

Converting Colors

HunterLab(19.9854, 36.9090,
-7.8866)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(19.9854, 36.9090,
-7.8866) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.9514, 36.8529,
-7.9259)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70004D
RGB	112, 0, 77
RGB Percent	44%, 0%, 30%
CMY	0.5608, 1.0000, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.31, 0.56
HSL	319°, 100%, 22%
HSV	319°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	8.0217, 3.9806, 7.3667
YIQ	42.2660, 42.0350, 47.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

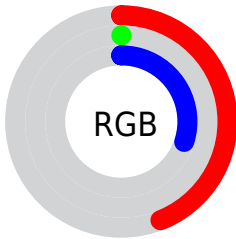
Format	Color
RYB	112, 0, 77
Decimal	7340109
CIELab	23.61, 48.60, -13.21
CIELCh	24, 50.360, 344.797
Yxy	3.9808, 0.4141, 0.2055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285530189 (0xFF70004D)
YUV	42.2660, 17.1239, 61.1567
Hunter-Lab	19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259

Details

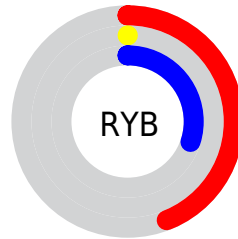
The HunterLab color **19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **34.2197, -28.0763, 17.8381**, and the grayscale version is **15.2410, -0.8132, 0.8281**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.7457, 40.5855, -8.4958**, and **10.3463, 18.7797, -1.5412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.9513, 36.8526, -7.9245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.6774, 35.2126, -8.6830**.

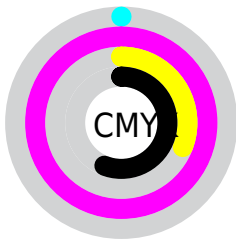
Distribution



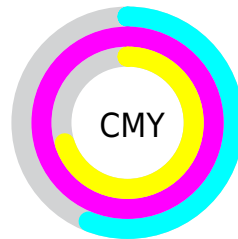
- Red (44%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

19.9514, 36.8529,
-7.9259

19.9514, 36.8529,
-7.9259

118.1028, 50.6644,
-7.9039

12.8951, 35.0298,
-7.5747

36.8357, 40.6255,
-8.3908

6.3199, 39.5962,
-8.8439

46.4837, 42.3813,
-8.5064

0.0000, INF, -NF

56.8522, 44.0238,
-8.5517

0.0000, NaN, NaN

67.8941, 45.5539,
-8.5325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.5708, 46.9767,
-8.4540

0.0000, NaN, NaN

91.8493, 48.2984,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.3206

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.7014, 49.5256,
-8.1361

19.9514, 36.8529,
-7.9259

19.9514, 36.8529,
-7.9259

19.9513, 36.8526,
-7.9245

20.6774, 35.2126,
-8.6830

21.6206, 32.9777,
-9.1017

22.9412, 29.7547,
-8.9246

24.6220, 25.7950,
-8.2106

26.6294, 21.3664,
-7.0585

■ 28.9240, 16.6908,
-5.5727

■ 31.4666, 11.9246,
-3.8440

■ 34.2220, 7.1647,
-1.9427

■ 37.1601, 2.4644,
0.0801

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.9519, 24.7318, -31.5625



19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259



19.9519, 36.9418, 7.0791

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.9519, 36.8511, -7.9251



19.9519, -8.1543, 13.9664



19.9519, -18.1834, -31.2319

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259



34.2197, -28.0763, 17.8381

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9519, -22.5531, -7.6484



19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259



19.9519, -18.0893, 12.9344

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.9519, 36.8511, -7.9251



19.9519, 7.4133, 13.9664



19.9519, -22.5250, 7.2068



19.9519, -8.3292, -50.6241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259



19.9519, 29.9731, 11.4807



19.9519, -22.5250, 7.2068



19.9519, -20.1871, -22.9794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.9519, 36.8511, -7.9251



41.4278, 16.3082, -5.2865



12.2618, 30.5346, -66.0325



19.7540, 9.0060, -2.9689



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.9519, 36.8511, -7.9251



26.4012, 48.6922, -9.9120



18.7203, 32.3741, 9.6322



18.5380, 0.9916, 0.1412



21.4419, 39.5890, -8.3855



47.6885, 87.7574, -16.3890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9519, 36.8511, -7.9251



26.4012, 48.6922, -9.9120



35.0997, -22.6582, 5.0419



18.5380, 0.9916, 0.1412



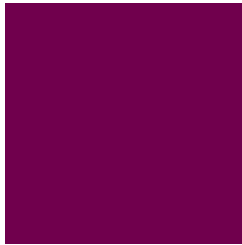
21.4419, 39.5890, -8.3855



47.6885, 87.7574, -16.3890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

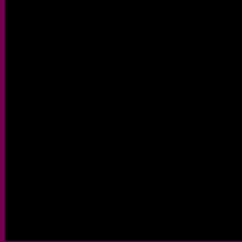
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259.

-7.9259.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259

Protanopia

21.1943, 4.9127, -28.1217

Deuteranopia

21.3459, 1.0872, -3.8568



Tritanopia

20.6979, 24.4200, 9.2671

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259

Protanomaly

17.9697, 16.7574, -26.7597

Deuteranomaly

18.8226, 15.9334, -8.5297

Tritanomaly

19.9853, 29.3040, 4.5322

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.0100, 14.1212, -4.7809

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 0, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 0, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 0, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 0, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 0, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 0, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 0, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 0, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.9514, 36.8529, -7.9259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 0, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 0,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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