

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	730030
RGB	115, 0, 48
RGB Percent	45%, 0%, 19%
CMY	0.5490, 1.0000, 0.8118
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.58, 0.55
HSL	335°, 100%, 23%
HSV	335°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	7.6037, 3.8582, 3.1403
YIQ	39.8570, 53.1320, 39.3080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

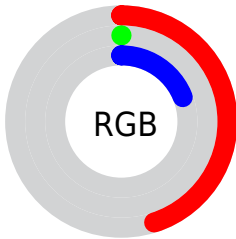
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	115, 0, 48
Decimal	7536688
CIE Lab	23.20, 46.49, 6.25
CIE LCh	23, 46.906, 7.656
Yxy	3.8585, 0.5207, 0.2642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285726768 (0xFF730030)
YUV	39.8570, 4.0145, 65.9004
Hunter-Lab	19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709

# Details

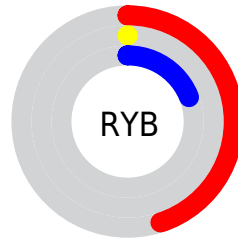
The HunterLab color **19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **35.5905, -26.4521, 12.6185**, and the grayscale version is **14.4978, -0.7736, 0.7877**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.3945, 38.6538, 5.8513**, and **10.1308, 17.3709, 6.3786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6422, 34.7240, 4.2728**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4183, 33.1413, 2.7752**.

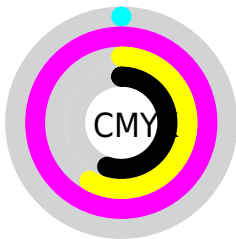
# Distribution



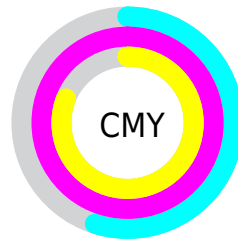
- Red (45%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709

19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709

117.5429, 47.9486,  
12.6066

12.6282, 32.9166,  
3.3619

36.4563, 38.3914,  
6.0478

5.9500, 38.8264,  
4.1650

46.0737, 40.0812,  
6.9409

0.0000, INF, NaN

56.4136, 41.6548,  
7.8452

0.0000, NaN, NaN

67.4288, 43.1148,  
8.7637

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.0801, 44.4674,  
9.6981


0.0000, NaN, NaN


91.3345, 45.7195,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


10.6497


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 104.1636, 46.8778,  
11.6190


 19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709


 19.6424, 34.7246,  
4.2709


 19.6422, 34.7240,  
4.2728

 20.4183, 33.1413,  
2.7752

 21.4461, 30.9693,  
1.3944

 22.8844, 27.8402,  
0.3773

 24.7083, 24.0251,  
-0.2426

 26.8767, 19.7980,  
-0.4840

■ 29.3435, 15.3741,  
-0.3939

■ 32.0652, 10.8968,  
-0.0274

■ 35.0037, 6.4495,  
0.5635

■ 38.1269, 2.0740,  
1.3346

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.6430, 31.7788, -11.8502



19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709



19.6430, 26.1087, 11.3568

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6430, 34.7223, 4.2714



19.6430, -15.2923, 13.1463



19.6430, -10.5267, -42.3828

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709



35.5905, -26.4521, 12.6185

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.6430, -18.5475, -22.8669



19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709



19.6430, -20.6933, 8.6915

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6430, 34.7223, 4.2714



19.6430, -4.6117, 13.7501



19.6430, -21.6830, -2.7834



19.6430, 2.7869, -47.2261



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709



19.6430, 16.1152, 13.6724



19.6430, -21.6830, -2.7834



19.6430, -13.8024, -36.8741

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6430, 34.7223, 4.2714



42.6067, 15.0598, -0.0877



15.3874, 34.3913, -52.4127



20.2025, 8.3345, -0.1368



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6430, 34.7223, 4.2714



26.2361, 46.2889, 6.4197



19.5231, 31.2401, 12.5759



19.2973, 0.8381, 0.7104



20.9918, 37.0912, 4.7117



46.1638, 81.2348, 12.9474



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.6430, 34.7223, 4.2714



26.2361, 46.2889, 6.4197



34.3846, -16.6327, -7.0713



19.2973, 0.8381, 0.7104



20.9918, 37.0912, 4.7117

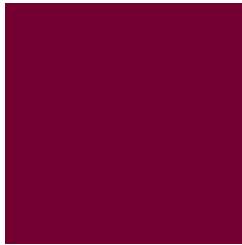


46.1638, 81.2348, 12.9474



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

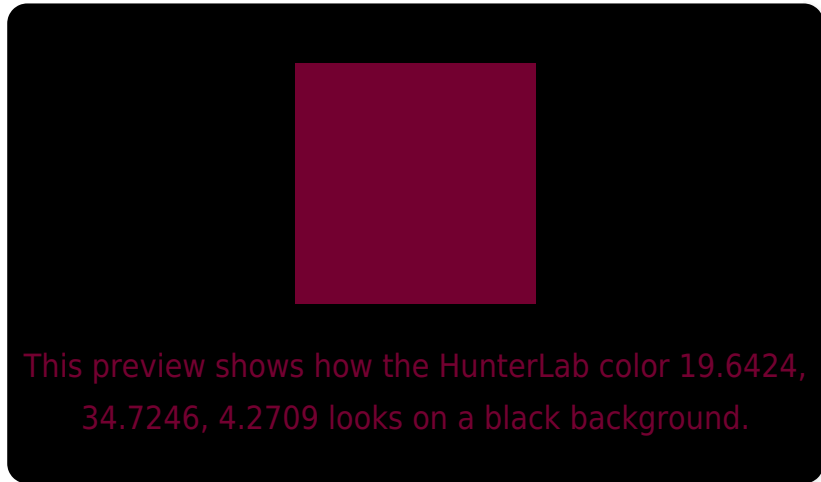
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.6424, 34.7246,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709

### Protanopia

21.0713, 0.0328, -3.3195

### Deuteranopia

20.9828, 0.9232, 6.4876



## Tritanopia

20.2159, 28.9154, 11.2848

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709

## Protanomaly

18.3132, 13.8070, -3.2287

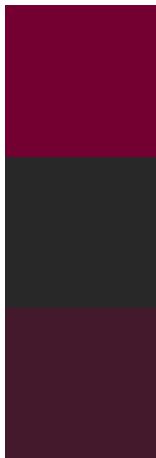
## Deuteranomaly

18.5193, 15.2278, 3.7299

## Tritanomaly

19.8219, 30.9838, 9.2797

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709

## Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

## Achromatomaly

14.3630, 13.3709, -0.3499

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 0, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 0, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 0, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 0, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 0, 48) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 0, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 0, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 0, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 0, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 0, 48)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.6424, 34.7246, 4.2709 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 0, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 0,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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