

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.8313, -6.3451,  
-12.3401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.8313, -6.3451,  
-12.3401) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.8295, -6.3457,  
-12.3364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004056
RGB	0, 64, 86
RGB Percent	0%, 25%, 34%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7490, 0.6627
CMYK	1.00, 0.26, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	195°, 100%, 17%
HSV	195°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	3.5131, 4.3387, 9.4564
YIQ	47.3720, -45.2060, -6.7260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

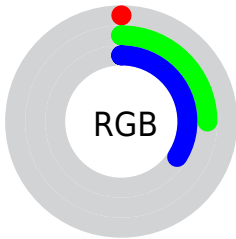
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 37, 86</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16470</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">24.76, -9.14, -18.29</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">25, 20.448, 243.451</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">4.3388, 0.2030, 0.2507</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278206550</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF004056</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">47.3720, 19.0436, -41.5452</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **15.9768, 18.1258, 10.1613**, and the grayscale version is **16.9339, -0.9036, 0.9201**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0209, -8.5445, -13.0438**, and **8.5669, -0.6746, -9.2516** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.8292, -6.3452, -12.3372**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.5578, -6.6970, -11.0474**.

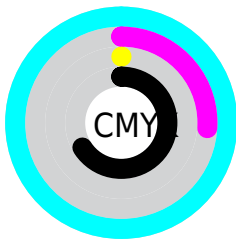
# Distribution



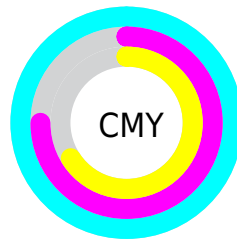
- Red (0%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.8295, -6.3457,  
-12.3364

■ 20.8295, -6.3457,  
-12.3364

■ 119.6829,  
-16.1107, -13.8585

■ 13.6559, -5.1976,  
-11.8856

■ 37.9101, -8.5258,  
-13.1246

■ 7.2603, -5.8730,  
-12.5045

■ 47.6439, -9.5954,  
-13.4188

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 58.0923, -10.6635,  
-13.6440

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.2093, -11.7351,  
-13.8034

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.9569, -12.8136,  
-13.9009

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.3030, -13.9014,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.9403

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.2197,  
-15.0000, -13.9251

20.8295, -6.3457,  
-12.3364

20.8295, -6.3457,  
-12.3364

20.8292, -6.3452,  
-12.3372

21.5578, -6.6970,  
-11.0474

22.3068, -6.9799,  
-9.7778

23.1191, -7.0361,  
-8.4561

23.9958, -6.8632,  
-7.0878

24.9360, -6.4682,  
-5.6814

■ 25.9377, -5.8626,  
-4.2451

■ 26.9985, -5.0603,  
-2.7867

■ 28.1155, -4.0765,  
-1.3129

■ 29.2860, -2.9268,  
0.1704

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8299, -10.4401, -6.4294



20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364



20.8299, -0.3645, -14.3145

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.8299, -6.3455, -12.3360



20.8299, 12.6900, 1.8282



20.8299, -7.4870, 8.7420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364



15.9768, 18.1258, 10.1613

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.8299, -1.8502, 9.7767



20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364



20.8299, 10.2144, 6.6217

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.8299, -6.3455, -12.3360



20.8299, 11.1142, -4.8241



20.8299, 4.6942, 9.1379



20.8299, -11.0410, 5.7273



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364



20.8299, 4.0289, -12.7641



20.8299, 4.6942, 9.1379



20.8299, -5.7991, 9.2833

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.8299, -6.3455, -12.3360



35.5457, -6.8099, -3.8827



25.9070, -21.4425, 13.9079



17.3830, -3.5021, -2.1549



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.8299, -6.3455, -12.3360



27.2708, -8.0119, -16.7908



11.0772, 12.1563, -40.0850



15.1053, -1.4258, 0.1793



25.9946, -7.6827, -15.9062



60.3925, -16.4661, -39.9399



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3258, 28.6583, -8.8199



20.2240, 37.7602, -11.1639



23.8792, 0.8172, 14.7280



14.6360, 0.7214, 0.0657



19.2530, 35.9566, -10.7005



45.4675, 84.6355, -23.1086



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

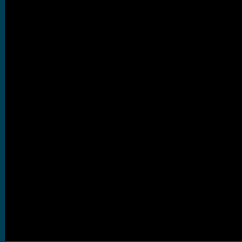
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

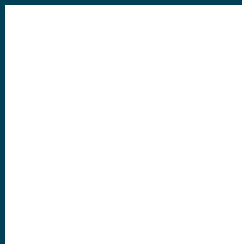
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364.

-12.3364.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364

### Protanopia

20.8935, 1.4732, -9.7523

### Deuteranopia

21.0247, 1.0429, -12.4540



## Tritanopia

20.8599, -10.1016, -4.2666

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364

## Protanomaly

20.4440, -2.5603, -11.1807

## Deuteranomaly

20.7404, -2.5201, -13.0402

## Tritanomaly

20.7422, -8.8056, -6.9173

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364

## Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

## Achromatomaly

17.7740, -4.4828, -3.8533

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 64, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 64, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 64, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 64, 86) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 64, 86) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 64, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 64, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 64, 86); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 64, 86); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 64, 86) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.8295, -6.3457, -12.3364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 64, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 64,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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