

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C244A
RGB	92, 36, 74
RGB Percent	36%, 14%, 29%
CMY	0.6392, 0.8588, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.20, 0.64
HSL	319°, 44%, 25%
HSV	319°, 61%, 36%
XYZ	6.2805, 4.0315, 6.9257
YIQ	57.0760, 21.1780, 23.6900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

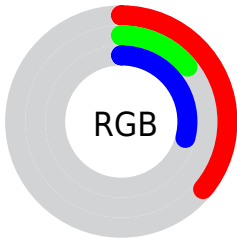
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 36, 74
Decimal	6038602
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	23.78, 30.70, -11.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 32.694, 339.860
Yxy	4.0317, 0.3643, 0.2339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284228682 (0xFF5C244A)
YUV	57.0760, 8.3435, 30.6283
Hunter-Lab	20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959

# Details

The HunterLab color **20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **28.8024, -18.0493, 10.2470**, and the grayscale version is **20.2213, -1.0790, 1.0987**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0135, 23.2240, -6.8027**, and **7.9323, 14.7660, -4.0346** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7234, 23.8611, -6.9448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.6860, 17.1802, -5.5109**.

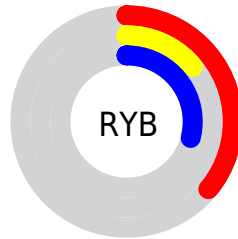
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (14%)

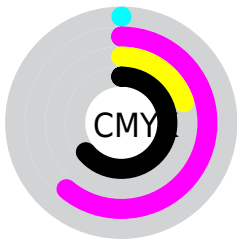
Blue (29%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (29%)

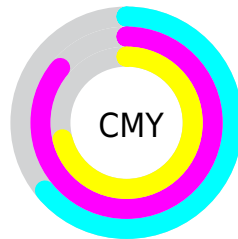


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959

20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959

118.3324, 28.5763,  
-5.6785

13.0050, 19.2243,  
-6.1144

36.9915, 23.2329,  
-6.6973

6.4653, 21.3994,  
-7.1178

46.6520, 24.2997,  
-6.7307

0.0000, INF, -NF

57.0322, 25.2482,  
-6.6955

0.0000, NaN, NaN

68.0851, 26.0902,  
-6.5980

0.0000, NaN, NaN

79.7721, 26.8360,  
-6.4435

0.0000, NaN, NaN

92.0604, 27.4941,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-6.2363

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.9221, 28.0722,  
-5.9803

20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959

20.0785, 20.6971,  
-6.3959

18.7234, 23.8611,  
-6.9448

21.6860, 17.1802,  
-5.5109

17.6453, 26.4742,  
-7.0854

23.5143, 13.4791,  
-4.3692

16.8549, 28.3562,  
-6.7782

25.5344, 9.7094,  
-3.0378

16.2106, 29.9356,  
-6.3814

27.7195, 5.9442,  
-1.5696

30.0467, 2.2240,  
-0.0035

■ 32.4969, -1.4320,  
1.6330

■ 35.0542, -5.0180,  
3.3209

■ 37.7056, -8.5354,  
5.0472

■ 40.4403, -11.9895,  
6.8030

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0790, 13.0071, -18.9808



20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959



20.0790, 21.9617, 4.0156

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0790, 20.6960, -6.3953



20.0790, -4.3021, 12.2425



20.0790, -13.9492, -14.7895

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959



28.8024, -18.0493, 10.2470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0790, -16.8917, -2.3481



20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959



20.0790, -12.0987, 10.7512

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0790, 20.6960, -6.3953



20.0790, 6.0879, 11.9295



20.0790, -16.2892, 6.4857



20.0790, -7.3516, -25.2655



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959



20.0790, 18.7782, 8.3057



20.0790, -16.2892, 6.4857



20.0790, -15.3328, -10.5018

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0790, 20.6960, -6.3953



37.3631, 6.7276, -1.6109



16.7678, 13.9819, -25.2252



18.3983, 3.8782, -1.0156



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0790, 20.6960, -6.3953



24.0890, 33.2119, -9.3422



19.3304, 17.3576, 4.2016



15.3980, 0.7427, 0.1640



19.4742, 35.9170, -7.3132



45.3880, 83.3913, -14.5692



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0790, 20.6960, -6.3953



24.0890, 33.2119, -9.3422



29.3847, -14.5644, 1.8519



15.3980, 0.7427, 0.1640



19.4742, 35.9170, -7.3132

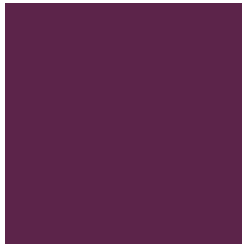


45.3880, 83.3913, -14.5692



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

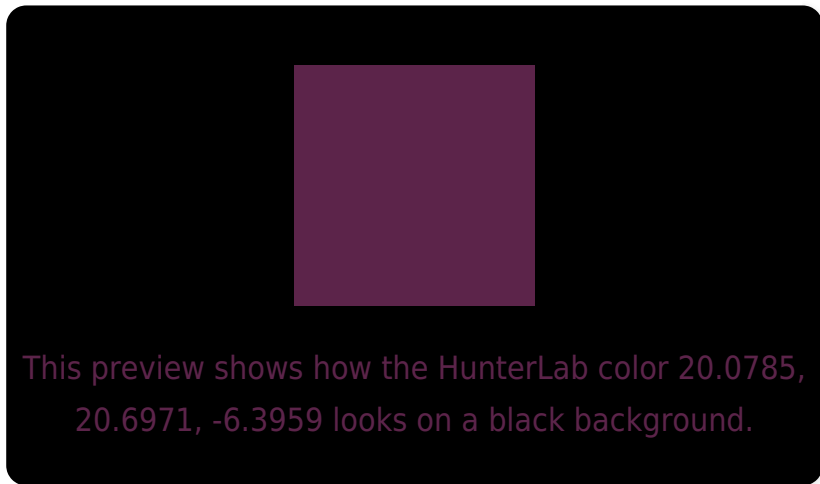
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

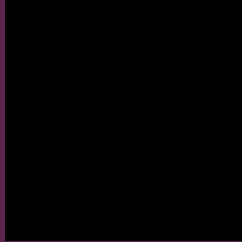
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959.

-6.3959.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959

### Protanopia

20.3087, 2.6216, -15.6794

### Deuteranopia

20.3077, 1.2237, -4.8694



## Tritanopia

20.1218, 13.3719, 5.0169

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959

## Protanomaly

19.6491, 8.1760, -13.0581

## Deuteranomaly

19.8235, 7.8302, -5.9846

## Tritanomaly

19.9418, 16.0247, 1.4449

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959

## Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

## Achromatomaly

19.6408, 6.7193, -1.9757

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 36, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 36, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 36, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 36, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 36, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 36, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 36, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 36, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 36, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 36, 74)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.0785, 20.6971, -6.3959 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 36, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 36,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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