

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.6238, 37.5041,  
-3.6129)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.6238, 37.5041,  
-3.6129) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.5836, 37.4601,  
-3.8317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	750047
RGB	117, 0, 71
RGB Percent	46%, 0%, 28%
CMY	0.5412, 1.0000, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.39, 0.54
HSL	324°, 100%, 23%
HSV	324°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	8.4735, 4.2368, 6.3324
YIQ	43.0770, 46.9410, 46.8850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

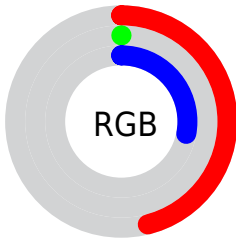
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 0, 71
Decimal	7667783
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	24.44, 49.05, -7.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 49.663, 351.006
Yxy	4.2371, 0.4450, 0.2225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285857863 (0xFF750047)
YUV	43.0770, 13.7660, 64.8305
Hunter-Lab	20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317

# Details

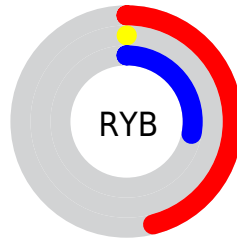
The HunterLab color **20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **35.9444, -28.8618, 17.3781**, and the grayscale version is **15.5155, -0.8279, 0.8430**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5667, 41.2231, -3.6749**, and **10.8343, 19.3280, 1.0024** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.5835, 37.4597, -3.8299**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.3405, 35.8824, -5.0167**.

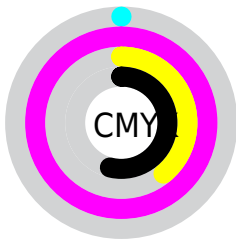
# Distribution



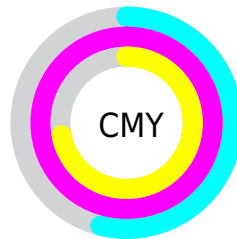
- Red (46%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.5836, 37.4601,  
-3.8317

■ 20.5836, 37.4601,  
-3.8317

■ 119.2423, 51.3350,  
-1.7597

■ 13.4427, 35.6155,  
-3.7171

■ 37.6099, 41.2468,  
-3.7937

■ 7.0112, 37.6799,  
-4.2466

■ 47.3200, 43.0082,  
-3.6650

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 57.7462, 44.6569,  
-3.4740

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.8423, 46.1936,  
-3.2268

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.5702, 47.6236,  
-2.9281

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.8975, 48.9529,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-2.5819

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.7963, 50.1880,  
-2.1915

20.5836, 37.4601,  
-3.8317

20.5836, 37.4601,  
-3.8317

20.5835, 37.4597,  
-3.8299

21.3405, 35.8824,  
-5.0167

22.3458, 33.6358,  
-5.8823

23.7555, 30.3540,  
-6.1775

25.5498, 26.3056,  
-5.9338

27.6912, 21.7742,  
-5.2305

■ 30.1363, 16.9922,  
-4.1611

■ 32.8428, 12.1208,  
-2.8120

■ 35.7727, 7.2588,  
-1.2534

■ 38.8940, 2.4590,  
0.4613

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.5842, 27.6166, -25.9508



20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317



20.5842, 34.8351, 8.9215

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.5842, 37.4581, -3.8310



20.5842, -10.7441, 14.4089



20.5842, -16.7158, -35.4204

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317



35.9444, -28.8618, 17.3781

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5842, -22.2107, -11.8786



20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317



20.5842, -19.5410, 12.2162

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.5842, 37.4581, -3.8310



20.5842, 3.7777, 14.4089



20.5842, -23.0637, 5.0834



20.5842, -5.5609, -51.2834



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317



20.5842, 26.6163, 12.4853



20.5842, -23.0637, 5.0834



20.5842, -19.1290, -27.5747

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.5842, 37.4581, -3.8310



43.6537, 16.7321, -3.9158



13.5619, 32.6906, -64.6469



20.3466, 9.0543, -2.1759



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.5842, 37.4581, -3.8310



27.4951, 49.9502, -4.4348



19.5268, 33.5947, 11.3954



19.3254, 0.9889, 0.3112



21.5984, 39.2941, -3.9200



47.4981, 86.0898, -6.1123



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5842, 37.4581, -3.8310



27.4951, 49.9502, -4.4348



37.0257, -22.2387, 1.7293



19.3254, 0.9889, 0.3112



21.5984, 39.2941, -3.9200

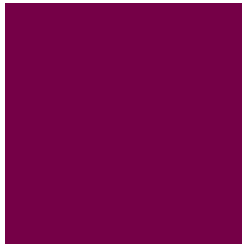


47.4981, 86.0898, -6.1123



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

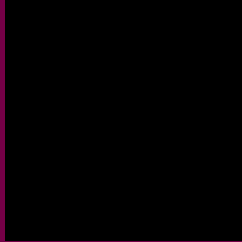
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.5836, 37.4601,

-3.8317.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317

### Protanopia

22.0333, 3.1572, -20.1938

### Deuteranopia

21.8708, 1.2770, -0.4737



## Tritanopia

21.3636, 27.0102, 10.4111

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317

## Protanomaly

18.8307, 16.4554, -19.2717

## Deuteranomaly

19.3258, 16.8210, -4.5750

## Tritanomaly

20.8026, 31.1545, 6.5724

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317

## Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

## Achromatomaly

15.3069, 14.7315, -3.3564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 0, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 0, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 0, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 0, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 0, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 0, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 0, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 0, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 0, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 0, 71)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.5836, 37.4601, -3.8317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 0, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 0,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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