

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(21.1230, 33.7495,  
7.7365)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(21.1230, 33.7495,  
7.7365) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(21.1849, 33.8455,  
7.7754)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	790C29
RGB	121, 12, 41
RGB Percent	47%, 5%, 16%
CMY	0.5255, 0.9529, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.66, 0.53
HSL	344°, 82%, 26%
HSV	344°, 90%, 47%
XYZ	8.4169, 4.4880, 2.5205
YIQ	47.8970, 55.6550, 32.1270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

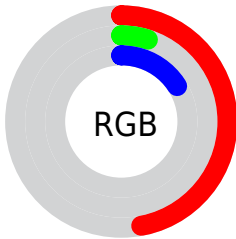
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 12, 41
Decimal	7932969
CIELab	25.22, 45.18, 14.08
CIELCh	25, 47.318, 17.306
Yxy	4.4883, 0.5456, 0.2910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286123049 (0xFF790C29)
YUV	47.8970, -3.4002, 64.1113
Hunter-Lab	21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754

# Details

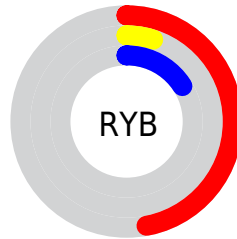
The HunterLab color **21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **38.1128, -24.9142, 7.2933**, and the grayscale version is **17.1579, -0.9155, 0.9322**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4214, 37.4025, 10.7439**, and **10.7622, 18.4306, 6.9543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4211, 35.4873, 9.1993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.2533, 31.5416, 6.2603**.

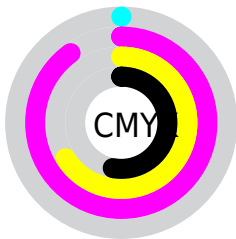
# Distribution



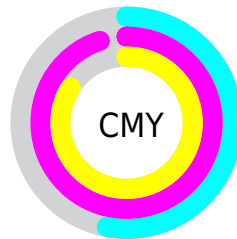
- Red (47%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



21.1849, 33.8455,  
7.7754

21.1849, 33.8455,  
7.7754

120.3188, 46.4953,  
20.1635

13.9652, 32.0172,  
6.1626

38.3439, 37.4064,  
10.7279

7.6049, 32.2412,  
5.3234

48.1120, 39.0270,  
12.1220

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

58.5923, 40.5302,  
13.4871

0.0000, NaN, NaN

69.7393, 41.9207,  
14.8342

0.0000, NaN, NaN

81.5152, 43.2054,  
16.1706

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


93.8883, 44.3917,


17.5019


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 106.8308, 45.4862,  
18.8318


 21.1849, 33.8455,  
7.7754


 21.1849, 33.8455,  
7.7754


 20.4211, 35.4873,  
9.1993

 22.2533, 31.5416,  
6.2603

 23.7758, 28.2564,  
4.9071

 25.7245, 24.2843,  
3.8023

 28.0521, 19.9211,  
2.9789

 30.7060, 15.3935,  
2.4308

■ 33.6369, 10.8471,  
2.1303

■ 36.8021, 6.3621,  
2.0427

■ 40.1662, 1.9753,  
2.1339

■ 43.7004, -2.3026,  
2.3735

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.1855, 34.7882, -5.7698



21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754



21.1855, 22.0663, 13.1253

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.1855, 33.8431, 7.7759



21.1855, -18.3750, 12.5984



21.1855, -7.0792, -46.5474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754



38.1128, -24.9142, 7.2933

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.1855, -17.2979, -30.3488



21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754



21.1855, -22.4969, 6.3201

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.1855, 33.8431, 7.7759



21.1855, -9.0147, 14.8299



21.1855, -22.1667, -8.6880



21.1855, 8.1049, -45.0122



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754



21.1855, 11.1236, 14.8299



21.1855, -22.1667, -8.6880



21.1855, -11.1105, -42.6938

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.1855, 33.8431, 7.7759



46.0015, 13.0662, 2.7985



19.7883, 37.4451, -41.3499



21.4739, 7.0150, 1.3663



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.1855, 33.8431, 7.7759



27.2888, 47.3468, 12.8746



23.3289, 25.1835, 13.9310



20.0772, 0.7658, 1.0663



21.1361, 36.7219, 9.5824



46.0289, 79.7100, 22.8887



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.1855, 33.8431, 7.7759



27.2888, 47.3468, 12.8746



31.2187, -10.3396, -15.2986



20.0772, 0.7658, 1.0663



21.1361, 36.7219, 9.5824

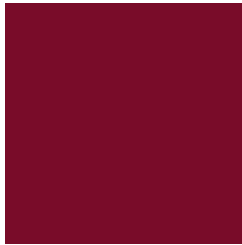


46.0289, 79.7100, 22.8887



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

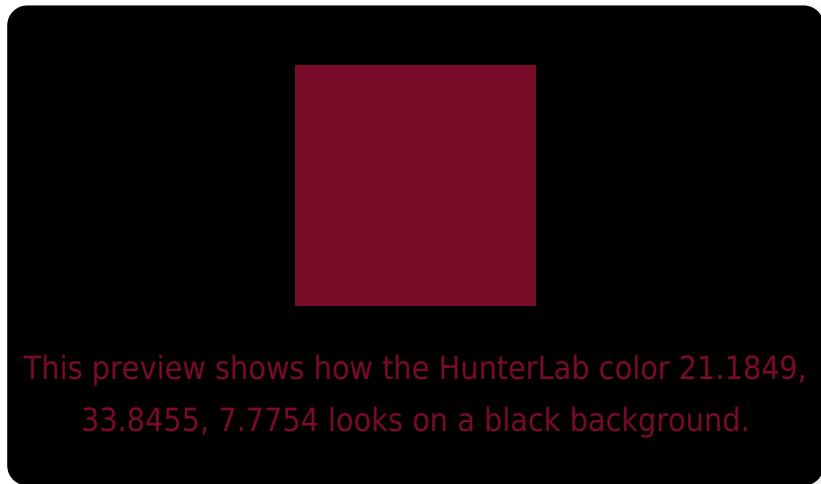
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

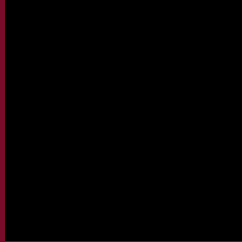
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 21.1849, 33.8455,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754

### Protanopia

22.0250, -1.0495, 2.4150

### Deuteranopia

22.1260, 0.9293, 9.1777



## Tritanopia

21.2191, 30.9031, 12.0171

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754

## Protanomaly

19.9514, 12.2059, 2.8531

## Deuteranomaly

20.3544, 13.7296, 7.4412

## Tritanomaly

21.0671, 31.9113, 10.7897

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754

## Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

## Achromatomaly

16.9923, 12.0339, 2.0188

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 12, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 12, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 12, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 12, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 12, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 12, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 12, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 12, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 12, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 12,  
41) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 21.1849, 33.8455, 7.7754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 12, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 12,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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