

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.4948, -15.8179,
-25.9943)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.4948, -15.8179,
-25.9943) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(22.5252, -4.4239,
-18.6046)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004465
RGB	0, 68, 101
RGB Percent	0%, 27%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7333, 0.6039
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	200°, 100%, 20%
HSV	200°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	4.4161, 5.0738, 13.0586
YIQ	51.4300, -51.1210, -4.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 41, 101
Decimal	17509
CIELab	26.94, -5.35, -24.59
CIELCh	27, 25.164, 257.718
Yxy	5.0740, 0.1959, 0.2250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278207589 (0xFF004465)
YUV	51.4300, 24.4380, -45.1041
Hunter-Lab	22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046

Details

The HunterLab color **22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **19.6342, 19.3795, 12.4369**, and the grayscale version is **18.2732, -0.9750, 0.9928**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.9834, -6.1451, -19.5196**, and **10.0256, 0.8871, -14.4462** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.5245, -4.4228, -18.6062**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.5578, -5.2503, -16.5625**.

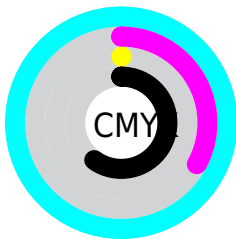
Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22.5252, -4.4239,
-18.6046

■ 22.5252, -4.4239,
-18.6046

■ 122.6928,
-12.3322, -21.6428

■ 15.1352, -3.6042,
-18.1499

■ 39.9715, -6.0701,
-19.6369

■ 8.7682, -3.1285,
-18.1552

■ 49.8658, -6.9112,
-20.0982

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 60.4638, -7.7684,
-20.5022

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 71.7215, -8.6433,
-20.8459

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.6023, -9.5368,
-21.1297

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.0752, -10.4493,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.3556

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.1132,
-11.3811, -21.5258

22.5252, -4.4239,
-18.6046

22.5252, -4.4239,
-18.6046

22.5245, -4.4228,
-18.6062

23.5578, -5.2503,
-16.5625

24.6349, -5.9335,
-14.5560

25.7975, -6.3223,
-12.5109

27.0442, -6.4217,
-10.4400

28.3719, -6.2454,
-8.3557

■ 29.7766, -5.8119,
-6.2688

■ 31.2539, -5.1418,
-4.1881

■ 32.7992, -4.2568,
-2.1199

■ 34.4081, -3.1774,
-0.0689

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.5256, -10.7591, -12.7322



22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046



22.5256, 3.7391, -17.9624

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.5256, -4.4236, -18.6041



22.5256, 15.6488, 5.2877



22.5256, -11.6133, 9.0941

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046



19.6342, 19.3795, 12.4369

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.5256, -5.7529, 11.2704



22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046



22.5256, 10.2709, 9.6683

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.5256, -4.4236, -18.6041



22.5256, 16.1384, -2.1613



22.5256, 2.2091, 11.4348



22.5256, -14.4988, 4.1575

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046



22.5256, 9.1469, -13.9374



22.5256, 2.2091, 11.4348



22.5256, -9.9671, 10.0838

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.5256, -4.4236, -18.6041



40.7822, -6.8230, -5.7185



30.6786, -25.0934, 15.8251



19.9378, -3.5268, -3.2419



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.5256, -4.4236, -18.6041



29.1884, -5.3001, -25.0417



11.7877, 18.3500, -54.3430



17.4418, -1.5397, 0.0741



25.6427, -4.8358, -21.6121



57.1428, -8.8545, -52.3092

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8447, 32.8952, -6.5994



23.3388, 42.9558, -8.0762



29.7907, -1.6767, 18.3270



16.9546, 0.8588, 0.1715



20.4140, 37.6020, -7.2918



46.4426, 85.2352, -14.1811

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

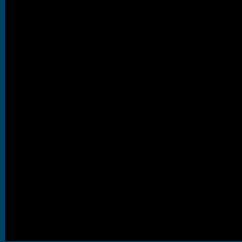
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046

Protanopia

22.6895, 2.3928, -15.5292

Deuteranopia

22.6709, 1.4882, -18.8789



Tritanopia

22.4238, -10.9210, -4.4525

Trichromacy



Original Color

22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046

Protanomaly

22.3288, -1.3263, -16.9471

Deuteranomaly

22.3000, -1.0793, -19.6991

Tritanomaly

22.4415, -8.8098, -9.0320

Monochromacy



Original Color

22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046

Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Achromatomaly

19.1390, -4.2735, -5.7232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 68, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 68, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 68, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 68, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 68, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 68, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 68, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 68, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 68, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 68, 101)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 22.5252, -4.4239, -18.6046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 68, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 68,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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