

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.2467, -1.0440,
-0.5536)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.2467, -1.0440,
-0.5536) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.1876, -1.0125,
-0.5445)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37393D
RGB	55, 57, 61
RGB Percent	22%, 22%, 24%
CMY	0.7843, 0.7765, 0.7608
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	220°, 5%, 23%
HSV	220°, 10%, 24%
XYZ	3.8810, 4.0754, 4.9970
YIQ	56.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

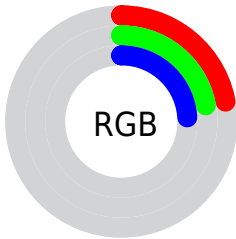
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 57, 61
Decimal	3619133
CIE Lab	23.92, 0.11, -2.78
CIE LCh	24, 2.781, 272.254
Yxy	4.0756, 0.2996, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281809213 (0xFF37393D)
YUV	56.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295
Hunter-Lab	20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445

Details

The HunterLab color **20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.9662, -1.1204, 2.6783**, and the grayscale version is **20.1732, -1.0764, 1.0960**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.1593, -1.9253, 0.2268**, and **6.5745, -0.3033, -1.5102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7824, -0.8010, -2.3770**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.6261, -1.1545, 1.2017**.

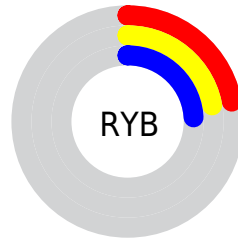
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (22%)

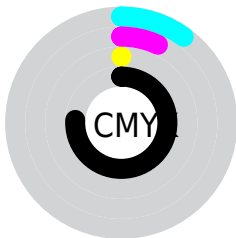
Blue (24%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (24%)

