

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.8486, 28.9373,  
-82.6535)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(19.8486, 28.9373,  
-82.6535) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(19.7911, 29.0107,  
-82.8574)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15259D
RGB	21, 37, 157
RGB Percent	8%, 15%, 62%
CMY	0.9176, 0.8549, 0.3843
CMYK	0.87, 0.76, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	233°, 76%, 35%
HSV	233°, 87%, 62%
XYZ	7.0566, 3.9169, 32.2823
YIQ	45.8960, -48.0560, 33.9280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

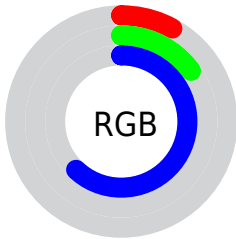
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	21, 35, 157
Decimal	1385885
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	23.39, 40.34, -65.44
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	23, 76.877, 301.654
Yxy	3.9169, 0.1631, 0.0906
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279575965 (0xFF15259D)
YUV	45.8960, 54.7743, -21.8338
Hunter-Lab	19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574

# Details

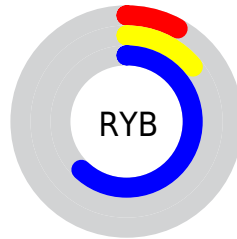
The HunterLab color **19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **51.2614, -7.6412, 30.6318**, and the grayscale version is **16.3321, -0.8714, 0.8874**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6381, 32.4596, -78.7263**, and **9.9974, 27.1179, -71.0356** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.5702, 34.8972, -96.2023**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.7534, 23.0667, -68.6951**.

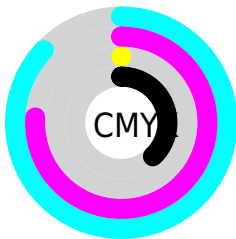
# Distribution



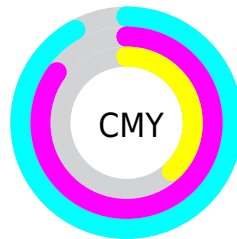
- Red (8%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 19.7911, 29.0107,  
-82.8574

■ 19.7911, 29.0107,  
-82.8574

■ 117.8118, 40.2956,  
-82.0659

■ 12.7562, 27.2737,  
-90.1219

■ 36.6384, 32.3042,  
-78.4982

■ 6.1305, 31.4249,  
-122.9621

■ 46.2705, 33.7702,  
-78.1888

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 56.6242, 35.1147,  
-78.3992

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 67.6522, 36.3456,  
-78.9083

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 79.3157, 37.4714,  
-79.5912

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.5817, 38.5002,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-80.3734

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.4219, 39.4394,  
-81.2083

19.7911, 29.0107,  
-82.8574

19.7911, 29.0107,  
-82.8574

17.5702, 34.8972,  
-96.2023

22.7534, 23.0667,  
-68.6951

16.9757, 36.6373,  
-100.3075

26.3107, 17.7084,  
-55.3589

30.3256, 13.1035,  
-43.4490

34.6949, 9.1964,  
-32.9712

39.3449, 5.8673,  
-23.7217

■ 44.2235, 2.9966,  
-15.4631

■ 49.2929, 0.4847,  
-7.9852

■ 54.5255, -1.7466,  
-1.1180

■ 59.9004, -3.7574,  
5.2713

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7912, 0.2766, -109.8508



19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574



19.7912, 57.1965, -32.5724

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.7912, 29.0126, -82.8571



19.7912, 25.5838, 13.8539



19.7912, -29.3515, -0.2164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574



51.2614, -7.6412, 30.6318

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7912, -27.3291, 13.0505



19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574



19.7912, -2.3564, 13.8539

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.7912, 29.0126, -82.8571



19.7912, 54.6460, 13.8539



19.7912, -19.7542, 13.8539



19.7912, -26.8387, -37.8900



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574



19.7912, 67.2949, -6.3108



19.7912, -19.7542, 13.8539



19.7912, -29.1793, 6.3964

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.7912, 29.0126, -82.8571



59.2577, 3.9695, -20.5741



51.1213, -30.0433, 2.7038



26.8067, 2.4083, -11.2423



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.7912, 29.0126, -82.8571



22.3873, 50.3238, -136.6168



20.7513, 40.6184, -77.6414



25.6020, -0.5694, -1.3867



15.3991, 32.6309, -89.6884



2.7274, 2.2885, -8.3492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.9974, 43.4951, 14.3072



35.9211, 61.6992, 21.7903



52.2519, -29.0189, 30.8835



25.8035, 0.9377, 1.8000



24.2107, 41.6260, 14.3702

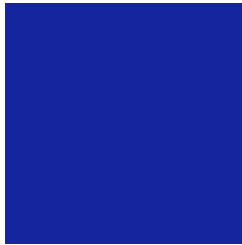


3.2869, 5.7488, 1.1945



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

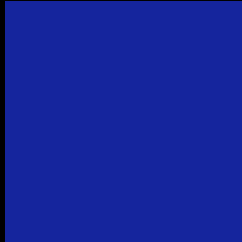
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

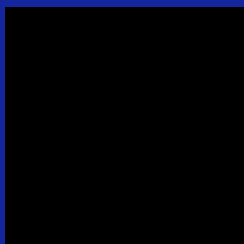
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574

### Protanopia

19.6297, 5.2627, -35.8961

### Deuteranopia

19.7210, -1.2871, -21.8711



## Tritanopia

19.5923, -9.6331, -3.6937

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574

## Protanomaly

19.4351, 13.6222, -52.2130

## Deuteranomaly

19.1435, 9.1158, -42.0978

## Tritanomaly

18.7048, 1.8637, -25.8589

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574

## Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

## Achromatomaly

16.7121, 6.0705, -20.8303

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 37, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 37, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 37, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 37, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 37, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 37, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 37, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 37, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 37, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 37,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.7911, 29.0107, -82.8574 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 37, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 37,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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