

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.6197, -12.4746,
1.1562)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.6197, -12.4746,
1.1562) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.4986,
-12.2572, 0.8383)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00423A
RGB	0, 66, 58
RGB Percent	0%, 26%, 23%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7412, 0.7725
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.12, 0.74
HSL	173°, 100%, 13%
HSV	173°, 100%, 26%
XYZ	2.7119, 4.2019, 4.6711
YIQ	45.3540, -36.7680, -16.4800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

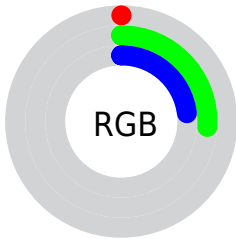
Format	Color
RYB	0, 35, 66
Decimal	16954
CIELab	24.33, -21.04, -0.48
CIELCh	24, 21.047, 181.313
Yxy	4.2021, 0.2341, 0.3627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278207034 (0xFF00423A)
YUV	45.3540, 6.2345, -39.7755
Hunter-Lab	20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383

Details

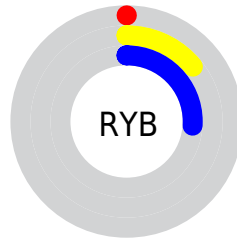
The HunterLab color **20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10.8439, 18.7306, 5.7532**, and the grayscale version is **16.3052, -0.8700, 0.8859**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.3552, -16.0959, 1.5240**, and **8.2931, -5.6266, 1.7806** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4989, -12.2575, 0.8386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.6225, -11.7222, 0.6842**.

Distribution



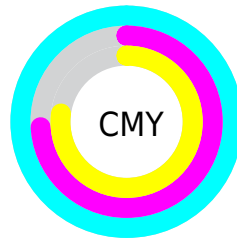
- Red (0%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

20.4986, -12.2572,
0.8383

20.4986, -12.2572,
0.8383

119.0892,
-28.2247, 5.9863

13.3688, -9.9980,
0.4867

37.5057, -16.2339,
1.7032

6.9224, -12.1143,
0.0880

47.2075, -18.0686,
2.2046

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

57.6260, -19.8410,
2.7468

0.0000, NaN, NaN

68.7149, -21.5683,
3.3270

0.0000, NaN, NaN

80.4359, -23.2627,
3.9428

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

92.7567, -24.9328,

4.5924

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.6492,
-26.5852, 5.2740

20.4986, -12.2572,
0.8383

20.4986, -12.2572,
0.8383

20.4989, -12.2575,
0.8386

20.6225, -11.7222,
0.6842

20.7502, -11.1738,
0.5331

20.9135, -10.4891,
0.4254

21.1202, -9.6413,
0.3718

21.3724, -8.6282,
0.3751

■ 21.6713, -7.4515,
0.4370

■ 22.0177, -6.1163,
0.5582

■ 22.4118, -4.6300,
0.7382

■ 22.8534, -3.0025,
0.9756

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4990, -11.0416, 6.0868



20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383



20.4990, -10.8097, -6.1637

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.4990, -12.2573, 0.8385



20.4990, 5.8924, -12.0349



20.4990, 5.3285, 9.1064

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383



10.8439, 18.7306, 5.7532

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4990, 10.8528, 6.4303



20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383



20.4990, 11.2061, -5.5315

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.4990, -12.2573, 0.8385



20.4990, -0.8046, -14.9007



20.4990, 13.1251, 1.3893



20.4990, -1.3835, 9.8610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383



20.4990, -8.4087, -10.6554



20.4990, 13.1251, 1.3893



20.4990, 7.4141, 8.4543

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.4990, -12.2573, 0.8385



28.9538, -8.3037, 0.7102



19.8831, -16.3154, 11.9660



14.6966, -4.3809, 0.3460



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.4990, -12.2573, 0.8385



27.0044, -16.2230, 1.2677



14.2664, -2.3896, -12.6724



12.1573, -1.4591, 0.5385



30.3138, -18.2411, 1.4878



75.8728, -46.0505, 4.5753

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8439, 18.7306, 5.7532



14.2649, 24.5906, 7.9655



13.4905, 10.4982, 8.4962



11.5801, 0.2283, 0.7692



16.0057, 27.5722, 9.0868



39.9892, 68.6829, 24.2879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

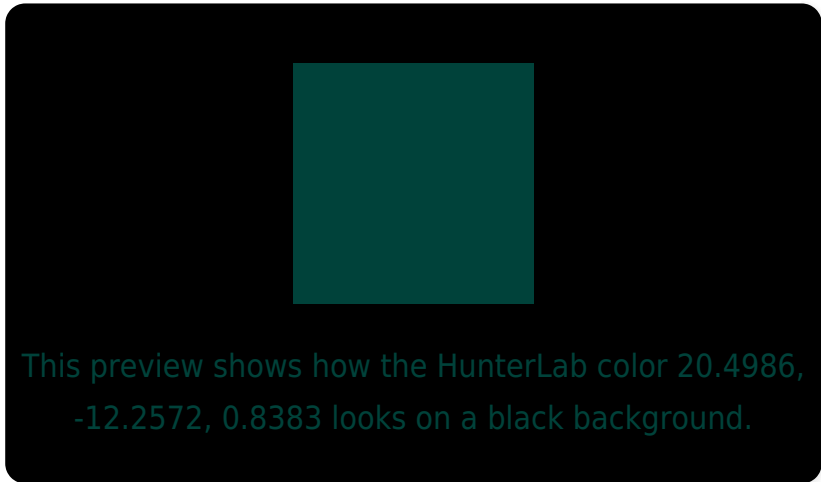
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

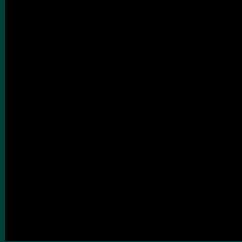
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.4986,

-12.2572, 0.8383.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383

Protanopia

20.6231, -1.1021, 2.6549

Deuteranopia

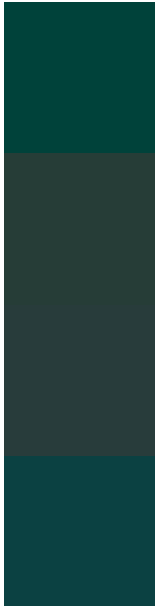
20.5216, 1.3126, 0.3173



Tritanopia

20.5854, -8.3777, -4.1509

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383

Protanomaly

20.0634, -7.0178, 1.5590

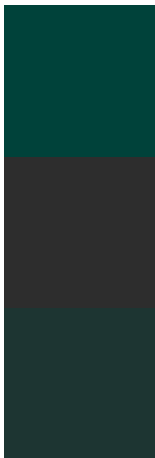
Deuteranomaly

19.9965, -5.7116, -0.0465

Tritanomaly

20.6036, -9.9646, -2.3107

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

17.4290, -6.3766, 0.3627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 66, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 66, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 66, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 66, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 66, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 66, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 66, 58); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 58); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.4986, -12.2572, 0.8383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 66, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 66,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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