

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.0027, 19.2153,  
-14.0284)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.0027, 19.2153,  
-14.0284) contains.

<b>HunterLab(21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(21.0246, 19.2744,  
-13.9850)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	572A5A
RGB	87, 42, 90
RGB Percent	34%, 16%, 35%
CMY	0.6588, 0.8353, 0.6471
CMYK	0.03, 0.53, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	296°, 36%, 26%
HSV	296°, 53%, 35%
XYZ	6.6039, 4.4203, 10.1780
YIQ	60.9270, 11.4120, 24.4680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

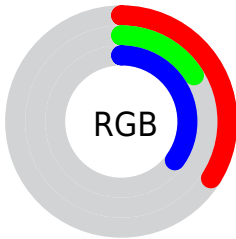
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	87, 42, 90
Decimal	5712474
CIE Lab	25.02, 28.76, -20.05
CIE LCh	25, 35.062, 325.119
Yxy	4.4205, 0.3115, 0.2085
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283902554 (0xFF572A5A)
YUV	60.9270, 14.3330, 22.8660
Hunter-Lab	21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850

# Details

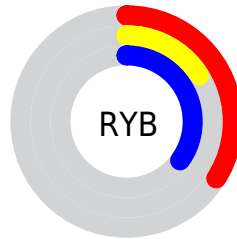
The HunterLab color  $[21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $663366$ . A complement of this color would be  $[28.3504, -17.1476, 12.5878]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[21.5266, -1.1486, 1.1696]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[38.2218, 21.2416, -14.5630]$ , and  $[7.9559, 15.9104, -12.5770]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[19.5584, 22.9742, -16.8687]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[22.7145, 15.3581, -10.9831]$ .

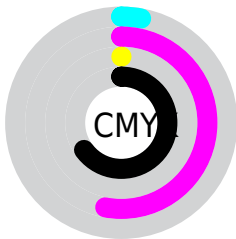
# Distribution



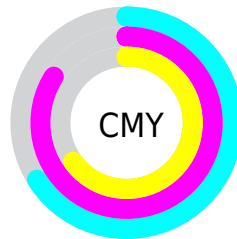
- Red (34%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.0246, 19.2744,  
-13.9850

■ 21.0246, 19.2744,  
-13.9850

■ 120.0322, 26.3177,  
-15.9873

■ 13.8256, 17.8925,  
-13.5226

■ 38.1483, 21.6047,  
-14.8601

■ 7.4516, 17.9240,  
-14.0939

■ 47.9009, 22.5710,  
-15.2086

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 58.3669, 23.4225,  
-15.4903

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.5004, 24.1713,  
-15.7071

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.2636, 24.8274,  
-15.8618

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.6245, 25.3992,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.9580

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.5554, 25.8940,  
-15.9987

21.0246, 19.2744,  
-13.9850

21.0246, 19.2744,  
-13.9850

19.5584, 22.9742,  
-16.8687

22.7145, 15.3581,  
-10.9831

18.3414, 26.2800,  
-19.5064

24.5987, 11.3602,  
-7.9580

17.3951, 28.9847,  
-21.7433

26.6517, 7.3660,  
-4.9670

16.6977, 31.0107,  
-23.5144

28.8505, 3.4251,  
-2.0410

16.2493, 32.3702,  
-24.7148

31.1756, -0.4382,  
0.8066

■ 33.6108, -4.2155,  
3.5739

■ 36.1424, -7.9076,  
6.2644

■ 38.7595, -11.5203,  
8.8852

■ 41.4526, -15.0614,  
11.4440

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.0251, 8.6662, -26.5697



21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850



21.0251, 24.4774, -0.6468

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0251, 19.2737, -13.9843



21.0251, 0.7135, 13.1018



21.0251, -17.0951, -9.3563

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850



28.3504, -17.1476, 12.5878

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0251, -18.3660, 2.7908



21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850



21.0251, -9.3951, 12.4731

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.0251, 19.2737, -13.9843



21.0251, 12.4427, 11.8834



21.0251, -15.8544, 9.7258



21.0251, -11.9355, -23.0674



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850



21.0251, 23.5389, 5.7587



21.0251, -15.8544, 9.7258



21.0251, -17.9393, -4.8318

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0251, 19.2737, -13.9843



37.2134, 6.1814, -3.9223



17.6711, 6.9198, -21.4444



18.1220, 3.3471, -2.1568



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0251, 19.2737, -13.9843



25.3937, 31.6495, -23.3091



20.6444, 16.8310, -3.2483



15.4135, 0.8692, -0.3899



19.9745, 39.8048, -30.4867



46.5886, 92.9271, -71.7758



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0480, 14.0480, 5.2568



23.8316, 23.6381, 8.4293



28.5680, -15.6113, 7.6307



15.3304, 0.3786, 1.1271



18.1868, 31.2281, 11.1119

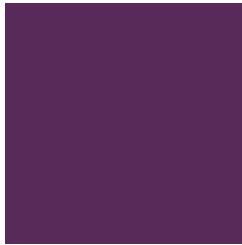


42.5022, 72.8662, 26.8442



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

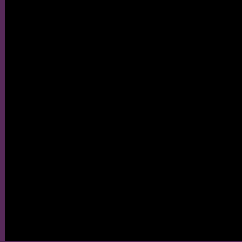
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850.

-13.9850.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850

### Protanopia

21.3990, 3.8460, -23.7758

### Deuteranopia

21.3841, 0.9987, -11.8059



## Tritanopia

21.1719, 8.8196, 3.0785

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850

## Protanomaly

20.7535, 8.4430, -21.5082

## Deuteranomaly

20.7546, 7.4082, -13.4560

## Tritanomaly

21.0145, 12.1212, -2.2685

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850

## Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

## Achromatomaly

20.9960, 5.8898, -4.2722

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 42, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 42, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 42, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 42, 90) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 42, 90) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 42, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 42, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 42, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 42, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 42, 90)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.0246, 19.2744, -13.9850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 42, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 42,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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