

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.1510, -34.7660,  
2.8493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.1510, -34.7660,  
2.8493) contains.

<b>HunterLab(24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	22
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**HunterLab(24.1293,  
-17.2837, 7.1510)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004F32
RGB	0, 79, 50
RGB Percent	0%, 31%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6902, 0.8039
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.69
HSL	158°, 100%, 15%
HSV	158°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	3.3717, 5.8222, 3.9637
YIQ	52.0730, -37.7750, -25.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

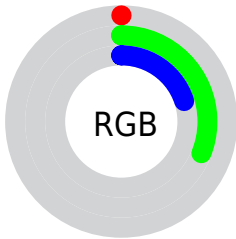
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 48, 79
Decimal	20274
CIELab	28.96, -29.50, 11.23
CIELCh	29, 31.569, 159.157
Yxy	5.8225, 0.2563, 0.4425
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278210354 (0xFF004F32)
YUV	52.0730, -1.0220, -45.6680
Hunter-Lab	24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510

# Details

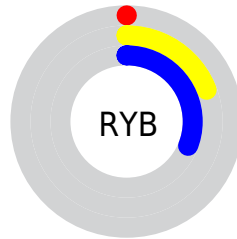
The HunterLab color **24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **13.2329, 23.3312, 3.3535**, and the grayscale version is **18.5686, -0.9908, 1.0089**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.9156, -22.4703, 9.7814**, and **11.0038, -9.1513, 6.0014** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.1297, -17.2841, 7.1514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.2884, -16.5230, 6.4843**.

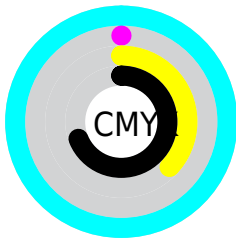
# Distribution



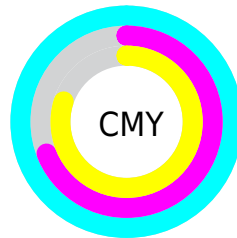
- Red (0%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.1293, -17.2837,  
7.1510

■ 24.1293, -17.2837,  
7.1510

125.4934,  
-37.4815, 18.0059

■ 16.5452, -14.3536,  
5.8282

■ 41.9066, -22.4276,  
9.6316

■ 9.9812, -13.4863,  
5.2359

■ 51.9467, -24.7793,  
10.8333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.6809, -27.0348,  
12.0249

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.0670, -29.2170,  
13.2131

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.0695, -31.3421,  
14.4024


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 98.6583, -33.4221,


15.5962


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 111.8072,  
-35.4662, 16.7968


 24.1293, -17.2837,  
7.1510


 24.1293, -17.2837,  
7.1510


 24.1297, -17.2841,  
7.1514

 24.2884, -16.5230,  
6.4843

 24.4625, -15.6990,  
5.7926

 24.6888, -14.6657,  
5.1171

 24.9727, -13.4092,  
4.4688

 25.3165, -11.9291,  
3.8555

■ 25.7220, -10.2305,  
3.2844

■ 26.1897, -8.3231,  
2.7612

■ 26.7195, -6.2200,  
2.2906

■ 27.3110, -3.9370,  
1.8759

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.1298, -12.6668, 11.9012



24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510



24.1298, -18.0340, -1.9157

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.1298, -17.2839, 7.1512



24.1298, 1.9782, -26.0420



24.1298, 16.2665, 10.5054

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510



13.2329, 23.3312, 3.3535

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.1298, 21.8093, 4.1501



24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510



24.1298, 12.6881, -18.5946

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.1298, -17.2839, 7.1512



24.1298, -8.0026, -24.1006



24.1298, 20.3991, -6.4867



24.1298, 6.2502, 13.1890



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510



24.1298, -16.3925, -9.9201



24.1298, 20.3991, -6.4867



24.1298, 18.7857, 8.8676

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.1298, -17.2839, 7.1512



34.0717, -11.1253, 3.6685



24.2332, -17.8069, 14.6205



16.9378, -5.8336, 1.9037



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.1298, -17.2839, 7.1512



31.4313, -22.6757, 9.6640



22.1765, -9.9283, -6.2860



13.7194, -1.8070, 0.9130



76.3988, -55.9230, 25.2297

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2329, 23.3312, 3.3535



17.2080, 30.2618, 4.9760



13.6472, 19.6025, 8.7522



13.0831, 0.4168, 0.5670



41.6946, 72.9478, 14.9690

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 24.1293,



-17.2837, 7.1510.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510

### Protanopia

24.3091, -2.5566, 8.6302

### Deuteranopia

24.2053, 1.1432, 6.6850



## Tritanopia

24.2345, -9.4116, -4.2766

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510

## Protanomaly

23.6107, -10.5647, 7.6106

## Deuteranomaly

23.3628, -8.5028, 6.0024

## Tritanomaly

23.9576, -12.5748, 0.2027

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510

## Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

## Achromatomaly

20.0190, -8.7529, 2.9065

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 79, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 79, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 79, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 79, 50) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 79, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 79, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 79, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 79, 50); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 79, 50); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 79, 50) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 24.1293, -17.2837, 7.1510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 79, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 79,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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