
2.2752

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.5730, -6.7342, 4.0231



19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802



19.5730, -6.6555, -2.6142

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.5730, -7.5070, 0.9805



19.5730, 2.6257, -5.4938



19.5730, 2.4605, 5.9901

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802



14.7932, 7.3823, 1.8949

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.5730, 5.2777, 4.1455



19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802



19.5730, 5.3779, -2.4407

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.5730, -7.5070, 0.9805



19.5730, -0.9562, -6.7436



19.5730, 6.3811, 1.1500



19.5730, -1.1344, 6.5796



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802



19.5730, -5.2431, -4.7600



19.5730, 6.3811, 1.1500



19.5730, 3.5388, 5.5150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.5730, -7.5070, 0.9805



27.1919, -4.3752, 1.3105



19.3943, -9.0472, 7.3934



14.3779, -2.4319, 0.6884



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.5730, -7.5070, 0.9805



25.3724, -11.4641, 1.4468



17.5976, -3.7490, -3.6259



11.3735, -1.3719, 0.5695



29.3289, -18.6488, 3.5987



74.4912, -47.9343, 10.3688



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7932, 7.3823, 1.8949



17.6978, 12.7034, 3.0557



16.3198, 3.5368, 4.8906



10.8552, 0.2166, 0.6555



15.6211, 27.0204, 8.0113



39.5811, 68.1899, 22.4289



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

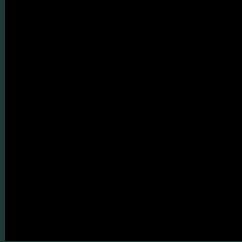
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.5726, -7.5068,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802

### Protanopia

19.6218, -0.9216, 2.2580

### Deuteranopia

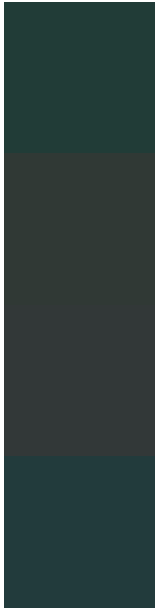
19.4741, 1.2133, 0.6302



**Tritanopia**

19.6065, -5.5941, -2.2373

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802

## Protanomaly

19.5235, -3.7694, 1.7357

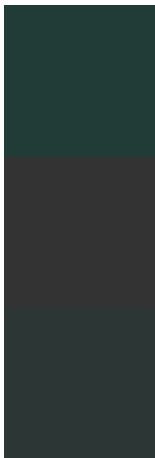
## Deuteranomaly

19.4730, -2.5139, 0.5637

## Tritanomaly

19.4788, -6.2368, -1.1186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802

## Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

## Achromatomaly

18.4979, -3.6374, 0.9215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 60, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 60, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 60, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 60, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 60, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 60, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 60, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 60, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 60, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 60, 55)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.5726, -7.5068, 0.9802 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 60, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 60,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor