

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.8020, -4.8767,
-1.6847)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.8020, -4.8767,
-1.6847) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.8163, -4.8760,
-1.5104)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	283B3E
RGB	40, 59, 62
RGB Percent	16%, 23%, 24%
CMY	0.8431, 0.7686, 0.7569
CMYK	0.35, 0.05, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	188°, 22%, 20%
HSV	188°, 35%, 24%
XYZ	3.3085, 3.9269, 5.1410
YIQ	53.6610, -12.2870, -3.0950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

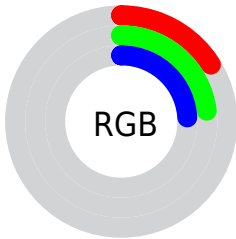
Format	Color
RYB	40, 50, 62
Decimal	2636606
CIELab	23.43, -6.69, -4.31
CIELCh	23, 7.959, 212.760
Yxy	3.9270, 0.2673, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280826686 (0xFF283B3E)
YUV	53.6610, 4.1111, -11.9807
Hunter-Lab	19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104

Details

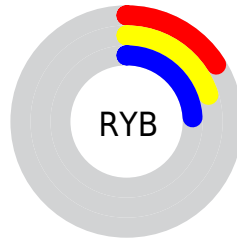
The HunterLab color **19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.0444, 4.0359, 3.5899**, and the grayscale version is **19.0817, -1.0182, 1.0367**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.5932, -6.7119, -1.0107**, and **6.7187, -3.0775, -1.7542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3039, -5.6380, -2.2017**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3691, -3.9829, -0.7843**.

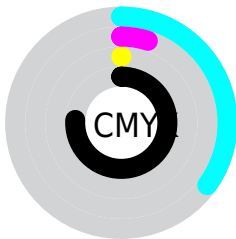
Distribution



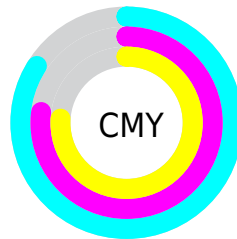
- Red (16%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.8163, -4.8760,
-1.5104

■ 19.8163, -4.8760,
-1.5104

■ 117.8579,
-13.4057, 1.9244

■ 12.7782, -3.9363,
-1.5884

■ 36.6697, -6.7089,
-1.1163

■ 6.1610, -5.0629,
-2.5623

■ 46.3043, -7.6271,
-0.8235

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.6603, -8.5546,
-0.4765

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.6906, -9.4944,
-0.0805

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.3561, -10.4483,
0.3606

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.6241, -11.4177,

104.4662,
-12.4033, 1.3655

19.8163, -4.8760,
-1.5104

19.8163, -4.8760,
-1.5104

19.3039, -5.6380,
-2.2017

20.3691, -3.9829,
-0.7843

18.8313, -6.2612,
-2.8550

20.9601, -2.9665,
-0.0283

18.3993, -6.7404,
-3.4665

21.5884, -1.8360,
0.7539

18.0076, -7.0727,
-4.0331

22.2527, -0.6007,
1.5585

17.6549, -7.2606,
-4.5536

22.9515, 0.7299,
2.3821

■ 17.3139, -7.4068,
-5.0678

■ 23.6833, 2.1470,
3.2216

■ 17.1589, -7.4774,
-5.3054

■ 24.4465, 3.6420,
4.0743

■ 25.2396, 5.2070,
4.9377

■ 26.0610, 6.8349,
5.8098

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.8167, -5.5592, 0.8611



19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104



19.8167, -3.1744, -3.3466

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.8167, -4.8762, -1.5101



19.8167, 3.3185, -1.0902



19.8167, -1.2854, 5.0624

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104



17.0444, 4.0359, 3.5899

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.8167, 1.1502, 4.6723



19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104



19.8167, 3.8837, 1.2939

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.8167, -4.8762, -1.5101



19.8167, 1.5629, -3.0842



19.8167, 3.0722, 3.3594



19.8167, -3.5502, 4.4975

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104



19.8167, -1.6502, -3.9166



19.8167, 3.0722, 3.3594



19.8167, -0.4597, 5.0385

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.8167, -4.8762, -1.5101



27.9241, -3.3323, 0.3681



20.1752, -8.4755, 5.5855



14.3092, -1.7360, 0.1702



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.8167, -4.8762, -1.5101



25.4520, -7.3796, -2.8559



17.0833, -0.5936, -5.3012



11.2920, -1.1492, 0.2757



26.0231, -11.1417, -8.4748



65.4158, -27.3560, -22.7103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9044, 7.7438, -3.9610



