

Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.0130, -1.6980,
-0.3049)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(21.0130, -1.6980,
-0.3049) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(21.0508, -1.7003,
-0.3034)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	383C3F
RGB	56, 60, 63
RGB Percent	22%, 24%, 25%
CMY	0.7804, 0.7647, 0.7529
CMYK	0.11, 0.05, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	206°, 6%, 23%
HSV	206°, 11%, 25%
XYZ	4.1440, 4.4314, 5.3396
YIQ	59.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 59, 63
Decimal	3685439
CIE Lab	25.05, -0.96, -2.43
CIE LCh	25, 2.612, 248.512
Yxy	4.4315, 0.2978, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281875519 (0xFF383C3F)
YUV	59.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590
Hunter-Lab	21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034

Details

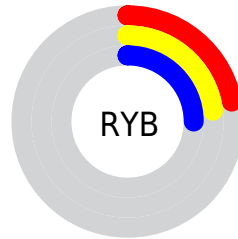
The HunterLab color **21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21.1428, -0.4630, 2.5279**, and the grayscale version is **20.9580, -1.1183, 1.1387**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.1401, -2.5318, 0.0789**, and **7.5652, -1.0253, -0.9166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.9642, -2.0699, -1.7006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.1691, -1.2451, 1.0617**.

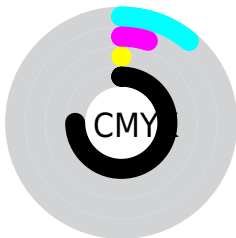
Distribution



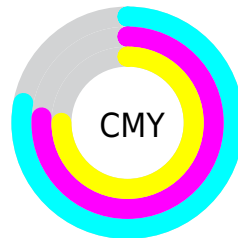
- Red (22%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.0508, -1.7003,
-0.3034

