

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.4781, -1.6856,
-0.4423)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.4781, -1.6856,
-0.4423) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.3916, -1.5124,
-0.7123)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363A3E
RGB	54, 58, 62
RGB Percent	21%, 23%, 24%
CMY	0.7882, 0.7725, 0.7569
CMYK	0.13, 0.06, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	210°, 7%, 23%
HSV	210°, 13%, 24%
XYZ	3.9039, 4.1582, 5.1543
YIQ	57.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

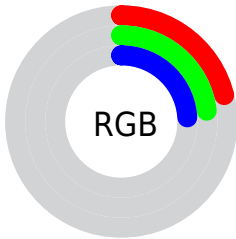
Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 57, 62
Decimal	3553854
CIE Lab	24.19, -0.71, -3.06
CIE LCh	24, 3.141, 256.936
Yxy	4.1583, 0.2954, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281743934 (0xFF363A3E)
YUV	57.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590
Hunter-Lab	20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123

Details

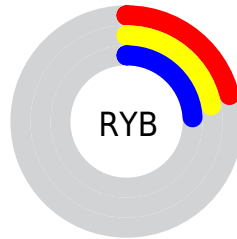
The HunterLab color **20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.7763, -0.5703, 2.8325**, and the grayscale version is **20.3099, -1.0837, 1.1035**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3818, -2.4890, 0.0437**, and **6.7578, -0.6726, -1.6541** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.2209, -1.6847, -2.2439**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.5939, -1.2588, 0.7706**.

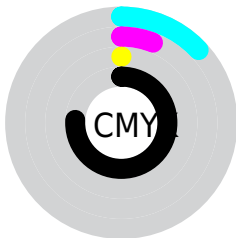
Distribution



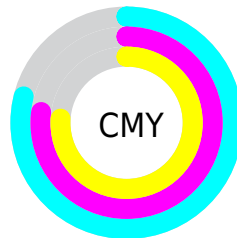
- Red (21%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.3916, -1.5124,
-0.7123

■ 20.3916, -1.5124,
-0.7123

■ 118.8968, -7.1151,
3.2903

■ 13.2760, -1.0758,
-0.8793

■ 37.3749, -2.5154,
-0.1632

■ 6.8092, -0.8180,
-1.4918

■ 47.0662, -3.0747,
0.1986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.4749, -3.6694,
0.6104

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.5547, -4.2977,
1.0676

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.2671, -4.9577,
1.5668

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.5796, -5.6481,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.1051

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.4643, -6.3676,
2.6803

■ 20.3916, -1.5124,
-0.7123

■ 20.3916, -1.5124,
-0.7123

■ 19.2209, -1.6847,
-2.2439

■ 21.5939, -1.2588,
0.7706

■ 18.0834, -1.7636,
-3.8306

■ 22.8241, -0.9322,
2.2088

■ 16.9827, -1.7372,
-5.4769

■ 24.0805, -0.5412,
3.6075

■ 15.9223, -1.5916,
-7.1874

■ 25.3611, -0.0928,
4.9711

■ 14.9063, -1.3116,
-8.9653

■ 26.6643, 0.4070,
6.3037

■ 13.9391, -0.8817,
-10.8114

■ 27.9887, 0.9528,
7.6088

■ 13.0256, -0.2864,
-12.7235

■ 29.3329, 1.5401,
8.8898

■ 12.1469, 0.4068,
-14.7534

■ 30.6957, 2.1650,
10.1495

■ 11.5248, 0.8913,
-16.3292

■ 32.0761, 2.8242,
11.3905

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.3920, -2.3583, -0.2417



20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123



20.3920, -0.5381, -0.6779

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.3920, -1.5128, -0.7120



20.3920, 0.7425, 1.6246



20.3920, -2.4459, 2.2949

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123



20.7763, -0.5703, 2.8325

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3920, -1.6345, 2.7493



20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123



20.3920, 0.2118, 2.3750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.3920, -1.5128, -0.7120



