

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.6204, 44.9659,
-118.0387)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.6204, 44.9659,
-118.0387) contains.

HunterLab(19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(19.6380, 44.7487,
-117.4828)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1212B4
RGB	18, 18, 180
RGB Percent	7%, 7%, 71%
CMY	0.9293, 0.9294, 0.2941
CMYK	0.90, 0.90, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	240°, 82%, 39%
HSV	240°, 90%, 71%
XYZ	8.7040, 3.8565, 43.4657
YIQ	36.4680, -52.0020, 50.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

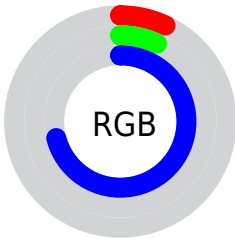
Format	Color
R_{YB}	18, 18, 180
Decimal	1184436
CIE _{Lab}	23.19, 56.45, -79.69
CIE _{LCh}	23, 97.657, 305.310
Yxy	3.8565, 0.1554, 0.0688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279374516 (0xFF1212B4)
YUV	36.4680, 70.7613, -16.1964
Hunter-Lab	19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828

Details

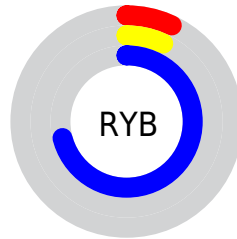
The HunterLab color **19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **65.1046, -17.2979, 39.2934**, and the grayscale version is **13.2259, -0.7057, 0.7186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3255, 48.9275, -107.5317**, and **12.1683, 33.0064, -86.4607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1536, 49.2404, -128.9795**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.2082, 38.2735, -100.9249**.

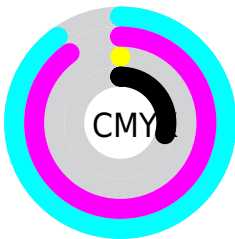
Distribution



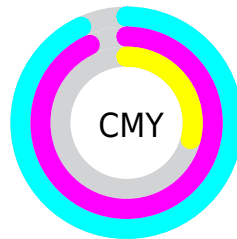
- Red (7%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.6380, 44.7487,
-117.4828

■ 19.6380, 44.7487,
-117.4828

■ 117.5338, 60.7144,
-107.6527

■ 12.6239, 43.0139,
-131.6716

■ 36.4502, 48.8481,
-107.3902

■ 5.9439, 51.1444,
-190.5894

■ 46.0670, 50.8447,
-105.7707

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 56.4065, 52.7458,
-105.1458

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 67.4212, 54.5420,
-105.1212

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 79.0721, 56.2330,
-105.4725

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.3261, 57.8222,

-106.0640

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.1549, 59.3143,
-106.8096

19.6380, 44.7487,
-117.4828

19.6380, 44.7487,
-117.4828

18.1536, 49.2404,
-128.9795

22.2082, 38.2735,
-100.9249

25.9186, 30.9453,
-82.2643

30.5080, 24.0110,
-64.6984

35.7500, 17.8812,
-49.2707

41.4820, 12.5440,
-35.9367

■ 47.5932, 7.8608,
-24.3281

■ 54.0084, 3.6850,
-14.0587

■ 60.6751, -0.1052,
-4.8087

■ 67.5556, -3.6034,
3.6674

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.6380, 4.5896, -170.2014



19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828



19.6380, 83.8544, -38.5413

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6380, 44.7518, -117.4832



19.6380, 29.3849, 13.7466



19.6380, -33.7619, -4.7285

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828



65.1046, -17.2979, 39.2934

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.6380, -31.8739, 13.7466



19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828



19.6380, -6.1152, 13.7466

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6380, 44.7518, -117.4832



19.6380, 71.8458, 13.7466



19.6380, -24.5304, 13.7466



19.6380, -29.8686, -64.6313

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828



19.6380, 96.0929, -3.9775



19.6380, -24.5304, 13.7466



19.6380, -33.7823, 5.0532

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6380, 44.7518, -117.4832



66.2471, 9.0981, -29.0920



60.0554, -31.3585, -6.1730



29.4784, 5.1443, -15.7812



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6380, 44.7518, -117.4832



24.4445, 66.3046, -173.6796



25.2590, 51.9031, -84.8833



28.6884, -0.1663, -1.9719



15.1661, 41.1367, -107.7517



2.6906, 7.2972, -19.1092

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.6467, 68.7147, -46.0497



48.5455, 95.4382, -63.9982



59.4465, -39.2459, 35.3731



29.4053, 2.2631, -1.0079



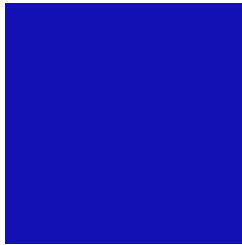
30.1185, 59.2117, -39.7062



5.3426, 10.5033, -7.0442

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

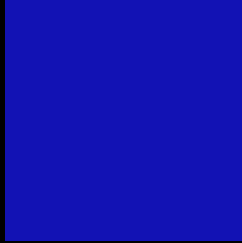
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

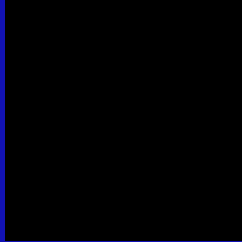
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828

Protanopia

19.6297, 5.2627, -35.8961

Deuteranopia

19.7210, -1.2871, -21.8711



Tritanopia

19.8705, -9.9719, -3.3099

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828

Protanomaly

18.6173, 19.8463, -64.7555

Deuteranomaly

18.1803, 15.1383, -54.0134

Tritanomaly

17.7193, 6.8482, -35.5051

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828

Achromatopsia

13.2823, -0.7087, 0.7217

Achromatomaly

13.5813, 11.8177, -31.7295

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 18, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 18, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 18, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 18, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 18, 180) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 18, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 18, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 18, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 18, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 18,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.6380, 44.7487, -117.4828 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 18, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 18,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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