

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.9064, 9.0654,  
9.4559)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(20.9064, 9.0654, 9.4559)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(20.9052, 9.2692,  
9.3674)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58311F
RGB	88, 49, 31
RGB Percent	35%, 19%, 12%
CMY	0.6549, 0.8078, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.65, 0.65
HSL	19°, 48%, 23%
HSV	19°, 65%, 35%
XYZ	5.3702, 4.3703, 1.8568
YIQ	58.6090, 29.0220, 2.6700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

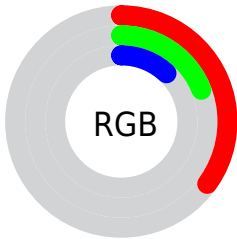
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	88, 57, 31
Decimal	5779743
CIE Lab	24.86, 15.74, 18.97
CIE LCh	25, 24.649, 50.314
Yxy	4.3705, 0.4630, 0.3768
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283969823 (0xFF58311F)
YUV	58.6090, -13.6112, 25.7759
Hunter-Lab	20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674

# Details

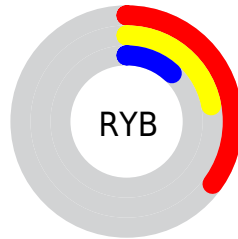
The HunterLab color **20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **23.1861, -5.8044, -9.4233**, and the grayscale version is **20.8173, -1.1108, 1.1310**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.1267, 10.2341, 13.3211**, and **7.4810, 9.0827, 4.7688** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6465, 11.3597, 9.9835**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.2737, 7.2729, 8.5558**.

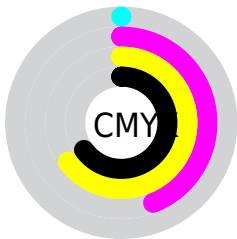
# Distribution



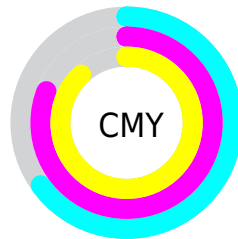
- Red (35%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.9052, 9.2692,  
9.3674

■ 20.9052, 9.2692,  
9.3674

■ 119.8188, 11.0976,  
24.4371

■ 13.7219, 8.5478,  
7.5956

■ 38.0027, 10.2862,  
13.1131

■ 7.3353, 8.9865,  
5.1347

■ 47.7439, 10.6292,  
14.8414

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.1991, 10.8821,  
16.5118

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.3225, 11.0554,  
18.1409

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.0762, 11.1575,  
19.7405

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.4280, 11.1951,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

21.3191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.3503, 11.1736,  
22.8831

20.9052, 9.2692,  
9.3674

20.9052, 9.2692,  
9.3674

19.6465, 11.3597,  
9.9835

22.2737, 7.2729,  
8.5558

18.5082, 13.5189,  
10.3777

23.7388, 5.3897,  
7.5746

17.4976, 15.6745,  
10.6087

25.2906, 3.6230,  
6.4493

17.0160, 16.7444,  
10.7783

26.9198, 1.9713,  
5.2019

28.6182, 0.4288,  
3.8508

■ 30.3787, -1.0124,  
2.4115

■ 32.1953, -2.3607,  
0.8964

■ 34.0627, -3.6251,  
-0.6840

■ 35.9764, -4.8139,  
-2.3217

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.9057, 14.7619, 5.4828



20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674



20.9057, 1.4482, 10.8396

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.9057, 9.2680, 9.3677



20.9057, -13.8639, 3.3837



20.9057, 4.3086, -16.9827

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674



23.1861, -5.8044, -9.4233

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.9057, -3.5635, -18.1958



20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674



20.9057, -13.3292, -4.4016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.9057, 9.2680, 9.3677



20.9057, -11.3866, 8.3134



20.9057, -9.8015, -12.9623



20.9057, 11.6219, -10.0797



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674



20.9057, -3.7167, 10.8280



20.9057, -9.8015, -12.9623



20.9057, 1.6171, -18.1470

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.9057, 9.2680, 9.3677



36.7420, 1.5403, 5.9756



18.7306, 21.0520, -6.9063



18.2807, 0.9704, 3.1769



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.9057, 9.2680, 9.3677



25.0847, 16.6732, 13.5423



27.2499, -2.5035, 13.9268



14.8707, -0.2252, 1.5012



20.6546, 21.2600, 13.0994



47.4387, 54.6391, 30.1880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.1861, -5.8044, -9.4233



28.5912, -7.2472, -15.9878



16.3719, 5.8980, -23.2436



15.0439, -1.3262, 0.1061



24.2175, -5.0869, -19.2886



55.9396, -9.8361, -48.6863



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

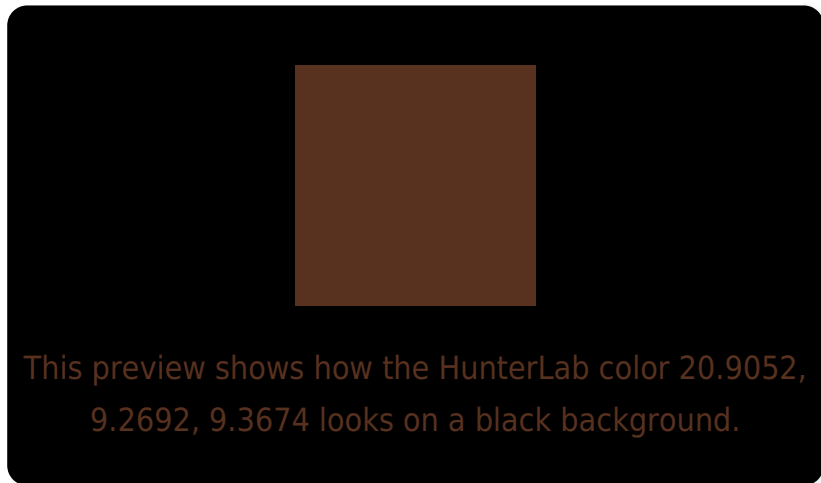
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674.



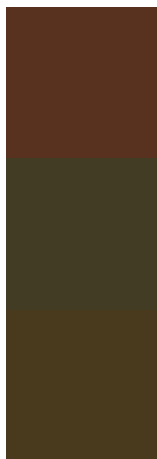
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.9052, 9.2692,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674

### Protanopia

21.1586, -2.4456, 8.5393

### Deuteranopia

21.0510, 0.7463, 9.7107



## Tritanopia

20.9456, 12.0240, 4.5752

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674

## Protanomaly

20.8813, 1.5024, 8.5963

## Deuteranomaly

20.8609, 3.6704, 9.4276

## Tritanomaly

21.0052, 10.9382, 6.6836

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674

## Achromatopsia

20.9129, -1.1159, 1.1362

## Achromatomaly

20.6306, 2.3672, 4.4032

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 49, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 49, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 49, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 49, 31) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 49, 31) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 49, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 49, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 49, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 49, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 49, 31)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.9052, 9.2692, 9.3674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 49, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 49,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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