

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.6581, -5.4642,
2.0596)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.6581, -5.4642, 2.0596)
contains.

HunterLab(19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(19.7217, -5.7304,
2.2851)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B3B34
RGB	43, 59, 52
RGB Percent	17%, 23%, 20%
CMY	0.8314, 0.7686, 0.7961
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.12, 0.77
HSL	154°, 16%, 20%
HSV	154°, 27%, 23%
XYZ	3.1801, 3.8895, 3.8319
YIQ	53.4180, -7.2890, -5.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

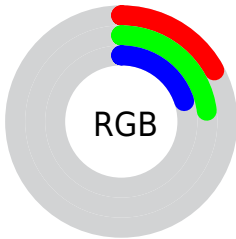
Format	Color
RYB	43, 53, 59
Decimal	2833204
CIELab	23.30, -8.29, 2.22
CIElCh	23, 8.586, 165.001
Yxy	3.8896, 0.2917, 0.3568
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281023284 (0xFF2B3B34)
YUV	53.4180, -0.6991, -9.1366
Hunter-Lab	19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851

Details

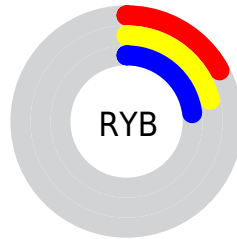
The HunterLab color **19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.9940, 4.3280, 0.0187**, and the grayscale version is **19.0140, -1.0145, 1.0331**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.4880, -7.7012, 3.5726**, and **6.4346, -4.7882, 2.2936** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3612, -7.2022, 2.7633**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1257, -4.1287, 1.8351**.

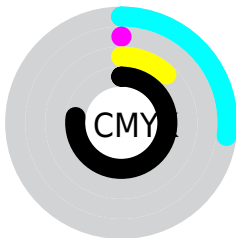
Distribution



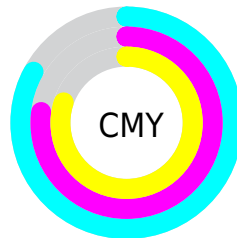
- Red (17%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.7217, -5.7304,
2.2851

■ 19.7217, -5.7304,
2.2851

■ 117.6865,
-15.0668, 8.6551

■ 12.6965, -4.6487,
1.7257

■ 36.5535, -7.7948,
3.4950

■ 6.0471, -6.2990,
1.8523

■ 46.1787, -8.8122,
4.1460

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.5260, -9.8313,
4.8272

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5481, -10.8566,
5.5376

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.2059, -11.8910,
6.2765

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.4664, -12.9367,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.3015,
-13.9950, 7.8360

19.7217, -5.7304,
2.2851

19.7217, -5.7304,
2.2851

19.3612, -7.2022,
2.7633

20.1257, -4.1287,
1.8351

19.0432, -8.5330,
3.2653

20.5712, -2.4074,
1.4153

18.7680, -9.7150,
3.7870

21.0577, -0.5788,
1.0282

18.5349, -10.7426,
4.3234

21.5841, 1.3452,
0.6751

18.3428, -11.6132,
4.8690

22.1489, 3.3526,
0.3569

■ 18.1869, -12.3402,
5.4150

■ 22.7507, 5.4321,
0.0736

■ 18.0392, -13.0347,
5.9309

■ 23.3879, 7.5735,
-0.1749

■ 17.9970, -13.2335,
6.0727

■ 24.0589, 9.7671,
-0.3894

■ 24.7621, 12.0044,
-0.5709

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7221, -4.5233, 4.1980



19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851



19.7221, -5.7307, -0.2206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.7221, -5.7307, 2.2854



19.7221, 0.2807, -4.1964



19.7221, 2.6743, 4.1981

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851



16.9940, 4.3280, 0.0187

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7221, 4.1050, 2.2855



19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851



19.7221, 2.6744, -2.6641

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.7221, -5.7307, 2.2854



19.7221, -2.3528, -4.1964



19.7221, 4.1051, -0.2204



19.7221, 0.2806, 5.1993

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851



19.7221, -5.0500, -1.9089



19.7221, 4.1051, -0.2204



19.7221, 3.2892, 3.6525

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.7221, -5.7307, 2.2854



26.5449, -3.4013, 1.8970



19.9643, -5.2050, 5.4231



13.7133, -1.8410, 1.0004



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.7221, -5.7307, 2.2854



25.1703, -8.8413, 3.4116



19.6872, -4.4507, -0.4084



11.3563, -1.4672, 0.8145



28.8539, -21.5541, 10.4643



73.2380, -55.6111, 28.5073

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9940, 4.3280, 0.0187



20.7320, 7.5703, -0.2500



17.0024, 3.1381, 2.5616



10.8724, 0.3100, 0.4089



16.0009, 28.4149, 2.4880



40.4602, 71.4255, 9.5850

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

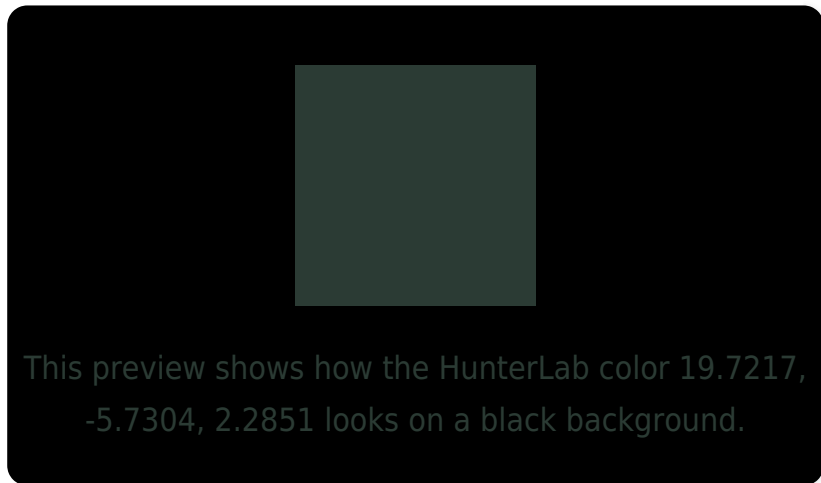
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

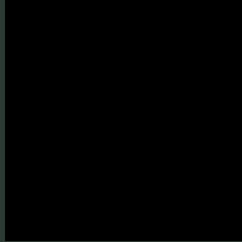
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7217, -5.7304,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851

Protanopia

19.6525, -0.9050, 2.9900

Deuteranopia

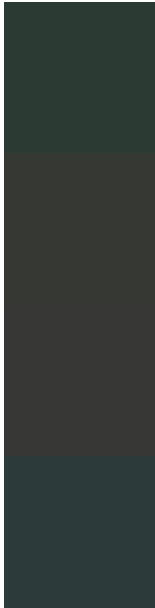
19.7977, 0.9532, 2.1291



Tritanopia

19.8288, -3.5105, -1.4702

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851

Protanomaly

19.5557, -2.4586, 2.5114

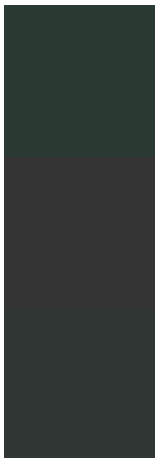
Deuteranomaly

19.7424, -1.7076, 2.0201

Tritanomaly

19.6649, -4.3186, -0.0273

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851

Achromatopsia

18.8683, -1.0068, 1.0252

Achromatomaly

19.0850, -2.7643, 1.2481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 59, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 59, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 59, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 59, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 59, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 59, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 59, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 59, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 59, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 59, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.7217, -5.7304, 2.2851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 59, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 59,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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