

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.0336, -4.5436,  
4.1069)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.0336, -4.5436, 4.1069)  
contains.

**HunterLab(20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718) ..... 3**  
    ***Conversions*** ..... 4  
    ***Details*** ..... 6  
    ***Harmonies*** ..... 12  
    ***Previews*** ..... 24  
    ***Color Blindness Simulation*** ..... 28  
    ***CSS Examples*** ..... 31

# Color

**HunterLab(20.1125, -4.4652,  
4.0718)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	333B30
RGB	51, 59, 48
RGB Percent	20%, 23%, 19%
CMY	0.8000, 0.7686, 0.8118
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.19, 0.77
HSL	104°, 10%, 21%
HSV	104°, 19%, 23%
XYZ	3.4627, 4.0451, 3.3946
YIQ	55.3540, -1.2370, -5.1170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

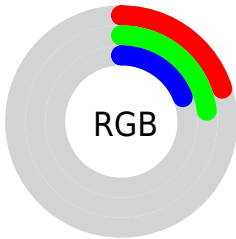
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">48, 59, 56</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3357488</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">23.82, -5.89, 5.71</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">24, 8.200, 135.873</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">4.0453, 0.3176, 0.3710</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281547568</a> (0xFF333B30)
YUV	<a href="#">55.3540, -3.6255, -3.8185</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.0846, 2.6750, -2.3755**, and the grayscale version is **19.6789, -1.0500, 1.0692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.9562, -6.2097, 5.6742**, and **6.5815, -4.3837, 3.9788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.7317, -6.1009, 5.4415**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5280, -2.7149, 2.5569**.

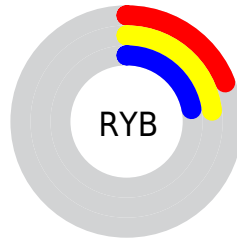
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (23%)

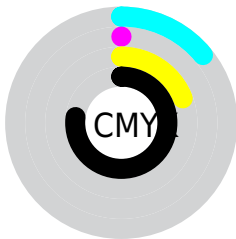
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (22%)

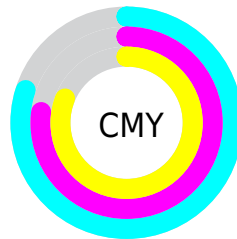


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



20.1125, -4.4652,  
4.0718

20.1125, -4.4652,  
4.0718

118.3937,  
-12.5954, 12.1451

13.0343, -3.5970,  
3.2128

37.0331, -6.1831,  
5.7702

6.5036, -4.2909,  
3.9928

46.6970, -7.0521,  
6.6308

0.0000, NaN, NaN

57.0802, -7.9342,  
7.5054

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

68.1361, -8.8317,  
8.3965

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.8259, -9.7458,  
9.3053

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

92.1168, -10.6775,

10.2328

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.9809,  
-11.6273, 11.1793

■ 20.1125, -4.4652,  
4.0718

■ 20.1125, -4.4652,  
4.0718

■ 19.7317, -6.1009,  
5.4415

■ 20.5280, -2.7149,  
2.5569

■ 19.3850, -7.6109,  
6.6576

■ 20.9760, -0.8586,  
0.9048

■ 19.0731, -8.9870,  
7.7144

■ 21.4562, 1.0929,  
-0.8750

■ 18.7962, -10.2217,  
8.6081

■ 21.9674, 3.1297,  
-2.7727

■ 18.5543, -11.3094,  
9.3372

■ 22.5086, 5.2422,  
-4.7785

■ 18.3467, -12.2466,  
9.9035

■ 23.0785, 7.4211,  
-6.8828

■ 18.1708, -13.0441,  
10.3407

■ 23.6760, 9.6581,  
-9.0765

■ 18.0166, -13.7577,  
10.7854

■ 24.2998, 11.9456,  
-11.3508

■ 17.9973, -13.8485,  
10.8474

■ 24.9488, 14.2765,  
-13.6978

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.1129, -2.3944, 5.0753



20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718



20.1129, -5.6006, 2.1975

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.1129, -4.4657, 4.0721



20.1129, -2.2541, -3.9594



20.1129, 3.8493, 2.3261

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718



18.0846, 2.6750, -2.3755

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1129, 3.8915, -0.0741



20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718



20.1129, 0.2809, -3.9138

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.1129, -4.4657, 4.0721



20.1129, -4.3673, -2.5390



20.1129, 2.5579, -2.4212



20.1129, 2.4453, 4.1561



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718



20.1129, -5.7116, 0.6130



20.1129, 2.5579, -2.4212



20.1129, 4.0255, 1.5650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.1129, -4.4657, 4.0721



26.6975, -2.9558, 2.8177



19.9008, -1.2284, 3.9102



13.8115, -1.5372, 1.4648



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.1129, -4.4657, 4.0721



25.8060, -6.7216, 6.0668



19.9752, -4.8686, 3.1371



11.3712, -1.4876, 1.4020



28.7816, -22.7512, 17.3368



72.8965, -59.0675, 43.8844



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0846, 2.6750, -2.3755



22.5839, 4.6326, -4.1936



18.2631, 3.1248, -1.0967



10.8545, 0.3292, -0.2366



14.3733, 30.2810, -34.6360



35.8889, 76.1332, -90.5466



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

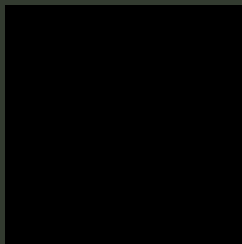
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718.



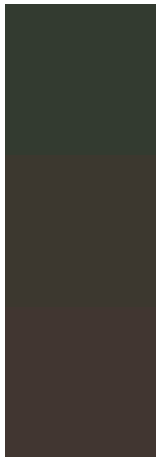
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.1125, -4.4652,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

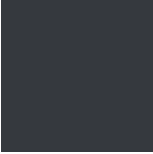
20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718

### Protanopia

19.9856, -1.1180, 4.3172

### Deuteranopia

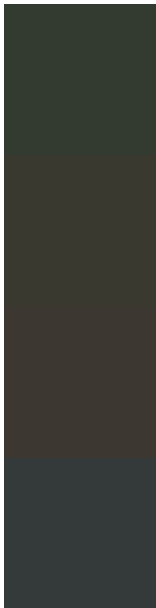
19.9597, 1.3212, 3.6908



## Tritanopia

20.0772, -1.3432, -1.1106

# Trichromacy



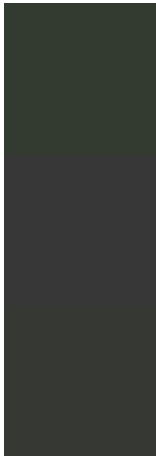
**Original Color**  
20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718

**Protanomaly**  
20.0034, -2.3141, 4.3143

**Deuteranomaly**  
20.0269, -0.8921, 3.7224

**Tritanomaly**  
20.1285, -2.6994, 0.9539

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718

**Achromatopsia**  
19.5459, -1.0429, 1.0620

**Achromatomaly**  
19.6483, -2.0852, 2.2672

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(51, 59, 48) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 59, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 59, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 59, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 59, 48) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 59, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 59, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 59, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 59, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 59, 48)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.1125, -4.4652, 4.0718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 59, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 59,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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