

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.9407, 19.2412,  
4.7313)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(19.9407, 19.2412,  
4.7313) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.0209, 19.1148,  
4.7073)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	61242F
RGB	97, 36, 47
RGB Percent	38%, 14%, 18%
CMY	0.6196, 0.8588, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.52, 0.62
HSL	349°, 46%, 26%
HSV	349°, 63%, 38%
XYZ	6.0737, 4.0084, 3.1429
YIQ	55.4930, 32.8250, 16.3530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

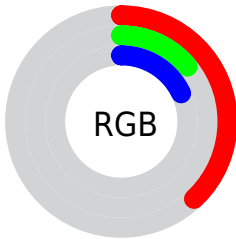
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">97, 36, 47</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6366255</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">23.70, 28.78, 7.10</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">24, 29.642, 13.852</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">4.0086, 0.4593, 0.3031</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284556335</a> (0xFF61242F)
YUV	<a href="#">55.4930, -4.1870, 36.4016</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **30.9781, -15.7079, 1.9618**, and the grayscale version is **19.7201, -1.0522, 1.0714**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0274, 21.5351, 6.6107**, and **7.9270, 13.5753, 5.1223** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5486, 22.1327, 5.6679**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.7891, 15.8032, 3.8845**.

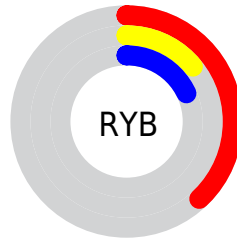
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (14%)

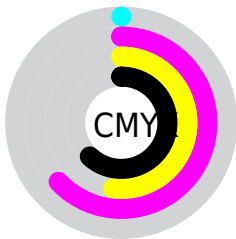
Blue (18%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (18%)

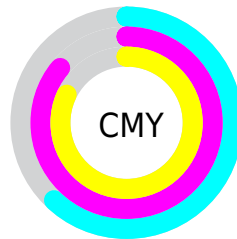


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (86%)












Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073	 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073
 118.2284, 26.2853, 13.4740	 12.9552, 17.7141, 3.7228
 36.9209, 21.4831, 6.6077	 6.3999, 19.9666, 4.4799
 46.5758, 22.4662, 7.5539	0.0000, INF, NaN
 56.9507, 23.3329, 8.5072	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 67.9986, 24.0952, 9.4714	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 79.6809, 24.7637, 10.4489	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 91.9648, 25.3468,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.4413


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 104.8222, 25.8520,  
12.4494


 20.0209, 19.1148,  
4.7073


 20.0209, 19.1148,  
4.7073


 18.5486, 22.1327,  
5.6679


 21.7891, 15.8032,  
3.8845


 17.4056, 24.6393,  
6.7178


 23.8118, 12.3749,  
3.2156

 16.5943, 26.4735,  
7.7649

 26.0517, 8.9401,  
2.6984

 16.0729, 27.7868,  
8.3597

 28.4756, 5.5609,  
2.3194

 31.0558, 2.2655,  
2.0611

■ 33.7697, -0.9381,  
1.9062

■ 36.5992, -4.0526,  
1.8389

■ 39.5295, -7.0860,  
1.8456

■ 42.5489, -10.0483,  
1.9149

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0214, 18.8640, -4.1653



20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073



20.0214, 13.3163, 9.5821

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0214, 19.1133, 4.7077



20.0214, -11.8898, 9.8110



20.0214, -5.7459, -22.6793

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073



30.9781, -15.7079, 1.9618

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0214, -12.2749, -14.3830



20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073



20.0214, -15.3603, 5.2200

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0214, 19.1133, 4.7077



20.0214, -5.1228, 11.5136



20.0214, -15.4872, -3.3618



20.0214, 3.3346, -23.0294



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073



20.0214, 7.3186, 11.0630



20.0214, -15.4872, -3.3618



20.0214, -8.2697, -20.6025

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0214, 19.1133, 4.7077



38.3853, 5.8305, 2.9076



20.2356, 22.8914, -20.2660



18.7912, 3.3441, 1.4869



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0214, 19.1133, 4.7077



23.5863, 30.4879, 8.0022



23.3057, 9.9918, 10.2890



16.1150, 0.4870, 0.9969



18.7329, 32.3546, 9.9810



43.1842, 74.3619, 24.7455



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0214, 19.1133, 4.7077



23.5863, 30.4879, 8.0022



25.7725, -6.4040, -10.2482



16.1150, 0.4870, 0.9969



18.7329, 32.3546, 9.9810



43.1842, 74.3619, 24.7455



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

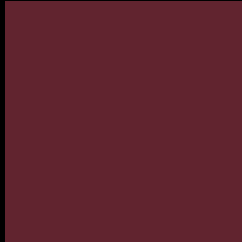
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.0209, 19.1148,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073

### Protanopia

20.3256, -0.6895, 0.8357

### Deuteranopia

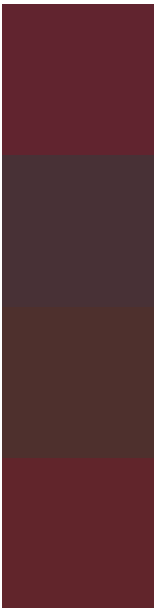
20.2670, 0.9562, 5.5342



## Tritanopia

20.0443, 18.1257, 6.7305

# Trichromacy



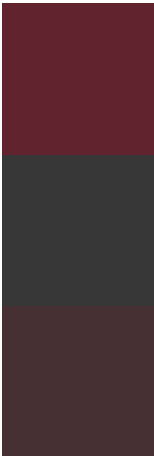
**Original Color**  
20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073

**Protanomaly**  
19.5977, 6.1141, 1.6244

**Deuteranomaly**  
19.8067, 7.4471, 4.9036

**Tritanomaly**  
20.0971, 18.3644, 5.9626

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073

**Achromatopsia**  
19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

**Achromatomaly**  
19.1414, 5.6930, 1.8314

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(97, 36, 47) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 36, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 36, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 36, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 36, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 36, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 36, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 36, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 36, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 36, 47)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.0209, 19.1148, 4.7073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 36, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 36,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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