

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.7355, -12.2883,
1.8592)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.7355, -12.2883,
1.8592) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.8087,
-12.3534, 1.9084)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004035
RGB	0, 64, 53
RGB Percent	0%, 25%, 21%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7490, 0.7922
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.17, 0.75
HSL	170°, 100%, 13%
HSV	170°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.4760, 3.9238, 3.9950
YIQ	43.6100, -34.6130, -16.9890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

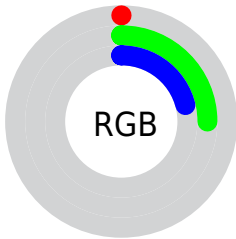
Format	Color
RYB	0, 35, 64
Decimal	16437
CIELab	23.42, -21.68, 1.50
CIELCh	23, 21.737, 176.032
Yxy	3.9240, 0.2382, 0.3775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278206517 (0xFF004035)
YUV	43.6100, 4.6293, -38.2460
Hunter-Lab	19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084

Details

The HunterLab color **19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10.5559, 18.3045, 5.0460**, and the grayscale version is **15.7365, -0.8397, 0.8550**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5500, -16.4262, 3.0858**, and **7.1961, -5.3009, 2.4487** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.8090, -12.3538, 1.9087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9388, -11.7791, 1.6651**.

Distribution



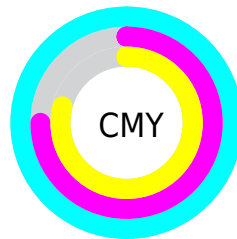
- Red (0%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.8087, -12.3534,
1.9084

■ 19.8087, -12.3534,
1.9084

■ 117.8441,
-28.7156, 7.9426

■ 12.7716, -10.0060,
1.4071

■ 36.6603, -16.4568,
3.0227

■ 6.1519, -10.7658,
1.3483

■ 46.2942, -18.3413,
3.6325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.6495, -20.1581,
4.2755

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.6791, -21.9256,
4.9502

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.3440, -23.6569,
5.6554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.6114, -25.3614,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.4530,
-27.0458, 7.1526

■ 19.8087, -12.3534,
1.9084

■ 19.8087, -12.3534,
1.9084

■ 19.8090, -12.3538,
1.9087

■ 19.9388, -11.7791,
1.6651

■ 20.0718, -11.1946,
1.4208

■ 20.2384, -10.4815,
1.2132

■ 20.4470, -9.6101,
1.0539

■ 20.6995, -8.5793,
0.9464

■ 20.9971, -7.3912,
0.8930

■ 21.3403, -6.0514,
0.8948

■ 21.7294, -4.5675,
0.9522

■ 22.1640, -2.9491,
1.0645

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.8091, -10.6608, 6.7818



19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084



19.8091, -11.3669, -5.0982

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.8091, -12.3535, 1.9086



19.8091, 4.9268, -13.4193



19.8091, 6.6763, 8.7940

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084



10.5559, 18.3045, 5.0460

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.8091, 11.9156, 5.7429



19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084



19.8091, 10.8149, -7.0755

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.8091, -12.3535, 1.9086



19.8091, -1.9426, -15.4837



19.8091, 13.5221, 0.2103



19.8091, -0.1576, 9.8288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084



19.8091, -9.2412, -9.9420



19.8091, 13.5221, 0.2103



19.8091, 8.7159, 8.0326

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.8091, -12.3535, 1.9086



28.0486, -8.2224, 1.1742



19.3474, -15.5770, 11.6488



14.6778, -4.4888, 0.6142



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.8091, -12.3535, 1.9086



26.0810, -16.3659, 2.7302



14.6694, -3.5697, -10.6285



12.1535, -1.4803, 0.5931



30.1889, -18.9951, 3.2714



75.5410, -48.0568, 9.3212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5559, 18.3045, 5.0460



13.8735, 23.9965, 7.1219



12.6487, 11.3017, 7.9915



11.5838, 0.2485, 0.7158



16.0477, 27.7278, 8.4664



40.0686, 68.9773, 23.1121

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.8087,

-12.3534, 1.9084.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084

Protanopia

19.9497, -1.1603, 3.6368

Deuteranopia

19.8452, 1.2078, 1.4511



Tritanopia

19.9723, -8.1011, -3.5988

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084

Protanomaly

19.4172, -6.9622, 2.6287

Deuteranomaly

19.2971, -5.8753, 1.0649

Tritanomaly

19.9524, -9.8793, -1.4211

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

16.7922, -6.2575, 0.7422

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 64, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 64, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 64, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 64, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 64, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 64, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 64, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 64, 53); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 64, 53); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 64, 53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.8087, -12.3534, 1.9084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 64, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 64,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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