

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.4532, 47.3622,  
0.0105)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(19.4532, 47.3622,  
0.0105) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.7977, 38.7778,  
2.8560)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E003B
RGB	126, 0, 59
RGB Percent	49%, 0%, 23%
CMY	0.5059, 0.9999, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.53, 0.51
HSL	332°, 100%, 25%
HSV	332°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.3936, 4.7514, 4.5597
YIQ	44.4000, 56.1570, 45.0610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

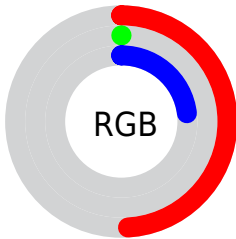
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	126, 0, 59
Decimal	8257595
CIELab	26.02, 50.07, 2.99
CIElCh	26, 50.162, 3.414
Yxy	4.7517, 0.5022, 0.2540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286447675 (0xFF7E003B)
YUV	44.4000, 7.1978, 71.5632
Hunter-Lab	21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560

# Details

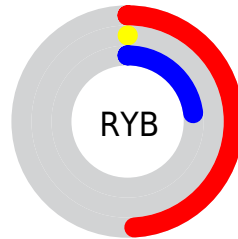
The HunterLab color **21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **39.1500, -29.8737, 15.5559**, and the grayscale version is **15.9683, -0.8520, 0.8676**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1985, 42.6772, 4.2763**, and **11.7346, 20.4146, 5.1113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.7975, 38.7771, 2.8584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.5910, 37.2498, 1.1663**.

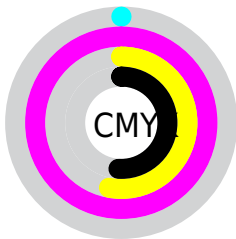
# Distribution



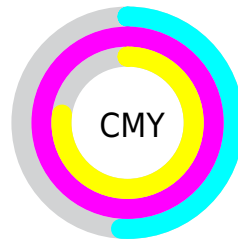
- Red (49%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



21.7977, 38.7778,  
2.8560

21.7977, 38.7778,  
2.8560

121.4085, 52.8171,  
9.6542

14.4994, 36.8952,  
2.2281

39.0896, 42.5984,  
4.1843

8.1604, 36.3893,  
1.9616

48.9159, 44.3758,  
4.8874

0.0000, INF, NaN

59.4504, 46.0414,  
5.6173

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

70.6485, 47.5963,  
6.3737

0.0000, NaN, NaN

82.4728, 49.0452,  
7.1561

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

94.8918, 50.3942,

7.9640

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.8783, 51.6496,  
8.7969

21.7977, 38.7778,  
2.8560

21.7977, 38.7778,  
2.8560

21.7975, 38.7771,  
2.8584

22.5910, 37.2498,  
1.1663

23.6922, 34.9291,  
-0.3046

25.2507, 31.4958,  
-1.3040

27.2416, 27.2502,  
-1.8080

29.6204, 22.5059,  
-1.8531

■ 32.3360, 17.5145,  
-1.5061

■ 35.3396, 12.4461,  
-0.8396

■ 38.5879, 7.4013,  
0.0813

■ 42.0448, 2.4315,  
1.2029

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7984, 33.6862, -16.3698



21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560



21.7984, 30.8748, 11.9265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7984, 38.7754, 2.8566



21.7984, -15.6373, 14.6915



21.7984, -13.2831, -44.4856

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560



39.1500, -29.8737, 15.5559

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7984, -21.3421, -21.8309



21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560



21.7984, -22.4007, 10.6340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7984, 38.7754, 2.8566



21.7984, -2.9643, 15.2588



21.7984, -24.1405, -0.6271



21.7984, 0.6962, -52.8135



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560



21.7984, 20.3424, 14.3887



21.7984, -24.1405, -0.6271



21.7984, -16.6232, -37.7573

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7984, 38.7754, 2.8566



46.5911, 16.9915, -1.1889



16.2300, 37.0706, -61.4578



21.5524, 9.2075, -0.7280



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7984, 38.7754, 2.8566



28.8707, 51.2691, 4.4920



21.1696, 35.6967, 13.6684



20.9169, 0.9869, 0.6467



22.0761, 39.2692, 2.9225

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7984, 38.7754, 2.8566



28.8707, 51.2691, 4.4920



39.8707, -20.7007, -5.1467



20.9169, 0.9869, 0.6467



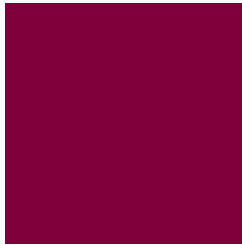
22.0761, 39.2692, 2.9225

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

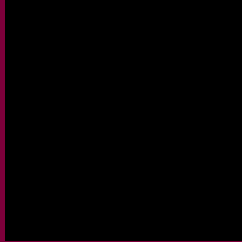
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.7977, 38.7778,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560

### Protanopia

23.2317, 0.7850, -7.6047

### Deuteranopia

23.1470, 1.3191, 5.3467



## Tritanopia

22.2705, 31.3450, 12.1136

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560

## Protanomaly

19.9812, 16.4320, -7.6887

## Deuteranomaly

20.4519, 17.3502, 2.0598

## Tritanomaly

21.9750, 34.2168, 9.6366

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560

## Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

## Achromatomaly

15.8370, 15.0440, -0.8563

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 0, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(126, 0, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 0, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 0, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 0, 59) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 0, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 0, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 0, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 0, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 0, 59)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.7977, 38.7778, 2.8560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 0, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 0,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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