

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.3804, -1.6518,
0.3565)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.3804, -1.6518, 0.3565)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.3816, -1.7045,
0.4928)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	373A3B
RGB	55, 58, 59
RGB Percent	22%, 23%, 23%
CMY	0.7843, 0.7725, 0.7686
CMYK	0.07, 0.02, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	195°, 4%, 22%
HSV	195°, 7%, 23%
XYZ	3.8780, 4.1541, 4.7351
YIQ	57.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 57, 59
Decimal	3619387
CIE Lab	24.18, -1.03, -1.07
CIE LCh	24, 1.485, 225.821
Yxy	4.1543, 0.3037, 0.3254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281809467 (0xFF373A3B)
YUV	57.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443
Hunter-Lab	20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928

Details

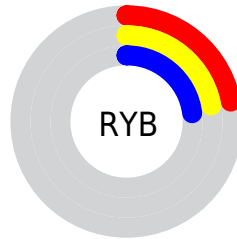
The HunterLab color **20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.0847, -0.4217, 1.6987**, and the grayscale version is **20.2997, -1.0831, 1.1029**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3745, -2.6844, 1.3517**, and **6.7325, -0.9112, -0.5376** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6241, -2.4989, -0.4527**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.1700, -0.8225, 1.4421**.

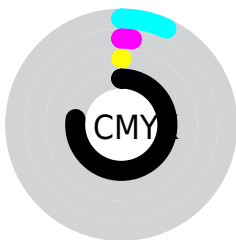
Distribution



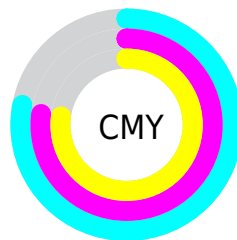
- Red (22%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.3816, -1.7045,
0.4928

■ 20.3816, -1.7045,
0.4928

■ 118.8788, -7.4634,
5.3732

■ 13.2674, -1.2417,
0.1853

■ 37.3626, -2.7514,
1.2833

■ 6.7985, -1.0265,
-0.2793

■ 47.0530, -3.3298,
1.7520

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.4608, -3.9423,
2.2637

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.5398, -4.5872,
2.8153

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.2513, -5.2630,
3.4040

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.5631, -5.9684,

4.0277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.4470, -6.7022,
4.6846

