

Converting Colors

HunterLab(2.1201, -3.7102,
1.4841)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(2.1201, -3.7102, 1.4841)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(2.5520, -2.1883,
1.5342)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	000300
RGB	0, 3, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 1%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9882, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.99
HSL	120°, 100%, 1%
HSV	120°, 100%, 1%
XYZ	0.0326, 0.0651, 0.0109
YIQ	1.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

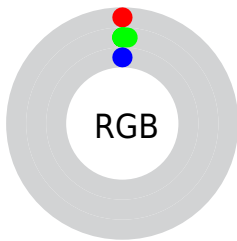
Format	Color
RYB	0, 3, 3
Decimal	768
CIELab	0.59, -1.20, 0.86
CIELCh	1, 1.477, 144.443
Yxy	0.0651, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278190848 (0xFF000300)
YUV	1.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444
Hunter-Lab	2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342

Details

The HunterLab color **2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **1.6105, 3.1661, -2.1240**, and the grayscale version is **2.3179, -0.1237, 0.1259**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **17.6720, -1.7042, 1.4779**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2.5520, -2.1884, 1.5342**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2.6024, -1.9501, 1.3731**.

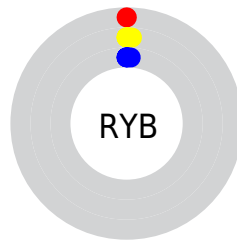
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (1%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Blue (1%)

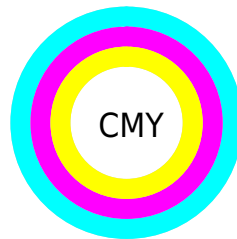


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (99%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (99%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 2.5520, -2.1883,
1.5342

 2.5520, -2.1883,
1.5342


 88.0800, -5.8741,
5.5881

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 17.7144, -1.6280,
1.4251

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 25.4524, -2.1301,
1.9070

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 34.0724, -2.6701,
2.4306

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 43.4921, -3.2460,
2.9929

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 53.6484, -3.8559,
3.5918


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 64.4914, -4.4981,


4.2250


 75.9801, -5.1713,
4.8910


 2.5520, -2.1883,
1.5342


 2.5520, -2.1883,
1.5342


 2.5520, -2.1884,
1.5342

 2.6024, -1.9501,
1.3731

 2.6517, -1.7215,
1.2185

 2.7002, -1.5018,
1.0700

 2.7478, -1.2902,
0.9270

 2.7946, -1.0861,
0.7890

■ 2.8406, -0.8890,
0.6558

■ 2.8859, -0.6984,
0.5270

■ 2.9305, -0.5138,
0.4023

■ 2.9744, -0.3348,
0.2813

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



2.5521, -1.1800, 1.7864



2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342



2.5521, -2.6468, 0.3713

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2.5521, -2.1883, 1.5342



2.5521, -0.3806, -2.2492



2.5521, 2.1600, 1.1318

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342



1.6105, 3.1661, -2.1240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.5521, 2.3742, -0.0934



2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342



2.5521, 0.9074, -2.0455

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2.5521, -2.1883, 1.5342



2.5521, -1.6031, -1.8131



2.5521, 1.9157, -1.2564



2.5521, 1.3305, 1.7864

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342



2.5521, -2.5789, -0.4596



2.5521, 1.9157, -1.2564



2.5521, 2.3063, 0.7374

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2.5521, -2.1883, 1.5342



3.7626, -0.9106, 0.6871



2.9067, -0.7807, 1.7774



2.6356, -0.7487, 0.5567



47.2667, -2.5220, 2.5681



2.7821, -0.1484, 0.1512

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2.5521, -2.1883, 1.5342



3.3273, -2.8532, 2.0003



2.6157, -1.7942, 0.6039



2.7422, -0.3086, 0.2594



19.8282, -17.0027, 11.9204



62.0440, -53.2027, 37.2998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.6105, 3.1661, -2.1240



2.0997, 4.1280, -2.7693



1.5050, 2.7955, -0.7208



2.6807, 0.0230, 0.0327



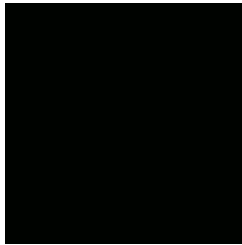
12.5124, 24.5997, -16.5028



39.1521, 76.9743, -51.6385

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

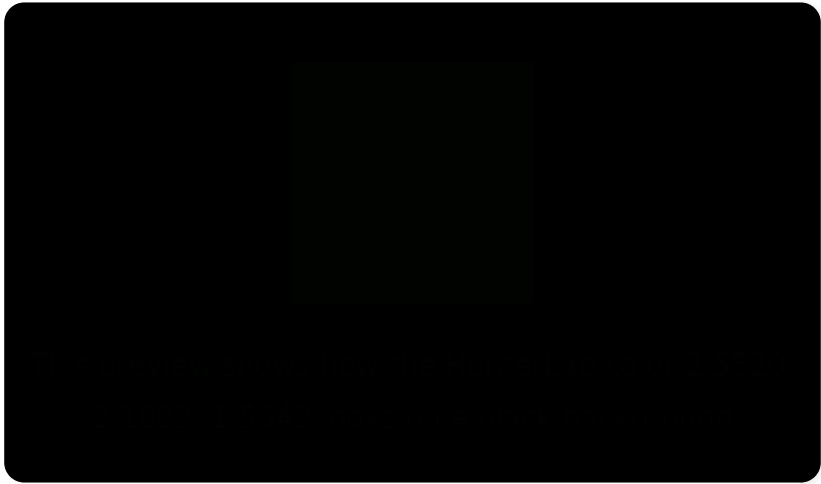
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

