

Converting Colors

HunterLab(20.9232, -28.0694,
0.1167)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(20.9232, -28.0694,
0.1167) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(23.7360,
-15.4468, 3.6772)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004D3C
RGB	0, 77, 60
RGB Percent	0%, 30%, 24%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6980, 0.7647
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.70
HSL	167°, 100%, 15%
HSV	167°, 100%, 30%
XYZ	3.4695, 5.6340, 5.1796
YIQ	52.0390, -40.4350, -21.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

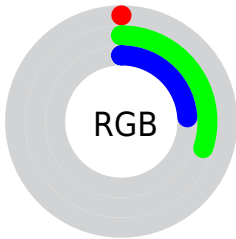
Format	Color
RYB	0, 43, 77
Decimal	19772
CIELab	28.47, -25.82, 4.20
CIELCh	28, 26.158, 170.750
Yxy	5.6342, 0.2429, 0.3945
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278209852 (0xFF004D3C)
YUV	52.0390, 3.9248, -45.6382
Hunter-Lab	23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772

Details

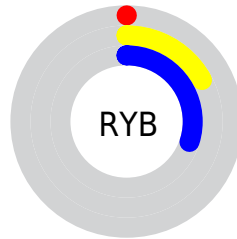
The HunterLab color **23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **12.7215, 22.1029, 5.7537**, and the grayscale version is **18.5417, -0.9893, 1.0074**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.5505, -20.1742, 5.4014**, and **10.6367, -7.6551, 3.2304** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7364, -15.4472, 3.6776**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.8792, -14.7907, 3.2462**.

Distribution



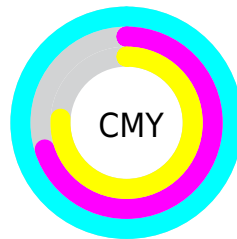
- Red (0%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.7360, -15.4468,
3.6772

■ 23.7360, -15.4468,
3.6772

124.8107,
-33.7211, 11.0988

■ 16.1986, -12.8465,
2.9480

■ 41.4334, -20.0420,
5.1775

■ 9.6888, -12.1469,
2.3332

■ 51.4383, -22.1568,
5.9568

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.1395, -24.1933,
6.7577

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.4945, -26.1709,
7.5811

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.4676, -28.1034,
8.4269

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 98.0283, -30.0011,

■ 111.1504,
-31.8717, 10.1860

■ 23.7360, -15.4468,
3.6772

■ 23.7360, -15.4468,
3.6772

■ 23.7364, -15.4472,
3.6776

■ 23.8792, -14.7907,
3.2462

■ 24.0339, -14.0888,
2.8164

■ 24.2366, -13.1994,
2.4318

■ 24.4930, -12.1060,
2.1017

■ 24.8055, -10.8065,
1.8317

■ 25.1759, -9.3039,
1.6259

■ 25.6049, -7.6055,
1.4870

■ 26.0928, -5.7217,
1.4164

■ 26.6391, -3.6659,
1.4145

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.7365, -12.7334, 9.2273



23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772



23.7365, -14.8015, -4.9630

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.7365, -15.4469, 3.6774



23.7365, 4.8602, -18.5509



23.7365, 10.0903, 10.5111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772



12.7215, 22.1029, 5.7537

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.7365, 16.2010, 6.2039



23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772



23.7365, 12.8962, -10.9273

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.7365, -15.4469, 3.6774



23.7365, -3.8604, -19.9850



23.7365, 17.2949, -1.3699



23.7365, 1.4411, 12.1443

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772



23.7365, -12.5110, -11.3946



23.7365, 17.2949, -1.3699



23.7365, 12.5580, 9.4189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.7365, -15.4469, 3.6774



33.2940, -10.1605, 1.9526



23.3157, -18.5789, 14.0416



16.9996, -5.4774, 1.0194



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.7365, -15.4469, 3.6774



30.9063, -20.2322, 5.0453



18.4657, -5.4746, -11.2618



13.7323, -1.7356, 0.7296



31.7400, -20.7888, 5.2048



77.1774, -51.1565, 13.9673

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7215, 22.1029, 5.7537



16.5403, 28.6751, 7.9809



14.4819, 15.5828, 9.1962



13.0702, 0.3472, 0.7512



16.9845, 29.4395, 8.2386



41.2026, 71.1337, 22.1817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

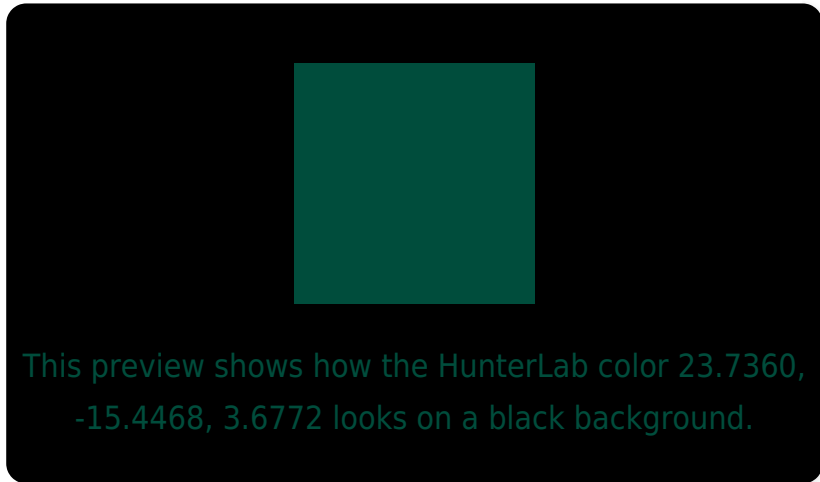
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 23.7360,

-15.4468, 3.6772.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772

Protanopia

23.7271, -1.6857, 5.5591

Deuteranopia

23.8243, 1.5233, 3.0040



Tritanopia

23.8137, -9.6417, -4.3906

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772

Protanomaly

23.1512, -9.1037, 4.1929

Deuteranomaly

22.8745, -7.1267, 2.1577

Tritanomaly

23.6955, -11.9699, -1.3805

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

19.8410, -7.8624, 1.2875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 77, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 77, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 77, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 77, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 77, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 77, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 77, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 77, 60); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 77, 60); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 77, 60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 23.7360, -15.4468, 3.6772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 77, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 77,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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