■ 20.3816, -1.7045,
0.4928

■ 20.3816, -1.7045,
0.4928

■ 19.6241, -2.4989,
-0.4527

■ 21.1700, -0.8225,
1.4421

■ 18.8978, -3.1959,
-1.3929

■ 21.9864, 0.1404,
2.3923

■ 18.2049, -3.7871,
-2.3243

■ 22.8295, 1.1762,
3.3421

■ 17.5469, -4.2637,
-3.2434

■ 23.6980, 2.2780,
4.2903

■ 16.9254, -4.6174,
-4.1460

■ 24.5903, 3.4395,
5.2362

■ 16.3415, -4.8409,
-5.0276

■ 25.5052, 4.6552,
6.1790

■ 15.7962, -4.9284,
-5.8834

■ 26.4413, 5.9200,
7.1185

■ 15.2868, -4.8878,
-6.7141

■ 27.3975, 7.2294,
8.0545

■ 14.7820, -4.8362,
-7.5723

■ 28.3728, 8.5793,
8.9869

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.3820, -1.9375, 0.8774



20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928



20.3820, -1.3061, 0.2718

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.3820, -1.7049, 0.4931



20.3820, -0.2189, 0.9011



20.3820, -1.3306, 1.9070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928



20.0847, -0.4217, 1.6987

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3820, -0.8702, 1.9130



20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928



20.3820, -0.2256, 1.3388

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.3820, -1.7049, 0.4931



20.3820, -0.4467, 0.5108



20.3820, -0.4649, 1.7071



20.3820, -1.7227, 1.6905

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928



20.3820, -0.9983, 0.2494



20.3820, -0.4649, 1.7071



20.3820, -1.1788, 1.9336

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.3820, -1.7049, 0.4931



26.8488, -1.6846, 1.2134



20.5550, -2.5225, 1.8543



13.9065, -0.8551, 0.6457



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.3820, -1.7049, 0.4931



26.2171, -2.3774, 0.4434



19.9070, -0.9212, -0.0731



11.2140, -1.0228, 0.1835



23.0087, -7.0930, -13.4471



57.1849, -16.1616, -36.5878

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9192, 0.3913, 0.3654



25.4807, 0.9670, 0.2409



20.5550, -1.2095, 2.2189



10.8945, 0.4286, 0.0956



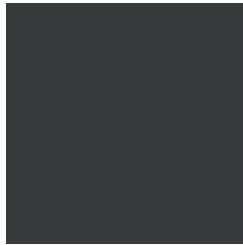
16.8833, 31.5915, -9.8529



42.7499, 79.6889, -22.5958

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

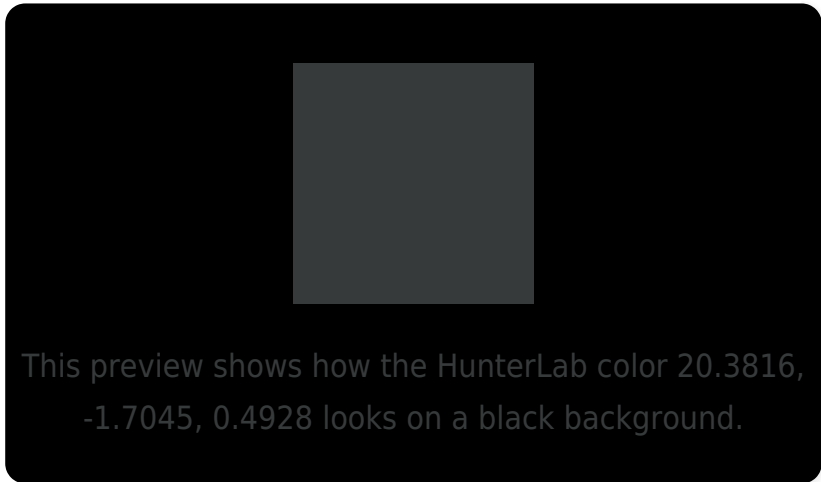
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

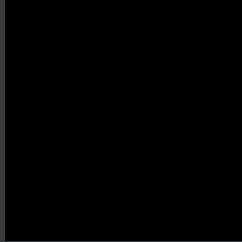
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

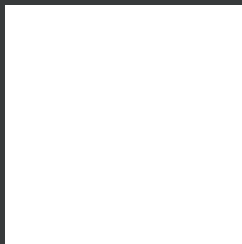
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928.



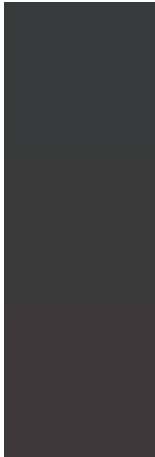
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.3816, -1.7045,

0.4928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928

Protanopia

20.3256, -0.6895, 0.8357

Deuteranopia

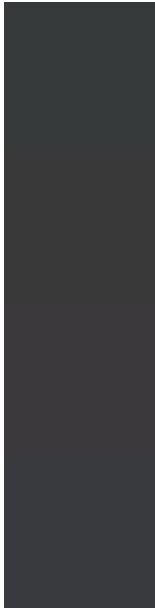
20.4163, 0.9065, 0.5803



Tritanopia

20.5297, -1.0310, -0.5297

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928

Protanomaly

20.2524, -0.9429, 0.7440

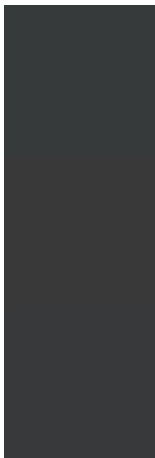
Deuteranomaly

20.4251, -0.2958, 0.5698

Tritanomaly

20.5031, -1.1763, -0.1534

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928

Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

Achromatomaly

20.1804, -1.1933, 0.6534

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 58, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 58, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 58, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 58, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 58, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 58, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 58, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 58, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 58, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 58, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.3816, -1.7045, 0.4928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 58, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 58,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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