

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.4167, 25.7185,  
-81.0379)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.4167, 25.7185,  
-81.0379) contains.

<b>HunterLab(20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(20.4851, 25.4556,  
-80.5558)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	002B9E
RGB	0, 43, 158
RGB Percent	0%, 17%, 62%
CMY	0.9999, 0.8314, 0.3804
CMYK	1.00, 0.73, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	224°, 100%, 31%
HSV	224°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	7.0355, 4.1964, 32.7870
YIQ	43.2530, -62.5430, 26.6490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

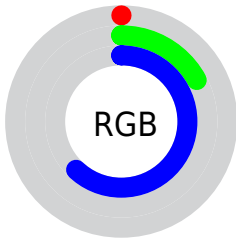
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 34, 158
Decimal	11166
CIELab	24.31, 36.19, -64.55
CIELCh	24, 74.004, 299.274
Yxy	4.1964, 0.1598, 0.0953
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278201246 (0xFF002B9E)
YUV	43.2530, 56.5703, -37.9329
Hunter-Lab	20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558

# Details

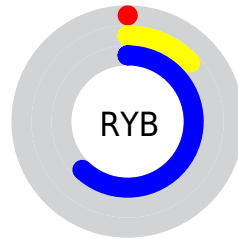
The HunterLab color **20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **44.2010, 4.3640, 27.3118**, and the grayscale version is **15.4633, -0.8251, 0.8402**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5814, 28.4178, -76.7119**, and **10.3118, 26.4677, -70.0251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4813, 25.4668, -80.5755**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9400, 19.9638, -69.1204**.

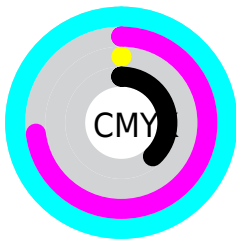
# Distribution



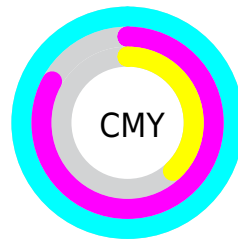
- Red (0%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.4851, 25.4556,  
-80.5558

■ 20.4851, 25.4556,  
-80.5558

■ 119.0645, 35.2530,  
-80.6309

■ 13.3568, 23.8136,  
-86.9467

■ 37.4889, 28.4279,  
-76.8030

■ 6.9080, 25.1302,  
-110.4815

■ 47.1893, 29.7192,  
-76.6121

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 57.6065, 30.8895,  
-76.8920

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 68.6943, 31.9490,  
-77.4417

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 80.4142, 32.9071,  
-78.1470

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.7339, 33.7723,

-78.9396

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.6254, 34.5521,  
-79.7768

20.4851, 25.4556,  
-80.5558

20.4851, 25.4556,  
-80.5558

20.4813, 25.4668,  
-80.5755

22.9400, 19.9638,  
-69.1204

25.8196, 14.9903,  
-58.1088

29.0893, 10.7819,  
-47.8185

32.6785, 7.3171,  
-38.4260

36.5300, 4.5039,  
-29.9139

■ 40.5994, 2.2355,  
-22.1836

■ 44.8527, 0.4137,  
-15.1149

■ 49.2637, -1.0442,  
-8.5937

■ 53.8120, -2.2048,  
-2.5208

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4852, -1.6536, -102.0604



20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558



20.4852, 52.7622, -34.3401

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.4852, 25.4575, -80.5555



20.4852, 26.8907, 14.3397



20.4852, -29.2999, 1.6429

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558



44.2010, 4.3640, 27.3118

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4852, -26.9974, 13.5092



20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558



20.4852, -0.5287, 14.3397

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.4852, 25.4575, -80.5555



20.4852, 53.8161, 13.1807



20.4852, -18.6006, 14.3397



20.4852, -27.2215, -32.1641



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558



20.4852, 63.3438, -8.4077



20.4852, -18.6006, 14.3397



20.4852, -29.0261, 7.5219

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.4852, 25.4575, -80.5555



60.0909, 0.6906, -20.9207



50.6476, -34.9872, 12.2242



27.4402, 0.7663, -11.6935



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.4852, 25.4575, -80.5555



27.0728, 35.9012, -111.3389



16.7739, 43.4336, -103.2425



25.9120, -1.0910, -0.9997



18.4877, 22.3253, -71.3018



3.5454, 0.5195, -5.5529



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.2839, 47.3583, 12.6751



36.7260, 63.6768, 17.6667



53.5930, -25.4877, 32.5767



25.8347, 1.1058, 1.3545



24.4280, 42.4291, 11.1692



3.3648, 6.0333, 0.0731



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

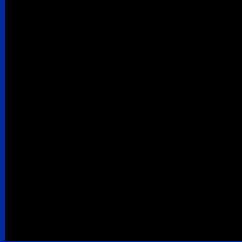
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558

### Protanopia

20.3967, 5.8220, -38.0621

### Deuteranopia

20.4238, -1.0898, -23.1754

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558

## Protanomaly

20.1522, 12.7194, -52.6460

## Deuteranomaly

20.1084, 7.7036, -41.7636

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558

## Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

## Achromatomaly

16.1760, 4.3061, -21.4578

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 43, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 43, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 43, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 43, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 43, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 43, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 43, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 43, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 43, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 43, 158)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.4851, 25.4556, -80.5558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 43, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 43,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor