

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.6953, -1.9273,
-2.1811)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.6953, -1.9273,
-2.1811) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.6188, -1.7702,
-2.1470)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	343B42
RGB	52, 59, 66
RGB Percent	20%, 23%, 26%
CMY	0.7961, 0.7686, 0.7412
CMYK	0.21, 0.11, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	210°, 12%, 23%
HSV	210°, 21%, 26%
XYZ	3.9635, 4.2513, 5.7659
YIQ	57.7050, -6.4190, 0.6930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

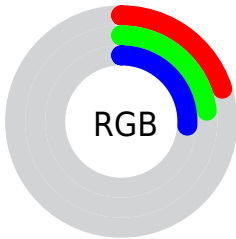
Format	Color
R_{YB}	52, 57, 66
Decimal	3423042
CIE Lab	24.49, -1.12, -5.30
CIE LCh	24, 5.418, 258.071
Yxy	4.2515, 0.2835, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281613122 (0xFF343B42)
YUV	57.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033
Hunter-Lab	20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470

Details

The HunterLab color **20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21.2934, -0.1224, 4.0724**, and the grayscale version is **20.4571, -1.0915, 1.1115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.6505, -2.6587, -1.9158**, and **6.9405, -0.8866, -3.1210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3905, -1.8700, -3.8447**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.8840, -1.5718, -0.5072**.

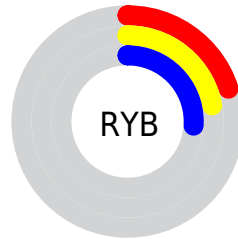
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (23%)

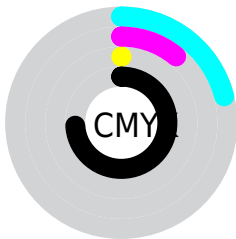
Blue (26%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (26%)

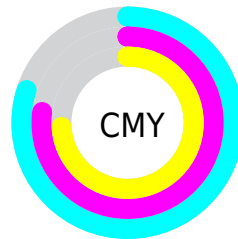


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.6188, -1.7702,
-2.1470

■ 20.6188, -1.7702,
-2.1470

■ 119.3052, -7.5790,
0.9201

■ 13.4731, -1.2991,
-2.1727

■ 37.6527, -2.8308,
-1.8491

■ 7.0473, -1.0689,
-2.7347

■ 47.3662, -3.4153,
-1.6006

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.7956, -4.0336,
-1.2957

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.8947, -4.6838,
-0.9397

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.6254, -5.3647,
-0.5371

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.9554, -6.0749,

-0.0910

0.0000, NaN, NaN

105.8568, -6.8134,
0.3955

■ 20.6188, -1.7702,
-2.1470

■ 20.6188, -1.7702,
-2.1470

■ 19.3905, -1.8700,
-3.8447

■ 21.8840, -1.5718,
-0.5072

■ 18.2013, -1.8567,
-5.6070

■ 23.1818, -1.2856,
1.0793

■ 17.0554, -1.7157,
-7.4386

■ 24.5100, -0.9219,
2.6185

■ 15.9574, -1.4305,
-9.3431

■ 25.8663, -0.4896,
4.1155

■ 14.9120, -0.9838,
-11.3220

■ 27.2486, 0.0038,
5.5753

■ 13.9245, -0.3588,
-13.3731

■ 28.6552, 0.5518,
7.0021

■ 12.9875, 0.4163,
-15.5201

■ 30.0844, 1.1488,
8.3999

■ 12.1709, 1.1013,
-17.5900

■ 31.5348, 1.7899,
9.7721

■ 33.0053, 2.4710,
11.1219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6192, -3.2338, -1.3195



20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470



20.6192, -0.0808, -2.0473

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.6192, -1.7705, -2.1466



20.6192, 2.0889, 2.0609



20.6192, -3.4700, 3.0881

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470



21.2934, -0.1224, 4.0724

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6192, -2.1024, 3.8571



20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470



20.6192, 1.1216, 3.2979

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.6192, -1.7705, -2.1466



20.6192, 2.1847, 0.4713



20.6192, -0.4234, 3.9307



20.6192, -4.1936, 1.7529

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470



20.6192, 0.9468, -1.4701



20.6192, -0.4234, 3.9307



20.6192, -3.0724, 3.4166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.6192, -1.7705, -2.1466



29.6829, -1.8984, 0.3746



22.2259, -5.5834, 2.6443



15.0949, -0.9691, 0.1746



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.6192, -1.7705, -2.1466



26.3781, -2.4148, -3.9112



18.9746, 1.0187, -4.3958



11.7902, -0.7971, -0.0399



17.3569, 2.8298, -27.8034



41.2787, 11.3362, -76.0665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8245, 3.7028, -0.0948



25.1301, 6.4117, -0.4761



22.9684, -2.8813, 5.7159



11.6085, 0.3819, 0.3637



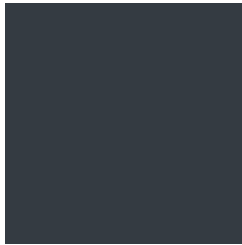
16.5924, 29.7239, 0.5751



41.3351, 73.6293, 4.6817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

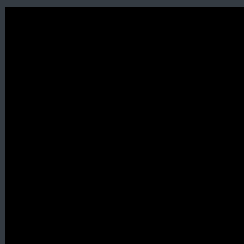
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

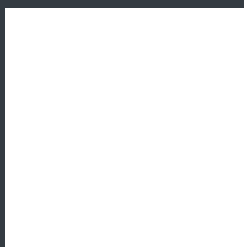
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470.



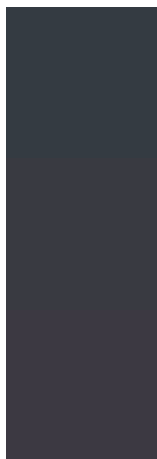
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470.

-2.1470.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470

Protanopia

20.6824, -0.3384, -1.5979

Deuteranopia

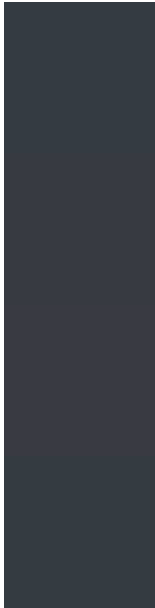
20.6888, 0.9805, -2.0056



Tritanopia

20.5625, -2.0808, -1.3518

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470

Protanomaly

20.5426, -0.8212, -1.7901

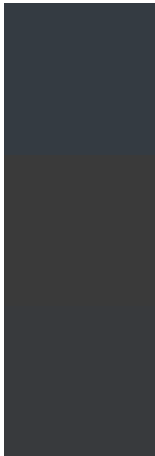
Deuteranomaly

20.7107, -0.1848, -1.9969

Tritanomaly

20.5904, -1.9267, -1.7465

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470

Achromatopsia

20.5697, -1.0975, 1.1176

Achromatomaly

20.5031, -1.1763, -0.1534

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 59, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 59, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 59, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 59, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 59, 66) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 59, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 59, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 59, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 59, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 59, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.6188, -1.7702, -2.1470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 59, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 59,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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