

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.8001, -2.9412,
0.6658)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.8001, -2.9412, 0.6658)
contains.

HunterLab(19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(19.7478, -2.7683,
0.4983)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	323939
RGB	50, 57, 57
RGB Percent	20%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.8039, 0.7765, 0.7765
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	180°, 7%, 21%
HSV	180°, 12%, 22%
XYZ	3.5170, 3.8998, 4.4382
YIQ	54.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

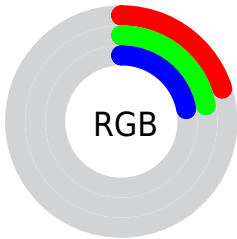
Format	Color
RYB	50, 54, 57
Decimal	3291449
CIELab	23.34, -2.94, -1.01
CIELCh	23, 3.110, 198.896
Yxy	3.8999, 0.2967, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281481529 (0xFF323939)
YUV	54.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034
Hunter-Lab	19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983

Details

The HunterLab color **19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.3887, 0.8606, 1.6160**, and the grayscale version is **19.5123, -1.0411, 1.0601**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5881, -4.1543, 1.2499**, and **6.0427, -2.4851, -0.3965** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.4009, -4.0186, 0.0550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1344, -1.4054, 0.9831**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (22%)

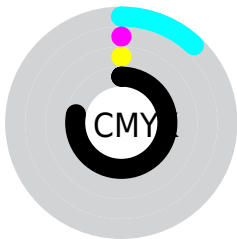
Blue (22%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (22%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.7478, -2.7683,
0.4983

■ 19.7478, -2.7683,
0.4983

■ 117.7338, -9.4339,
5.3742

■ 12.7190, -2.1507,
0.1921

■ 36.5856, -4.0715,
1.2871

■ 6.0788, -2.4336,
-0.3558

■ 46.2134, -4.7610,
1.7552

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.5631, -5.4766,
2.2665

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5874, -6.2181,
2.8176

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.2473, -6.9851,
3.4059

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.5100, -7.7771,

4.0293

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.3470, -8.5935,
4.6860

■ 19.7478, -2.7683,
0.4983

■ 19.7478, -2.7683,
0.4983

■ 19.4009, -4.0186,
0.0550

■ 20.1344, -1.4054,
0.9831

■ 19.0928, -5.1472,
-0.3451

■ 20.5589, 0.0625,
1.5053

■ 18.8241, -6.1477,
-0.6995

■ 21.0207, 1.6254,
2.0622

■ 18.5944, -7.0152,
-1.0065

■ 21.5187, 3.2738,
2.6503

■ 18.4030, -7.7472,
-1.2652

■ 22.0517, 4.9984,
3.2665

■ 18.2487, -8.3434,
-1.4758

■ 22.6185, 6.7901,
3.9077

■ 18.1298, -8.8066,
-1.6392

■ 23.2176, 8.6404,
4.5708

■ 18.0281, -9.2059,
-1.7800

■ 23.8477, 10.5416,
5.2532

■ 17.9492, -9.5173,
-1.8897

■ 24.5072, 12.4865,
5.9525

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7482, -2.8312, 1.4097



19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983



19.7482, -2.2521, -0.2925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.7482, -2.7687, 0.4986



19.7482, 0.3535, -0.1130



19.7482, -0.6985, 2.7194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983



18.3887, 0.8606, 1.6160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7482, 0.1718, 2.3511



19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983



19.7482, 0.7868, 0.7342

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.7482, -2.7687, 0.4986



19.7482, -0.4543, -0.6571



19.7482, 0.7197, 1.6344



19.7482, -1.6482, 2.6630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983



19.7482, -1.7141, -0.6319



19.7482, 0.7197, 1.6344



19.7482, -0.3867, 2.6419

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.7482, -2.7687, 0.4986



25.9305, -2.1639, 1.1475



19.5902, -3.6667, 2.8742



13.8744, -1.1943, 0.6018



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.7482, -2.7687, 0.4986



25.3706, -4.1505, 0.4418



18.9114, -1.4242, -0.5081



10.6149, -1.1950, 0.3662



28.9632, -15.3576, -3.0489



74.7986, -39.6621, -7.8727

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3887, 0.8606, 1.6160



23.1310, 1.8334, 2.2842



19.1874, -0.5167, 2.4894



10.1223, 0.1191, 0.7707



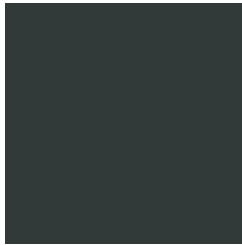
15.0501, 25.7739, 9.7235



38.8674, 66.5617, 25.1137

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

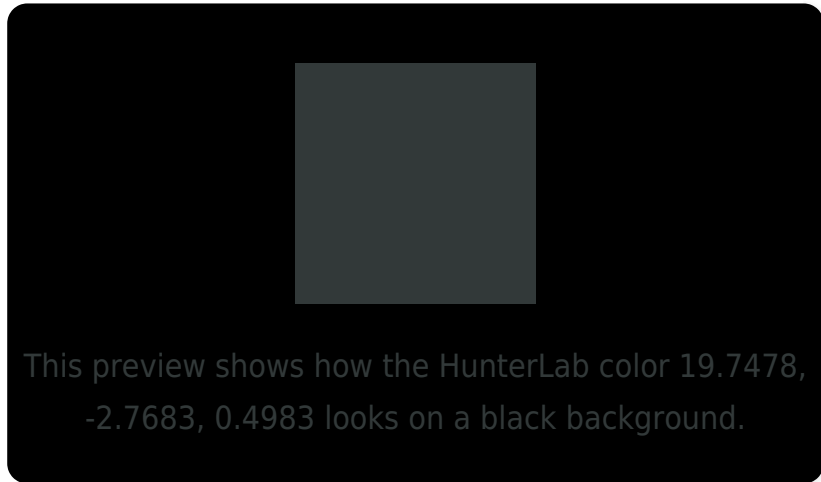
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

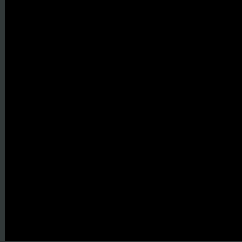
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

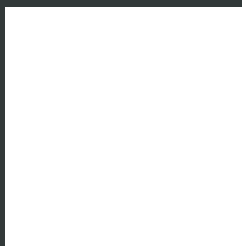
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983.



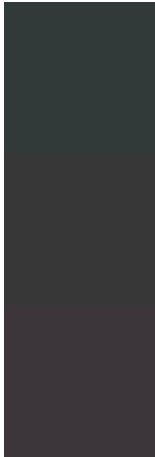
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7478, -2.7683,

0.4983.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983

Protanopia

19.6435, -0.6553, 0.8001

Deuteranopia

19.7598, 1.0700, 0.1835



Tritanopia

19.6700, -1.5563, -1.2142

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983

Protanomaly

19.7437, -1.5587, 0.9034

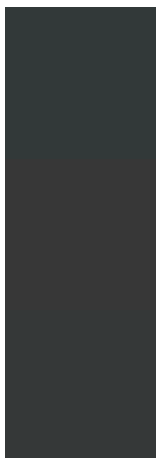
Deuteranomaly

19.6942, -0.3786, 0.0777

Tritanomaly

19.6428, -1.7059, -0.8296

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983

Achromatopsia

19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

Achromatomaly

19.6742, -1.8025, 0.8166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 57, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 57, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 57, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 57, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 57, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 57, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 57, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 57, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 57, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 57, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.7478, -2.7683, 0.4983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 57, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 57,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor