

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.4807, 7.6273,
-26.9128)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.4807, 7.6273,
-26.9128) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.5938, 7.4972,
-26.6241)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A3367
RGB	42, 51, 103
RGB Percent	16%, 20%, 40%
CMY	0.8353, 0.8000, 0.5961
CMYK	0.59, 0.50, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	231°, 42%, 28%
HSV	231°, 59%, 40%
XYZ	4.5869, 3.8392, 13.3312
YIQ	54.2370, -22.0560, 14.2640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

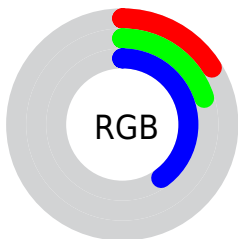
Format	Color
R _Y B	42, 50, 103
Decimal	2765671
CIE Lab	23.13, 13.36, -31.84
CIE LCh	23, 34.532, 292.768
Yxy	3.8393, 0.2108, 0.1765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280955751 (0xFF2A3367)
YUV	54.2370, 24.0402, -10.7318
Hunter-Lab	19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241

Details

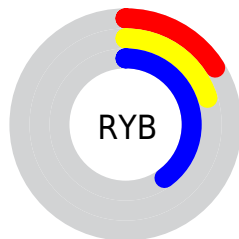
The HunterLab color **19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **33.2515, -4.4308, 16.5056**, and the grayscale version is **19.2138, -1.0252, 1.0439**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3911, 8.4458, -27.9516**, and **6.3725, 9.9885, -29.5273** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1849, 10.1292, -33.5056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.1952, 5.2659, -20.5095**.

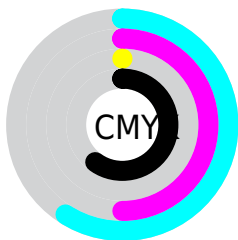
Distribution



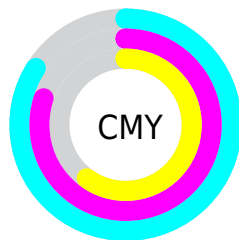
- Red (16%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.5938, 7.4972,
-26.6241

■ 19.5938, 7.4972,
-26.6241

■ 117.4541, 8.4274,
-31.0134

■ 12.5860, 6.8966,
-26.6323

■ 36.3962, 8.2872,
-27.6247

■ 5.8892, 9.5736,
-33.2116

■ 46.0087, 8.5228,
-28.2240

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 56.3441, 8.6727,
-28.8056

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.3550, 8.7470,
-29.3487

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.0023, 8.7539,
-29.8435

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.2528, 8.6997,

-30.2864

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.0784, 8.5894,
-30.6763

■ 19.5938, 7.4972,
-26.6241

■ 19.5938, 7.4972,
-26.6241

■ 17.1849, 10.1292,
-33.5056

■ 22.1952, 5.2659,
-20.5095

■ 15.0180, 13.2052,
-41.1748

■ 24.9511, 3.3667,
-15.0584

■ 13.1601, 16.6837,
-49.4107

■ 27.8349, 1.7350,
-10.1510

■ 11.6251, 20.2190,
-57.9281

■ 30.8267, 0.3160,
-5.6796

■ 11.5170, 20.4794,
-58.6044

■ 33.9115, -0.9336,
-1.5554

■ 37.0781, -2.0477,
2.2923

■ 40.3174, -3.0526,
5.9194

■ 43.6224, -3.9687,
9.3695

■ 46.9872, -4.8121,
12.6772

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.5941, -3.5511, -29.6399



19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241



19.5941, 18.0031, -14.6993

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.5941, 7.4975, -26.6235



19.5941, 12.9000, 11.0948



19.5941, -17.4661, 3.3574

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241



33.2515, -4.4308, 16.5056

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.5941, -14.7967, 9.5545



19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241



19.5941, 1.5905, 12.5255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.5941, 7.4975, -26.6235



19.5941, 21.5571, 7.1925



19.5941, -8.3385, 12.0144



19.5941, -16.5425, -8.0370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241



19.5941, 22.5157, -5.6035



19.5941, -8.3385, 12.0144



19.5941, -16.9827, 5.9919

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.5941, 7.4975, -26.6235



41.5322, 0.3004, -7.2042



33.1637, -15.9520, 1.2866



20.0653, 0.3458, -4.1942



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.5941, 7.4975, -26.6235



21.8327, 15.0730, -48.6806



19.2453, 15.9302, -27.3947



16.8014, -0.4792, -0.7077



12.7698, 23.4939, -66.6777



27.6976, 59.0733, -162.1418

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.8603, 19.0593, 5.3091



26.2438, 31.6004, 9.0200



34.1262, -14.1224, 16.9750



16.8892, 0.5066, 1.1035



19.1524, 33.0092, 10.7471



43.6432, 75.0284, 25.9676

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

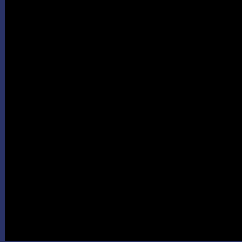
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241

Protanopia

19.5101, 5.2043, -29.3249

Tritanopia

19.5449, -7.0710, -3.2510

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241

Protanomaly

19.4499, 6.0998, -28.6482

Tritanomaly

19.4476, -2.4638, -10.6114

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

19.2151, 1.2856, -7.0547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 51, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 51, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 51, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 51, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 51, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 51, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 51, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 51, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 51, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 51,  
103) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.5938, 7.4972, -26.6241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 51, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 51,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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