

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.4098, 0.9406,
-44.9486)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.4098, 0.9406,
-44.9486) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(22.0087, 5.5619,
-39.5155)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	003D7E
RGB	0, 61, 126
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 49%
CMY	0.9999, 0.7608, 0.5059
CMYK	1.00, 0.52, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	211°, 100%, 25%
HSV	211°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	5.4346, 4.8438, 20.3871
YIQ	50.1710, -57.2210, 7.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

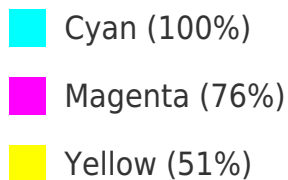
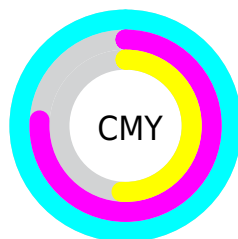
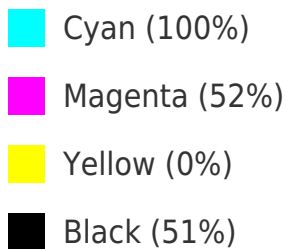
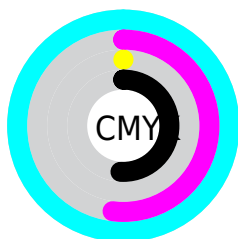
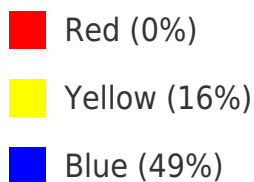
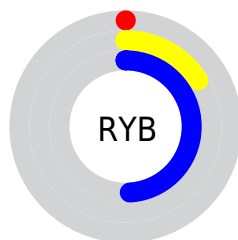
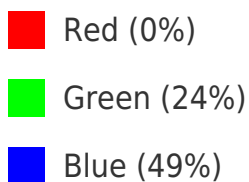
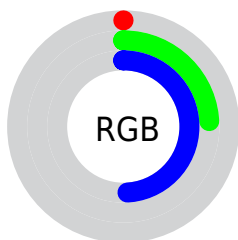
Format	Color
RYB	0, 41, 126
Decimal	15742
CIELab	26.29, 10.36, -41.51
CIELCh	26, 42.786, 284.017
Yxy	4.8440, 0.1772, 0.1580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205822 (0xFF003D7E)
YUV	50.1710, 37.3837, -44.0000
Hunter-Lab	22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155

Details

The HunterLab color **22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **28.6673, 15.1839, 17.9295**, and the grayscale version is **17.8109, -0.9503, 0.9677**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3907, 5.7445, -39.8195**, and **10.1100, 9.7564, -33.6979** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.0068, 5.5659, -39.5216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.7974, 3.0845, -34.4602**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22.0087, 5.5619,
-39.5155

■ 22.0087, 5.5619,
-39.5155

■ 121.7815, 4.9669,
-44.5862

■ 14.6833, 5.2058,
-40.1552

■ 39.3453, 5.9308,
-40.1683

■ 8.3417, 5.0128,
-43.5713

■ 49.1915, 5.9802,
-40.7984

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 59.7445, 5.9560,
-41.4775

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.9599, 5.8665,
-42.1605

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 82.8007, 5.7181,
-42.8232

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.2354, 5.5161,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-43.4527

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.2369, 5.2645,
-44.0416

22.0087, 5.5619,
-39.5155

22.0087, 5.5619,
-39.5155

22.0068, 5.5659,
-39.5216

23.7974, 3.0845,
-34.4602

25.7169, 0.9520,
-29.6442

27.7959, -0.7101,
-24.9883

30.0201, -1.9322,
-20.5199

32.3746, -2.7571,
-16.2481

■ 34.8461, -3.2311,
-12.1697

■ 37.4223, -3.3984,
-8.2731

■ 40.0927, -3.2990,
-4.5429

■ 42.8480, -2.9683,
-0.9622

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.0090, -7.9585, -38.9695



22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155



22.0090, 20.2399, -25.4518

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.0090, 5.5627, -39.5149



22.0090, 21.1075, 12.4554



22.0090, -21.1797, 7.0330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155



28.6673, 15.1839, 17.9295

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.0090, -16.6297, 12.6632



22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155



22.0090, 6.5436, 14.6176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.0090, 5.5627, -39.5149



22.0090, 30.5903, 6.4364



22.0090, -7.1895, 14.6892



22.0090, -21.3194, -5.7629

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155



22.0090, 27.8023, -12.8207



22.0090, -7.1895, 14.6892



22.0090, -20.1768, 9.5811

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.0090, 5.5627, -39.5149



49.4011, -4.5052, -11.3375



39.0907, -30.2413, 16.4237



22.9949, -2.1283, -6.2452



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.0090, 5.5627, -39.5149



28.7112, 8.3497, -53.9110



12.2752, 33.2857, -87.1924



21.2802, -1.4465, -0.3231



22.2711, 5.6746, -40.0867

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.8470, 38.9517, 2.1625



28.9347, 51.5024, 3.5741



43.9971, -11.8170, 26.9033



20.9195, 1.0008, 0.6100



22.1252, 39.4480, 2.2197

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155

Protanopia

22.0246, 6.7298, -38.5408

Deuteranopia

21.9419, -0.1419, -27.1191



Tritanopia

22.0788, -10.9382, -3.9841

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 61, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 61, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 61, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 61, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 61, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 61, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 126)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 22.0087, 5.5619, -39.5155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 61, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 61,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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