

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.3007, 16.5275,  
-8.9333)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.3007, 16.5275,  
-8.9333) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.2614, 16.4800,  
-8.8723)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	542A4F
RGB	84, 42, 79
RGB Percent	33%, 16%, 31%
CMY	0.6706, 0.8353, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.06, 0.67
HSL	307°, 33%, 25%
HSV	307°, 50%, 33%
XYZ	5.8954, 4.1052, 7.8788
YIQ	58.7760, 13.1550, 20.4110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

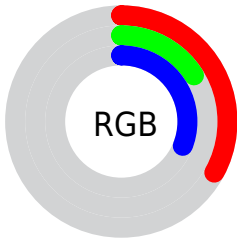
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	84, 42, 79
Decimal	5515855
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	24.02, 25.44, -14.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 29.204, 330.575
Yxy	4.1054, 0.3297, 0.2296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283705935 (0xFF542A4F)
YUV	58.7760, 9.9704, 22.1214
Hunter-Lab	20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723

# Details

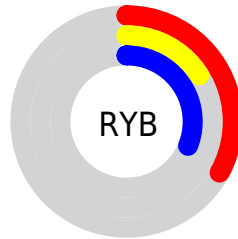
The HunterLab color **20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **26.5297, -15.2182, 10.0702**, and the grayscale version is **20.8000, -1.1098, 1.1301**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.2212, 18.5967, -9.2694**, and **7.3035, 14.1690, -8.1600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8582, 19.9289, -10.6917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.8627, 12.8673, -6.8851**.

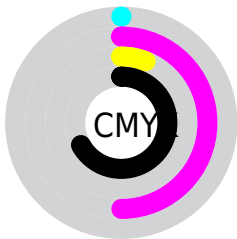
# Distribution



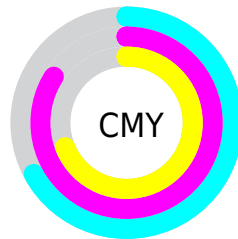
- Red (33%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.2614, 16.4800,  
-8.8723

■ 20.2614, 16.4800,  
-8.8723

■ 118.6624, 22.3385,  
-9.2111

■ 13.1633, 15.2280,  
-8.4911

■ 37.2155, 18.5287,  
-9.4172

■ 6.6686, 16.7083,  
-9.4462

■ 46.8941, 19.3555,  
-9.5749

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.2910, 20.0707,  
-9.6620

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.3596, 20.6868,  
-9.6840

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.0615, 21.2139,  
-9.6458

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.3640, 21.6604,

-9.5518

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.2391, 22.0333,  
-9.4058

20.2614, 16.4800,  
-8.8723

20.2614, 16.4800,  
-8.8723

18.8582, 19.9289,  
-10.6917

21.8627, 12.8673,  
-6.8851

17.6765, 23.0681,  
-12.2541

23.6359, 9.2000,  
-4.8022

16.7374, 25.7189,  
-13.4569

25.5586, 5.5456,  
-2.6718

16.0475, 27.7263,  
-14.2199

27.6109, 1.9428,  
-0.5255

15.4249, 29.6201,  
-14.8786

29.7757, -1.5896,  
1.6182

■ 15.4248, 29.6206,  
-14.8787

■ 32.0389, -5.0456,  
3.7493

■ 34.3886, -8.4267,  
5.8630

■ 36.8151, -11.7381,  
7.9580

■ 39.3101, -14.9868,  
10.0350

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2619, 8.5865, -19.0422



20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723



20.2619, 19.5005, 1.2690

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.2619, 16.4792, -8.8717



20.2619, -1.2572, 11.6862



20.2619, -14.0304, -9.2958

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723



26.5297, -15.2182, 10.0702

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2619, -15.7529, 0.9354



20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723



20.2619, -9.2210, 10.8250

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.2619, 16.4792, -8.8717



20.2619, 8.2292, 10.8919



20.2619, -14.1580, 7.6838



20.2619, -8.9666, -19.3536



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723



20.2619, 17.9928, 6.1150



20.2619, -14.1580, 7.6838



20.2619, -14.9749, -5.6459

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.2619, 16.4792, -8.8717



34.9758, 5.1867, -2.2618



17.0241, 7.9131, -18.5829



17.5289, 2.9358, -1.3294



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.2619, 16.4792, -8.8717



24.5748, 27.2442, -14.5932



19.6149, 13.4550, 0.1814



13.8868, 0.7343, -0.1213



19.3664, 37.1646, -18.4860



46.4156, 88.9242, -43.1540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.2619, 16.4792, -8.8717



24.5748, 27.2442, -14.5932



26.9242, -12.8706, 4.3571



13.8868, 0.7343, -0.1213



19.3664, 37.1646, -18.4860

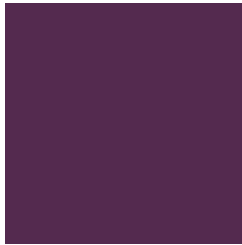


46.4156, 88.9242, -43.1540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

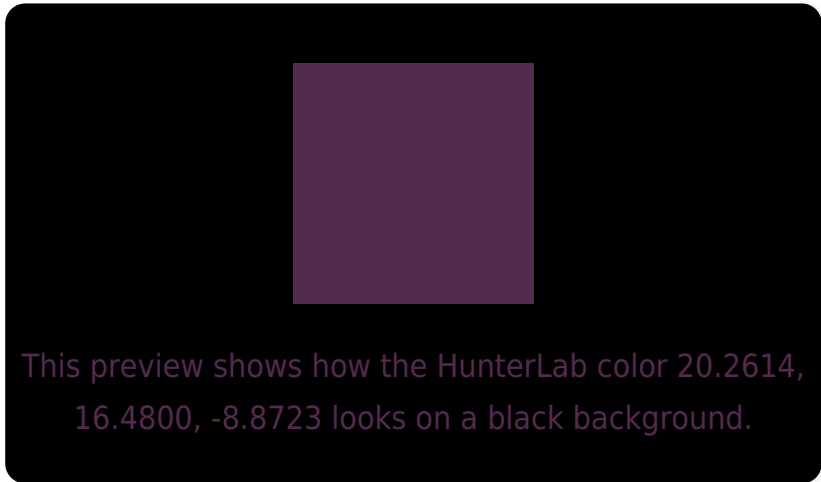
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723.

-8.8723.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723

### Protanopia

20.5900, 2.4039, -15.7709

### Deuteranopia

20.5060, 0.9866, -7.1166



## Tritanopia

20.2760, 9.1518, 3.1542

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723

## Protanomaly

20.1839, 6.7026, -13.9322

## Deuteranomaly

20.2034, 6.0091, -8.0502

## Tritanomaly

20.2377, 11.5619, -0.6791

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723

## Achromatopsia

20.9129, -1.1159, 1.1362

## Achromatomaly

20.4169, 4.8400, -2.3023

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 42, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 42, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 42, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 42, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 42, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 42, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 42, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 42, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 42, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 42, 79)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.2614, 16.4800, -8.8723 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 42, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 42,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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