20.3920, 0.7766, 0.7012



20.3920, -0.6620, 2.7779



20.3920, -2.8901, 1.5105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123



20.3920, 0.0540, -0.3734



20.3920, -0.6620, 2.7779



20.3920, -2.2077, 2.4897

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.3920, -1.5128, -0.7120



28.2308, -1.7062, 0.7678



21.2925, -3.6927, 1.9585



14.4505, -0.8824, 0.3565



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.3920, -1.5128, -0.7120



26.4183, -2.0668, -1.4940



19.4497, 0.0692, -1.9070



11.0429, -0.7430, -0.0210



16.9189, 2.6775, -26.9272



40.7734, 11.1435, -75.0187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9199, 1.6072, 0.3875



25.6734, 2.9192, 0.2979



21.7286, -2.1427, 3.8283



10.8768, 0.3335, 0.3469



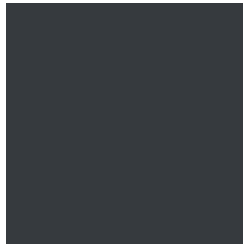
16.1400, 28.9211, 0.4996



40.8076, 72.6941, 4.5872

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

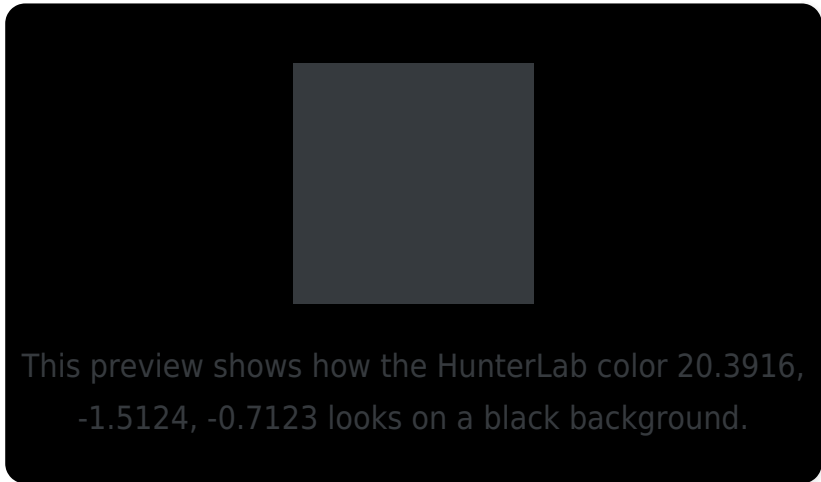
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

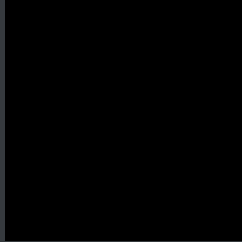
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123.



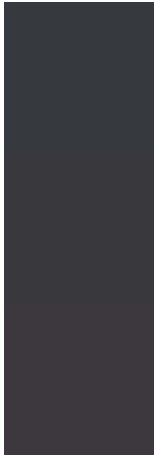
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123.

-0.7123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123

Protanopia

20.3299, -0.5200, -0.3575

Deuteranopia

20.4163, 1.0634, -0.6360



Tritanopia

20.4188, -1.3632, -1.0969

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123

Protanomaly

20.2582, -0.7678, -0.4516

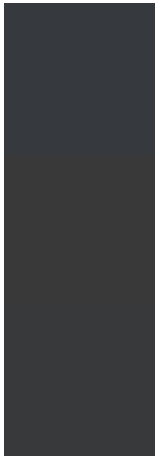
Deuteranomaly

20.4294, -0.1242, -0.6402

Tritanomaly

20.4188, -1.3632, -1.0969

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123

Achromatopsia

20.2275, -1.0793, 1.0990

Achromatomaly

20.2059, -1.0538, 0.2912

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 58, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 58, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 58, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 58, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 58, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 58, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 58, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 58, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 58, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 58, 62)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.3916, -1.5124, -0.7123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 58, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 58,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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