

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.0699, 0.7256,
1.1725)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.0699, 0.7256, 1.1725)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.0250, 0.6515,
1.2732)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D3738
RGB	61, 55, 56
RGB Percent	24%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.7608, 0.7843, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.08, 0.76
HSL	350°, 5%, 23%
HSV	350°, 10%, 24%
XYZ	4.0045, 4.0100, 4.3043
YIQ	56.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	61, 55, 56
Decimal	4011832
CIELab	23.71, 2.84, 0.33
CIELCh	24, 2.860, 6.533
Yxy	4.0102, 0.3251, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282201912 (0xFF3D3738)
YUV	56.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887
Hunter-Lab	20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732

Details

The HunterLab color **20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21.1567, -2.7693, 1.0073**, and the grayscale version is **20.1972, -1.0777, 1.0973**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.9732, -0.0880, 2.2039**, and **6.3785, 1.7352, 0.4214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4900, 2.5353, 1.4259**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.6294, -1.1828, 1.1724**.

Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (22%)

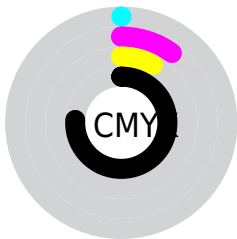
Blue (22%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (22%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.0250, 0.6515,
1.2732

■ 20.0250, 0.6515,
1.2732

■ 118.2357, -3.2409,
6.7686

■ 12.9586, 0.8043,
0.8638

■ 36.9258, 0.1259,
2.2353

■ 6.4045, 1.5912,
0.5592

■ 46.5811, -0.2244,
2.7792

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.9563, -0.6245,
3.3609

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.0046, -1.0698,
3.9782

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.6873, -1.5567,
4.6292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 91.9715, -2.0824,

104.8291, -2.6445,
6.0258

■ 20.0250, 0.6515,
1.2732

■ 20.0250, 0.6515,
1.2732

■ 18.4900, 2.5353,
1.4259

■ 21.6294, -1.1828,
1.1724

■ 17.0335, 4.4692,
1.6376

■ 23.2934, -2.9686,
1.1152

■ 15.6687, 6.4445,
1.9168

■ 25.0103, -4.7112,
1.0956

■ 14.4109, 8.4406,
2.2711

■ 26.7745, -6.4158,
1.1082

■ 13.2777, 10.4182,
2.7045

■ 28.5812, -8.0874,
1.1486

■ 12.2890, 12.3119,
3.2146

■ 30.4265, -9.7311,
1.2131

■ 11.4648, 14.0275,
3.7876

■ 32.3069, -11.3512,
1.2984

■ 10.7804, 15.5808,
4.3625

■ 34.2198, -12.9515,
1.4020

■ 10.0834, 17.4346,
4.7893

■ 36.1627, -14.5354,
1.5216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0254, 0.5170, 0.4340



20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732



20.0254, 0.3175, 2.0308

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0254, 0.6510, 1.2735



20.0254, -2.0735, 2.3488



20.0254, -1.7434, -0.4540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732



21.1567, -2.7693, 1.0073

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0254, -2.4199, 0.1013



20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732



20.0254, -2.6082, 1.7246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0254, 0.6510, 1.2735



20.0254, -1.2630, 2.6340



20.0254, -2.7339, 0.9048



20.0254, -0.8754, -0.5875

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732



20.0254, -0.1216, 2.3952



20.0254, -2.7339, 0.9048



20.0254, -2.0003, -0.3093

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0254, 0.6510, 1.2735



27.3206, -0.7552, 1.5550



20.0752, 1.0756, -0.6499



14.4181, -0.3341, 0.8274



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0254, 0.6510, 1.2735



25.3912, 1.4960, 1.6959



20.4801, -0.3032, 2.1500



10.8539, 0.2097, 0.6736



15.6038, 26.9562, 8.2671



39.5463, 68.0611, 22.9431

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0254, 0.6510, 1.2735



25.3912, 1.4960, 1.6959



20.6814, -1.8244, 0.0551



10.8539, 0.2097, 0.6736



15.6038, 26.9562, 8.2671



39.5463, 68.0611, 22.9431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

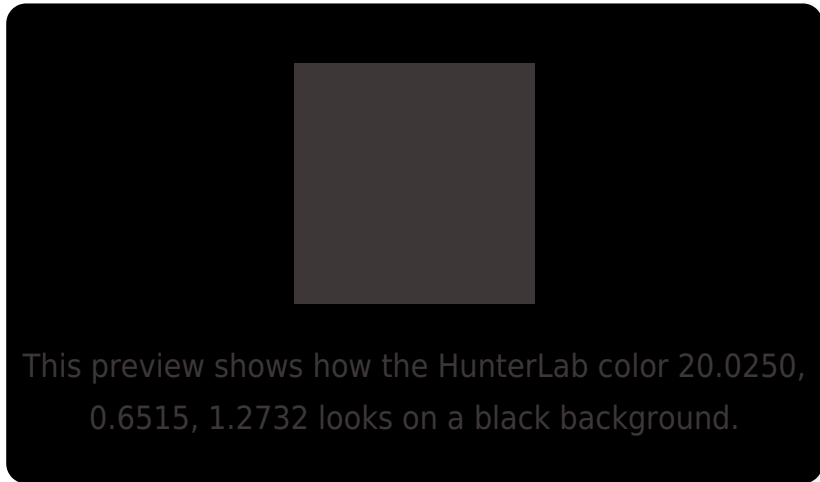
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

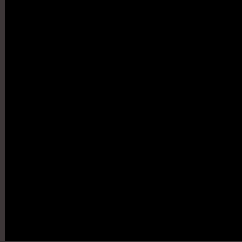
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732.

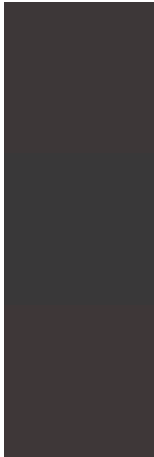


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.0250, 0.6515,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732

Protanopia

19.9840, -0.6723, 0.8178

Deuteranopia

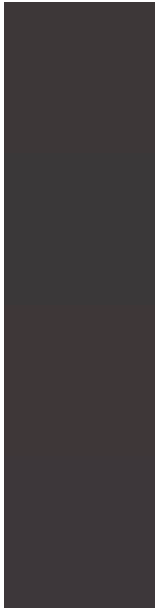
20.1048, 0.9218, 1.3711



Tritanopia

20.1004, 1.0572, 0.1994

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732

Protanomaly

20.0582, -0.4164, 0.9105

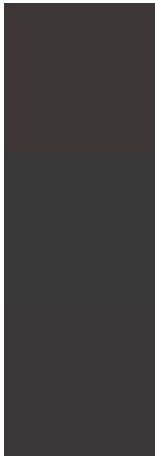
Deuteranomaly

20.1048, 0.9218, 1.3711

Tritanomaly

20.0748, 0.9197, 0.5634

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732

Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

Achromatomaly

20.0582, -0.4164, 0.9105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 55, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 55, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 55, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 55, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 55, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 55, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 55, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 55, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 55, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 55, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.0250, 0.6515, 1.2732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 55, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 55,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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