20.7447, 13.3901, -6.9530



19.5181, -0.4490, 5.9207



10.9026, 0.4725, -0.0200



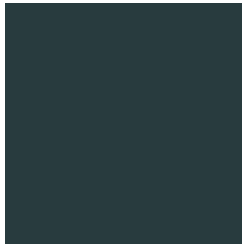
17.3195, 33.1326, -15.7261



43.9252, 83.8475, -38.4700

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

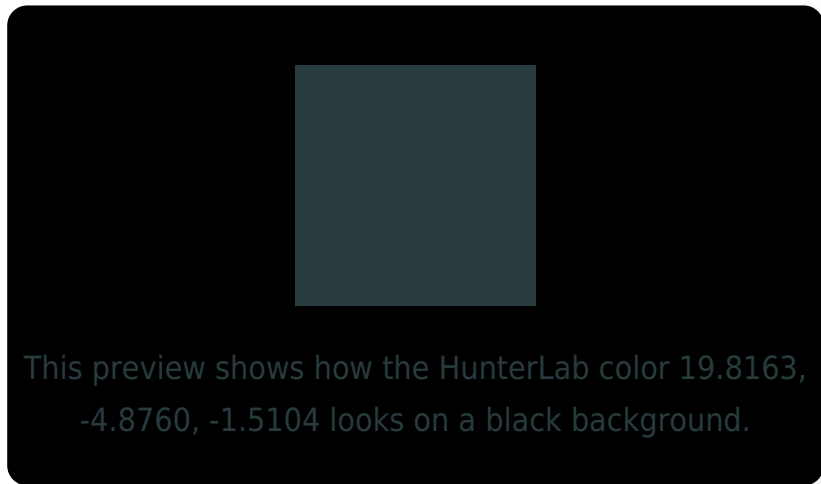
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

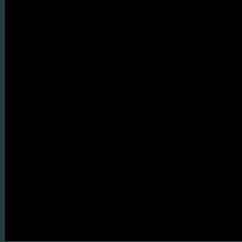
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104.

-1.5104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104

Protanopia

19.6745, -0.3411, -0.7655

Deuteranopia

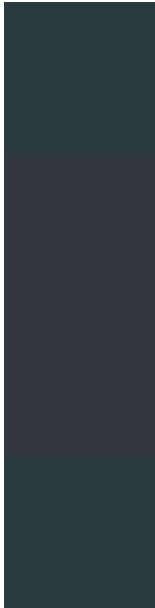
19.7402, 1.2745, -1.9383



Tritanopia

19.8442, -4.7177, -1.9051

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104

Protanomaly

19.6045, -1.7859, -1.3030

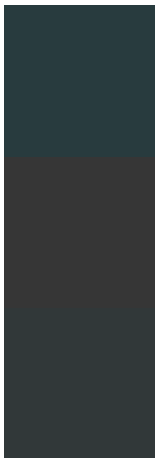
Deuteranomaly

19.7257, -1.2499, -2.0018

Tritanomaly

19.8442, -4.7177, -1.9051

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

19.4338, -2.6026, 0.1198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 59, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 59, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 59, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 59, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

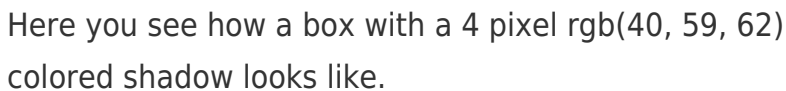
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 59, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 59, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 59, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 59, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 59, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 59, 62)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.8163, -4.8760, -1.5104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 59, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 59,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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