

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.4601, -2.1361,
0.5155)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.4601, -2.1361, 0.5155)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.5389, -2.2802,
0.6468)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	333838
RGB	51, 56, 56
RGB Percent	20%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.8000, 0.7804, 0.7804
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	180°, 5%, 21%
HSV	180°, 9%, 22%
XYZ	3.4932, 3.8177, 4.2942
YIQ	54.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

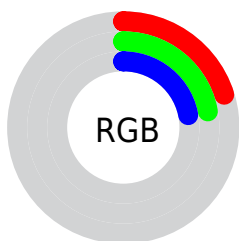
Format	Color
RYB	51, 54, 56
Decimal	3356728
CIELab	23.06, -2.12, -0.73
CIELCh	23, 2.244, 199.071
Yxy	3.8178, 0.3010, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281546808 (0xFF333838)
YUV	54.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739
Hunter-Lab	19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468

Details

The HunterLab color **19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.5676, 0.3121, 1.4450**, and the grayscale version is **19.3766, -1.0339, 1.0528**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3609, -3.6019, 1.4186**, and **5.9091, -1.9081, -0.2128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.1860, -3.5439, 0.1987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9304, -0.9095, 1.1344**.

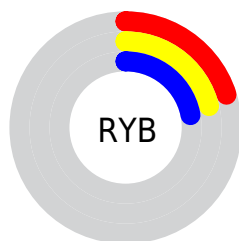
Distribution



 Red (20%)

 Green (22%)

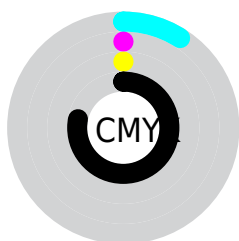
 Blue (22%)




 Red (20%)

 Yellow (21%)

 Blue (22%)

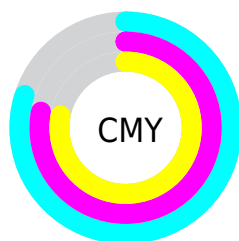



 Cyan (9%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (78%)



 Cyan (80%)

 Magenta (78%)

 Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.5389, -2.2802,
0.6468

■ 19.5389, -2.2802,
0.6468

117.3545, -8.5364,
5.6366

■ 12.5387, -1.7320,
0.3220

■ 36.3289, -3.4679,
1.4672

■ 5.8202, -1.8986,
-0.2053

■ 45.9358, -4.1073,
1.9492

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.2661, -4.7764,
2.4735

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.2723, -5.4742,
3.0368

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9150, -6.2000,
3.6367

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.1613, -6.9528,

4.2711

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.9827, -7.7319,
4.9382

■ 19.5389, -2.2802,
0.6468

■ 19.5389, -2.2802,
0.6468

■ 19.1860, -3.5439,
0.1987

■ 19.9304, -0.9095,
1.1344

■ 18.8709, -4.6912,
-0.2081

■ 20.3585, 0.5606,
1.6576

■ 18.5943, -5.7157,
-0.5709

■ 20.8227, 2.1205,
2.2134

■ 18.3559, -6.6117,
-0.8879

■ 21.3220, 3.7608,
2.7988

■ 18.1552, -7.3761,
-1.1580

■ 21.8550, 5.4725,
3.4106

17.9912, -8.0076,
-1.3810

22.4205, 7.2470,
4.0458

17.8624, -8.5081,
-1.5575

23.0172, 9.0763,
4.7016

17.7593, -8.9118,
-1.6996

23.6436, 10.9529,
5.3755

17.6572, -9.3140,
-1.8412

24.2983, 12.8702,
6.0651

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.5393, -2.3281, 1.3011



19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468



19.5393, -1.9044, 0.0868

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.5393, -2.2806, 0.6471



19.5393, -0.0321, 0.2194



19.5393, -0.7917, 2.2615

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468



18.5676, 0.3121, 1.4450

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.5393, -0.1677, 1.9924



19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468



19.5393, 0.2749, 0.8230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.5393, -2.2806, 0.6471



19.5393, -0.6087, -0.1660



19.5393, 0.2249, 1.4711



19.5393, -1.4748, 2.2181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468



19.5393, -1.5148, -0.1511



19.5393, 0.2249, 1.4711



19.5393, -0.5679, 2.2050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.5393, -2.2806, 0.6471



25.9847, -1.9740, 1.2151



19.4255, -2.9242, 2.3592



13.8996, -1.1061, 0.6332



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.5393, -2.2806, 0.6471



25.5665, -3.4504, 0.6906



18.9451, -1.3169, -0.0586



10.6149, -1.1950, 0.3663



28.9630, -15.3586, -3.0465



74.7981, -39.6650, -7.8658

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5676, 0.3121, 1.4450



23.9164, 0.9540, 2.0462



19.1423, -0.6683, 2.0827



10.1223, 0.1191, 0.7707



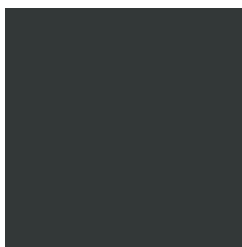
15.0501, 25.7741, 9.7228



38.8674, 66.5619, 25.1132

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

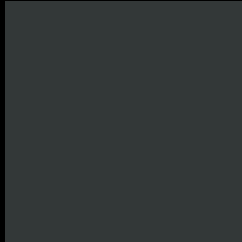
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

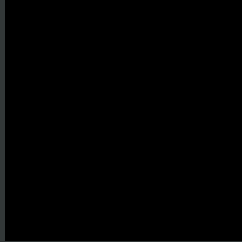
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

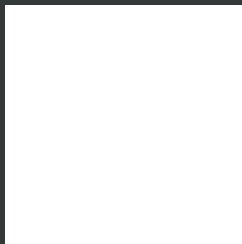
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468.

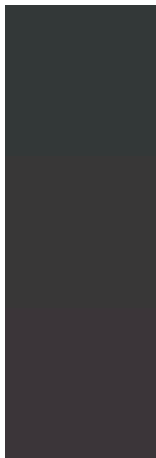


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.5389, -2.2802,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468

Protanopia

19.6188, -0.7900, 1.1520

Deuteranopia

19.4201, 1.0826, 0.1677



Tritanopia

19.4645, -1.0677, -1.0465

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468

Protanomaly

19.4743, -1.2926, 0.9731

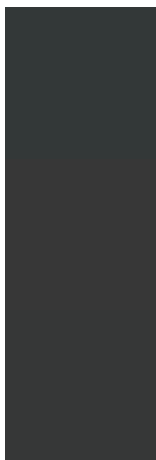
Deuteranomaly

19.4281, -0.1094, 0.1565

Tritanomaly

19.4376, -1.2154, -0.6649

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468

Achromatopsia

19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

Achromatomaly

19.4743, -1.2926, 0.9731

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(51, 56, 56) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 56, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 56, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 56, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 56, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 56, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 56, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 56, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 56, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 56, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.5389, -2.2802, 0.6468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 56, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 56,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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