■ 21.0508, -1.7003,
-0.3034

■ 120.0790, -7.4472,
4.0073

■ 13.8484, -1.2400,
-0.5202

■ 38.1802, -2.7434,
0.3308

■ 7.4768, -0.9570,
-0.9407

■ 47.9354, -3.3203,
0.7302

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.4037, -3.9314,
1.1770

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.5394, -4.5751,
1.6673

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.3047, -5.2498,
2.1978

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.6675, -5.9541,

2.7661

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.6003, -6.6869,
3.3698

■ 21.0508, -1.7003,
-0.3034

■ 21.0508, -1.7003,
-0.3034

■ 19.9642, -2.0699,
-1.7006

■ 22.1691, -1.2451,
1.0617

■ 18.9105, -2.3423,
-3.1328

■ 23.3156, -0.7123,
2.3959

■ 17.8929, -2.5065,
-4.6013

■ 24.4886, -0.1104,
3.7020

■ 16.9144, -2.5501,
-6.1064

■ 25.6863, 0.5536,
4.9826

■ 15.9784, -2.4599,
-7.6473

■ 26.9071, 1.2735,
6.2399

■ 15.0881, -2.2228,
-9.2214

■ 28.1495, 2.0437,
7.4763

■ 14.2469, -1.8266,
-10.8239

■ 29.4121, 2.8596,
8.6938

■ 13.4447, -1.3084,
-12.4769

■ 30.6939, 3.7170,
9.8945

■ 12.7329, -0.8562,
-14.0668

■ 31.9937, 4.6123,
11.0802

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.0512, -2.3480, 0.1871



21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034



21.0512, -0.8897, -0.3974

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0512, -1.7007, -0.3031



21.0512, 0.4631, 1.3674



21.0512, -2.1004, 2.2897

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034



21.1428, -0.4630, 2.5279

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0512, -1.3580, 2.5805



21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034



21.0512, 0.1278, 2.0616

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.0512, -1.7007, -0.3031



21.0512, 0.3680, 0.5871



21.0512, -0.5418, 2.4986



21.0512, -2.5762, 1.6897

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034



21.0512, -0.3639, -0.2198



21.0512, -0.5418, 2.4986



21.0512, -1.8742, 2.4258

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0512, -1.7007, -0.3031



28.4434, -1.7418, 1.0224



21.7042, -3.4760, 2.0410



14.5524, -0.9097, 0.4785



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0512, -1.7007, -0.3031



26.9405, -2.3329, -0.8331



20.2112, -0.3008, -1.3466



11.0916, -0.8231, 0.0375



18.5641, -0.2562, -22.6504



45.1608, 2.9019, -62.7114

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5218, 1.3127, 0.3169



26.1113, 2.4261, 0.1661



21.9843, -1.8608, 3.4236



10.8818, 0.3605, 0.2757



16.3215, 29.5788, -2.0715



41.2713, 74.3789, -2.0172

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

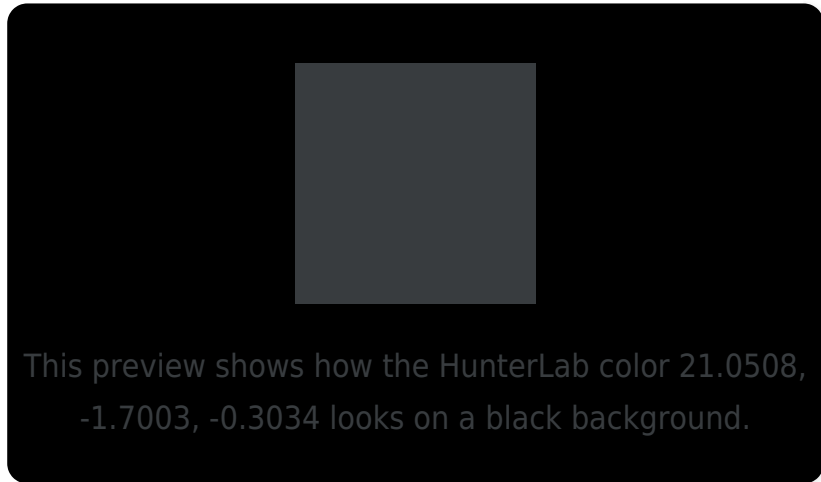
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

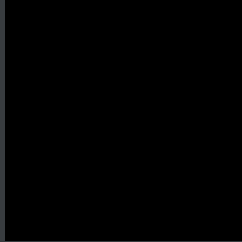
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

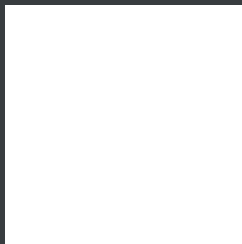
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034.



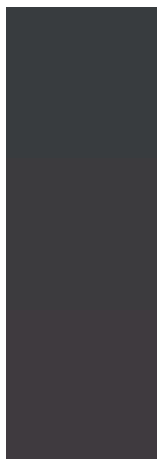
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034.

-0.3034.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034

Protanopia

21.0627, -0.4445, 0.1422

Deuteranopia

21.0755, 0.8935, -0.2273



Tritanopia

21.1048, -1.4032, -1.0693

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034

Protanomaly

20.9894, -0.6978, 0.0477

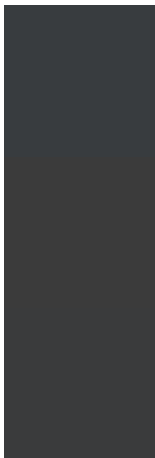
Deuteranomaly

21.0890, -0.3015, -0.2314

Tritanomaly

21.0776, -1.5529, -0.6834

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034

Achromatopsia

20.9129, -1.1159, 1.1362

Achromatomaly

20.8656, -1.2306, 0.6883

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 60, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 60, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 60, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 60, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 60, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 60, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 60, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 60, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 60, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 60, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.0508, -1.7003, -0.3034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 60, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 60,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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