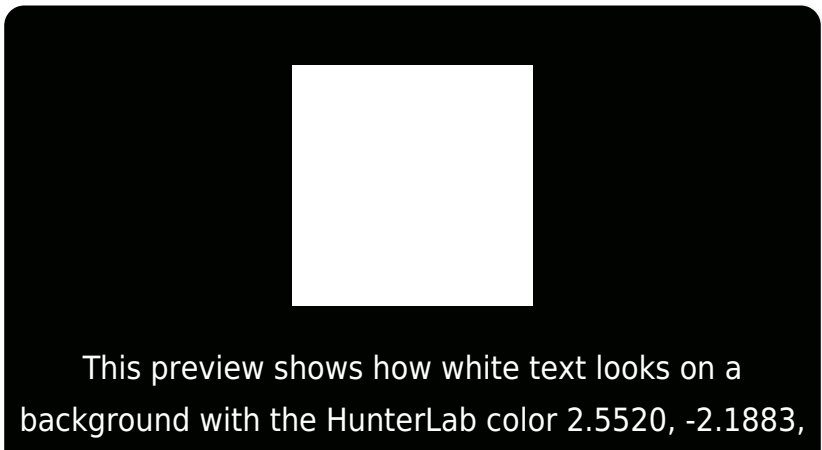
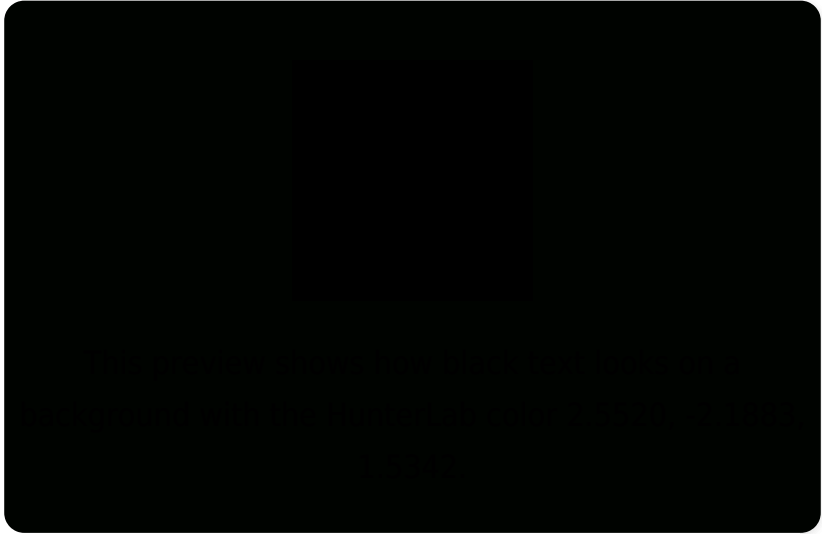
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

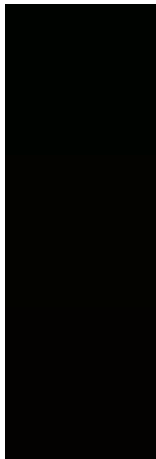
HunterLab 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 Background



Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342

Protanopia

2.9066, -0.7807, 1.7774

Deuteranopia

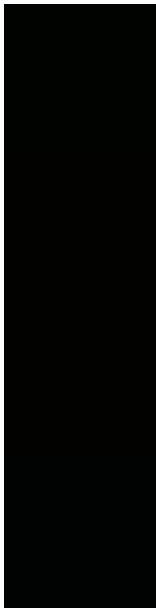
2.5489, 0.0733, 0.9039



Tritanopia

2.7956, -0.9644, -0.1213

Trichromacy



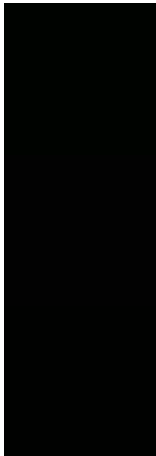
Original Color
2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342

Protanomaly
2.7934, -1.2079, 1.7001

Deuteranomaly
2.4190, -0.3796, 0.7801

Tritanomaly
2.7561, -1.1939, 0.4419

Monochromacy



Original Color
2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342

Achromatopsia
2.4638, -0.1315, 0.1339

Achromatomaly
2.2817, -0.8868, 0.6442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 3, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 3, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 3, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 3, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 3, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 3, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 3, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 3, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 3, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 3, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 3, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 3, 0)  
}
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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