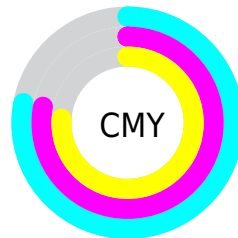


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.1876, -1.0125,
-0.5445

■ 20.1876, -1.0125,
-0.5445

■ 118.5292, -6.2129,
3.5688

■ 13.0993, -0.6431,
-0.7284

■ 37.1251, -1.9028,
0.0345

■ 6.5874, -0.2795,
-1.3899

■ 46.7964, -2.4130,
0.4097

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.1865, -2.9620,
0.8341

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.2488, -3.5472,
1.3032

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.9447, -4.1666,
1.8138

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.2415, -4.8183,

105.1112, -5.5009,
2.9487

■ 20.1876, -1.0125,
-0.5445

■ 20.1876, -1.0125,
-0.5445

■ 18.7824, -0.8010,
-2.3770

■ 21.6261, -1.1545,
1.2017

■ 17.4126, -0.5066,
-4.3122

■ 23.0937, -1.2355,
2.8738

■ 16.0829, -0.1152,
-6.3676

■ 24.5884, -1.2644,
4.4834

■ 14.7984, 0.3905,
-8.5630

■ 26.1081, -1.2479,
6.0398

■ 13.5653, 1.0310,
-10.9195

■ 27.6510, -1.1917,
7.5510

■ 12.3913, 1.8294,
-13.4571

■ 29.2157, -1.1005,
9.0237

■ 11.2858, 2.8100,
-16.1905

■ 30.8008, -0.9784,
10.4636

■ 10.2469, 3.9552,
-19.1621

■ 32.4051, -0.8287,
11.8756

■ 9.2329, 5.1283,
-22.5718

■ 34.0276, -0.6543,
13.2636

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.1880, -1.8456, -0.3497



20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445



20.1880, -0.1844, -0.2832

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.1880, -1.0129, -0.5442



20.1880, 0.3454, 1.9239



20.1880, -2.5270, 1.8206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445



20.9662, -1.1204, 2.6783

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1880, -1.9569, 2.3897



20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445



20.1880, -0.2993, 2.4475

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.1880, -1.0129, -0.5442



20.1880, 0.6080, 1.1609



20.1880, -1.1435, 2.6145



20.1880, -2.7109, 1.0367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445



20.1880, 0.2517, 0.1077



20.1880, -1.1435, 2.6145



20.1880, -2.3746, 2.0422

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.1880, -1.0129, -0.5442



27.3923, -1.4441, 0.8221



21.1294, -2.9212, 1.3961



14.4623, -0.7604, 0.3728



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.1880, -1.0129, -0.5442



25.6526, -1.2475, -1.3337



19.7667, 0.0292, -1.0619



10.9298, -0.5558, -0.1578



13.4866, 9.9943, -38.4318



31.8771, 31.6394, -108.1440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0498, 0.7846, 0.9211



25.4319, 1.7139, 1.1161



21.3943, -2.1651, 3.1283



10.8653, 0.2712, 0.5113



15.8102, 27.7168, 5.2447



40.0002, 69.7370, 16.2698

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

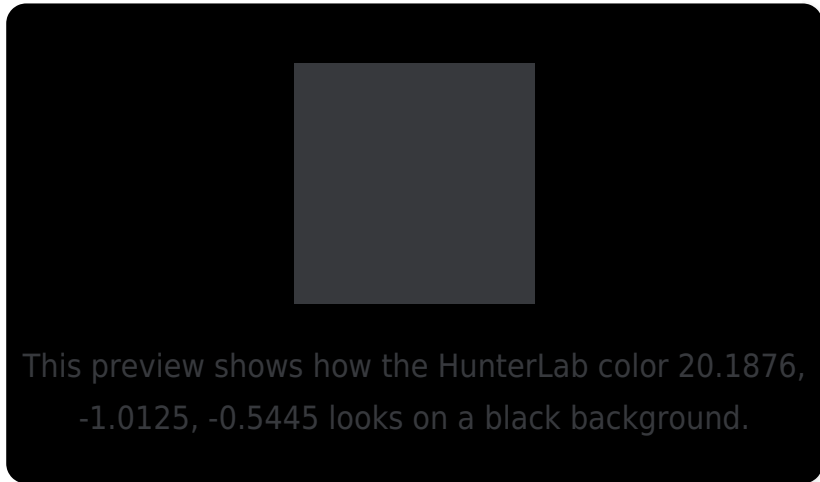
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

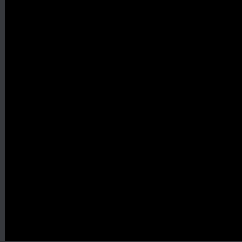
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

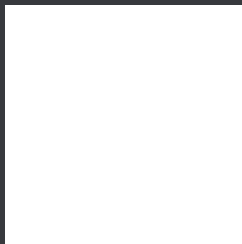
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445.



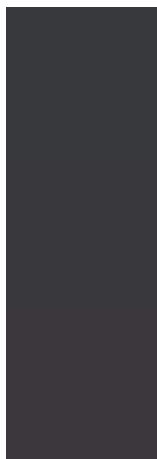
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445.

-0.5445.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445

Protanopia

20.0876, -0.1083, -0.6548

Deuteranopia

20.0748, 1.0762, -0.6504



Tritanopia

20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445

Protanomaly

20.0150, -0.3577, -0.7511

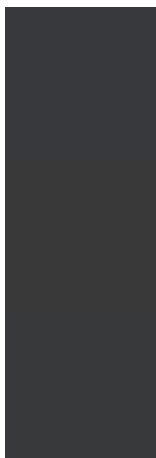
Deuteranomaly

20.1614, 0.1443, -0.5573

Tritanomaly

20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445

Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

Achromatomaly

20.1804, -1.1933, 0.6534

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 57, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 57, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 57, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 57, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 57, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 57, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 57, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 57, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 57, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 57, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.1876, -1.0125, -0.5445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 57, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 57,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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